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New-York Daily Times.

VOL. VI.....NO. 1693. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1857. PRICE TWO CENTS.

is to be hoped, of "Passion-Flowers." Rumor, (whom the Hermit, be it said once for all, utterly despises and detests, and never admits her within the doors even of his ante-room,) Rumor avers that the night which witnesses the production of the "World's Own," will be a night of sorrow in the world of ghosts, where the shades of SHAKESPEARE and OTWAY, EURIPIDES and RACINE, will wail loudly enough to wake the dead over the annihilation of their earthly fame! And if they wake the dead, what wretchedness will ensue! for most of the dead, you may be sure, are only too happy to be asleep and at rest!

And how much happiness that is! At least the Hermit often esteems it so, and particularly when he longs for it and cannot obtain it. As, for instance, on the nights when all the world is going helter-skelter to somebody's ball and disturbing "nobody's" slumbers with the roar of midnight wheels! How often has the Hermit tossed and tumbled to and fro on his weary couch, counting the carriages with execrations as they rumbled by, too lazy to mount his high observatory and see what was going on; too wakeful and nervously sensitive not to care just a little about it all!

Very amiably disposed, therefore, I was (there is a considerable satisfaction which few writers can enjoy in this alternation of the third and the first person which the Hermit allows himself!)—very amiably disposed, therefore, I was towards the hospitable lady who recently (letters have no dates, where dates are equivalent to names) undertook to revolutionize the manners of the metropolis in respect of merriment and midnight mirth-making. "Come!" she said to her five hundred odd guests—(not that all the guests were odd, you know)—"come, and see my many rooms, and wander up and down my marble halls, and intoxicate yourselves with the fragrance of my flowers, and refresh yourselves with my tea and chocolate, and then go home, like good children. Scamper off like a horde of obedient Cinderellas at midnight, for if you stay till after that fatal hour your welcome will turn into ashes and cinders, and the gas shall be turned off while the band plays

Allez-vous-en! Gens de la noce,
Allez-vous-en chacun chez vous!

And Brown shall drive off with the last sober coachman, and leave you to escape as you may!

The Hermit applauded this lady, and regrets the but partial success of her laudable enterprise!

Somebody else must take up the reforms and lead it on to more prosperous issues. Whoever she may be, if she be but wise and wealthy the Hermit will countenance her.

Could the Opera-Committee have done this good work, and if they had, could anybody have gone to their grand ball, who did not go there? This question the Hermit asks merely for his own satisfaction, not expecting an answer.

As it was, the carriages of the people who crowded to the Academy to testify their sense of the importance of the Opera by catching cold in the lobby, would have disturbed the Hermit's slumbers much more seriously, had there been more of them. And why there were not more, the Hermit does not know.

To be sure it was a rainy night, and a rainy night in New-York. That is to say, it was not merely a wet night, it was a foul night—it was a night of loathsome ingurgitations on the highway—of filthy maelstroms in sudden gaps of the pavement—a night of peril and of unpleasantness for them who trundled upon wheels—a night of ruin and destruction, sure though not speedy, for those who waded on their feet.

And if the Opera Committee were not content with the aspect of their treasury, let them revile first, the dull ears that will not heed Apollo's lute, and, naturally enough, make little of STRAKOSCH's fiddle,—and then the wicked Councilmen that pave our streets with good intentions, and put the rocks into their own pockets, and then mankind in in general, and fate in particular!

And let them not despond. Thanks to Signor ALLEGRI, they certainly contrived to make the Academy look warmer, brighter and lovelier, more agreeable and more sumptuous than it ever looked before. They poured an air of sweet enchantment through the "vasty hall" with music and the fragrance of flowers; and all the beautiful ladies who were present shone out in the full lustre of their beauty, and all the youths ought to be happy, if youths in these days *can* be happy, which the Hermit is sometimes severely inclined to doubt, when he comes from his height to look down upon the dejected little fellows who lounge by beneath him, hating to go out, and going out; hating to dress, and dressing; hating to smoke, and smoking; in fact, hating to do everything they do, and doing it, apparently, only because it amounts to doing nothing at all.

Dejected boys! The Hermit wonders much whether any of them have had the confidence to read the story of that brave little lady who came to us this week almost literally bearing in her arms her poor invalid husband, whom her soft hand and steady will, and true woman's heart had saved from the perils of the raging seas and a mutinous crew! The most unmanly cheek and the palest with dissipation, must blush scarlet, one would think, at the thought of the long days and nights through which that noble little woman stood by her self-imposed duty, now walking the quarter-deck to awe an outrageous first mate, and now bending over her calculations in the cabin, while "the sailors watched her through the window." What a charming picture, worthy of DEFOE or FIELDING, or any other man who had an eye and a heart, that is, by the way.

Those great rough sea dogs confiding in a pretty little soft-eyed lady, just because they could not help themselves, trusting in her love for her husband as the light of their own safety, and sure that she would carry them all through. God bless her sweet soul! The Hermit tried to get a glimse of her face, but couldn't, for a sort of mist which filled his eyes just then, though the day was the clearest of all the Spring days of these past seven. A weak confession! But he makes it, and *Honi soit qui mal y pense* of

THE HERMIT.

Obituary.

WILLIAM H. LEVISON, editor and proprietor of the *Picayune*, a comic illustrated paper published in this City, died yesterday morning, aged [illegible] years. He was the author of the "Julius Cæsar Hannibal" sermons in the *Picayune*.

Burning of the Dutchess Company's Print Works.

About two o'clock on Wednesday morning, 19th inst., part of the print works of the Dutchess Company at Wappinger's Falls, Dutchess County, N. Y., were destroyed by fire. The property destroyed by fire was part of the Bleach House, Color and Engraving Shops, with machinery, &c., and stock of goods contained therein. By water, &c., the damage was very considerable, it being necessary to remove a great quantity of goods printed and in process, in order to prevent total loss. The property of the Company was insured to the amount of $[illegible]. The loss is estimated at $[illegible]. The works will be at once repaired, and in operation again in about two weeks.

No less than ten bridges are already built, projected or in process of construction across the Mississippi River, at various points above St. Louis.

The damage to steamboats by the recent freshet in the Ohio is estimated at $[illegible]. About thirty boats were more or less injured.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

[illegible]

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Report of the Investigating Committee—Decided Adverse Sentiment.

PASSAGE OF MR. CAMPBELL'S TARIFF BILL IN THE HOUSE.

Private Bills in the Senate—The Ocean Telegraph—The Dallas-Clarendon Treaty.

CABINET MATTERS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 20.

A very decided sentiment adverse to the course of the Committee of Investigation is becoming general. It is a striking fact that nowhere in their whole inquiry does there appear one question tending to elicit a favorable explanation. They seem to have been bent on accusing and condemning. Appointed to inquire, they have proceeded to try. Their verdict is rendered, and they ask the House, as its only duty in the premises, to execute.

It is to be feared that partisan feeling is at work, it may be unconsciously to gentlemen themselves. Its expression inadvertently found utterance yesterday in a taunt to the Republicans, while Mr. BENNETT was advocating his resolution, and opposing the reports and recommendations of the Committee. It fell out from the Southern Democratic side—"It is the way you treated BROOKS." The same in substance was reiterated to-day in respect to Mr. KEITT. In the precise proportion as this spirit is developed, will the accused be benefited.

It is significant in this connection to note the summary of the testimony in the reports of the Committee, with the whole testimony as taken from the witnesses. It will be seen that the Committee never understate, but in important instances the reverse. Partial, as well as colored or distorted statements, damaging to the accused, therefore, often appear.

The almost malignity towards Mr. SIMONTON has root in the same cause. The course pursued and proposed in respect to him is but a manifestation of a general governing of party intolerance. Such is the sentiment among intelligent and impartial persons here.

Whatever may be the belief as to the existence of Congressional corruption—and "moral convictions" of the truth of its existence are very general—it is *deemed clear* that the Committee have pursued a harsh and oppressive course, have transcended their duty, and will not be sustained by the House. The moral sentiment of a majority of observers here has been absolutely shocked by the attempt so made to strike down citizens honored as Representatives of the people. Under our institutions, such proceedings for the ascertainment of guilt, or the punishment of the guilty, it is obvious, will not be tolerated.

The resolution moved by Mr. CLINGMAN, permitting the accused members to file, and have printed with the reports of the Committee, explanatory statements of matters affecting them, was adopted by a vote so decided, as to show that another spirit than that actuating the Committee, prevails in the House. The objections of Mr. DAVIS to that course had no influence. The counter statements thus invited will be filed, and trials at the bar of the House demanded.

The Tariff question engaged the House almost the entire day. Mr. CAMPBELL moved a substitute for the original bill, to which Mr. LETCHER offered an amendment. Each was passed, under the operation of the previous question, and LETCHER's amendment was rejected and CAMPBELL's substitute adopted, by a decided vote. That substitute, as the Tariff bill of the House, was at once sent to the Senate, where it was ordered to be printed.

In the Senate many private bills were passed. The Ocean Telegraph bill slept, but only, however, to be speedily awakened, and become a law, as amended by the House. The Dallas Treaty has permission to sleep on until the 4th of March.

Hon. J. GLANCY JONES declines a place in the new Cabinet, preferring to take his chances to be made the leader of his party as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means in the House. His choice, to be alive rather than be buried, is thought well of. This may make a place in the Cabinet for Indiana. To-morrow all will, probably, be disclosed.

The sickness here is mitigating, and the city is rapidly filling up for the events of the 4th of March. The National, as a grand centre, is becoming crowded with notabilities more or less notable, and presents the lively features of some great commercial exchange.

PRO.

[FROM OUR REGULAR TELEGRAPHIC REPORTER.]

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 20.

The Senate, in Executive Session, yesterday, agreed to reconsider the vote by which the consideration of the Dallas-Clarendon Treaty was postponed till the 5th March.

It is stated among the friends of General CASS that he to-day received a letter from Mr. BUCHANAN, formally tendering him the appointment of Secretary of State.

Hon. J. GLANCY JONES has written to Mr. BUCHANAN, requesting him not to place him in the Cabinet. He did so in consequence of opposition in certain quarters in Pennsylvania, and in order to relieve the President elect from any embarrassment upon the subject.

The Senate have called upon the President for all letters, if any, which may be in the possession of Government, from Judge LECOMPTE in vindication of his judicial conduct in Kansas. This is preliminary to the consideration of the nomination of Judge HARRISON in his stead, which is set down for Monday.

United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 19.

Edward Field, plaintiff in error, vs. *C. B. Ward*, defendant in error.—This was an action on ejectment brought by C. B. WARD, the plaintiff below, for the recovery of lot No. 464, in the City of San Francisco. Both parties claimed under the Act of 26th March, 1851, the first section of which declares that all lots situated within certain boundaries, known as "beach and water lots," are relinquished to certain occupants. Section second granted the residue of these lots to San Francisco, to be sold or leased; and section third provides that "deeds properly authenticated may be read in any Court in evidence, and shall be *prima facie* to recover."

Plaintiff exhibited title from San Francisco, and showed that lot sued for was within the first section of the act, and also within what is known as the "Kearney grant."

Defendant set up first, that the Kearney Grant was not within the meaning of the act; secondly, plaintiff's title was not recorded as required by the act, and thirdly prior title, and possession 5 years prior to commencement of suit. Defendant exhibited title from the Alcalde of San Francisco,—confirmed by town council.

Mr. Justice WAYNE delivered the opinion of the Court:

Outside of the act of 26th March, 1851, neither party had title. Plaintiff charged defendant's title to be fraudulent—the Alcalde having no right to make the grant and the town council having acted corruptly in confirming it. The Alcalde it is true had no power to make grants, but the titles were ear marks to designate the lands intended to be granted by the act. After determining fraud on the part of LEAVENworth, the court below left the other title (plaintiff's) to the jury, to determine whether the Kearney grant was within the meaning of the act. If plaintiff, WARD, had no title he could not recover, and yet the fraud in FIELD's title was made the turning point, and jury found for WARD. The Court should have passed upon the legality of both titles, and the finding of the jury is of no weight. Fraud vitiates, but it is only when properly before the Court for consideration.

The question for the Court to determine is, whether a grant of land given by a sovereignty can be questioned by a third party. We hold that a patent cannot be inquired into collaterally. The act makes the prior record of title requisite. The Kearney grant was, therefore, also imperfect, and WARD should not have recovered.

Judgment reversed.

Same vs. Rucker—Involving the same principles, was similarly decided.

Robt. Taylor vs. N. T. Curryl.—The Chief Justice orders a reargument in this case, on the following points:

1. Whether District in Admiralty could make sale on no other process than that in the hands of the Marshal.

2. If sale could not be made, was the sale made absolutely void, or only voidable? Case continued.

In case 51 the Court was divided, and no opinion.

Case No. 169. *The Michigan Central Railroad Co. vs. The Michigan Southern Railroad Co.*—A motion to dismiss the cause was argued by Mr. WALKER in support, and Mr. JOY in opposition.

LEWIS B. REED, Jr., of New-York, was admitted to the bar.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Feb. 19.

Cases Nos. 19 and 20.—*Edward Field*, Plaintiff, vs. *Purdon G. Seaburg et al.* Judge WAYNE delivered an opinion, reversing the decree of the Circuit Court of California, with directions to award a *venire facias de novo*.

No. 51.—*Paul Mayo*, Claimant of brig *Clement*, Appellant, vs. *Matthew Hunt et al.* The decree of the Circuit Court of Massachusetts was affirmed with costs.

No. 22.—*Adolphus Durant*, Appellant, vs. *Samuel Lawrence et al.*; and No. 61.—*Robert Taylor*, Plaintiff, vs. *Nathan Curryl*, who survived WILLIAM J. WARD, continued to the next term for argument.

No. 125.—*John D. Bracies' Administrators*, Appellants vs. *The Branch of the Bank of the State of Alabama*, at Mobile, Appellees. Argued for Appellees.

No. 142.—*McCulloch et al vs. Root et al*, is the first case for argument to-morrow.

XXXIVth Congress....Second Session.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 20.

SENATORIAL ELECTIONS.

Mr. PUGH introduced a bill prescribing the time and manner for electing Senators to Congress and the form of their credentials.

Mr. TRUMBULL presented additional papers relative to the so-called joint convention of the Indiana Legislature in which Messrs. BRIGHT and FITCH were elected Senators.

The Private Calendar was then taken up.

The Senate passed forty five bills, including one for paying the officers and seamen of the expedition under Lieut. DE HAVEN.

Mr. WRIGHT presented the credentials of Mr. THOMPSON, reëlected Senator from New-Jersey.

Mr. GWIN introduced the Pacific Railroad bill.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 20.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

Mr. CLINGMAN suggested that any member named in the resolutions of the Investigating Committee, have leave to file an answer to the statements concerning him, to be printed with the other papers. This, he thought, seemed right and proper.

Mr. DAVIS, of Maryland, thought the proceeding would be irregular. They had nothing to do with the reports, but could reply to the resolutions on which they have the privilege to be heard, in person or by counsel.

Mr. CLINGMAN's motion was agreed to.

The Speaker laid before the House the Agricultural part of the Report of the Commissioner of Patents.

MR. CAMPBELL'S TARIFF BILL PASSED.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff Bill.

During the proceedings Mr. ORR said that Congress should pass even the bill of the majority of the Committee of Ways and Means, rather than none at all; and on his motion the Committee rose, thus relieving itself of the many pending amendments.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Ohio, submitted an original bill, the same, with several slight alterations, as the last one reported from the majority of the Committee of Ways and Means; and expressed his views on the subject.

Mr. LETCHER's substitute, proposing a general reduction of twenty per cent. on the present tariff, was rejected by a vote of 74 against 112.

Mr. CAMPBELL's bill passed by a vote of 110 against 84.

The Post-Office Appropriation bill then came up.

Mr. STANTON said that the Tariff bill was passed by trickery and fraud and outside influence and combination, and by those favoring the protection of hemp, sugar, iron and Massachusetts woolen goods. This was done against his protest. The measure was striking a blow at wool growers.

Mr. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, regretted the remarks of his colleague, and marked his insinuations as basely calumnious both to himself and his colleagues on the Committee of Ways and Means. The bill just passed was predicated on the principle recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. CARLISLE made a speech in favor of equalizing the grants of land among the several States of the Union.

Without taking the question the House adjourned.

The Bill to Prevent Corruption.

The following is the bill, the passage of which is recommended by the Investigating Committee:

A BILL to protect the people against corrupt and secret influence in matters of legislation.

Be it enacted, &c., That no person shall, directly or indirectly, offer or agree to give any money, or other valuable thing, or security for any money, or other valuable thing, to any person for the service of such person or of any other person, in aiding or advocating or procuring the passage or defeat of any measure before either house of Congress, or any Committee of either house, to be paid or delivered on the contingency of the passage or defeat of any measure before either house of Congress or before any Committee of either house; and that no person shall agree to accept or receive, or shall accept or receive, any money or other valuable thing for aiding or advocating, or procuring the passage or defeat of any measure before either house of Congress, or before any Committee of either house; and that every bargain, contract, or security for any such compensation, or any such contingency, and all shifts and contrivances to cover or conceal such bargain, are hereby declared null and void; and the parties to any such bargain, contract, or agreement, or understanding, as well the party to pay as the party to receive the money or other valuable thing or security therefor, on any such contingency as is above indicated, are hereby declared guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof before any Court in the United States having jurisdiction of the said offence, shall suffer imprisonment in the common jail for not less than six months nor more than one year, and be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

SEC. —. *And be it further enacted*, That no person having any interest in the passage or defeat of any measure before either house of Congress, and no agent or person acting for or representing any other person as agent or attorney-in-law, or in fact for procuring, aiding, or advocating the passage or defeat of any measure before either house of Congress, or before any committee of either house, shall approach, converse with, or explain to, or in any manner attempt to influence, any member of either house relative to such measure without first distinctly disclosing to such member whether he is interested personally in his own right, or as agent for any other person, in the passage or defeat of such measure; and any persons who shall violate the provisions of this section are hereby declared guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof before any Court of the United States, be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than one year, and by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

The Southern Mail.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Feb. 20.

New-Orleans papers of Thursday of last week are to hand, but they contain no news of importance.

The Alabama at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Wednesday, Feb. 18.

The steamship *Alabama* has arrived here. She was detained on the passage by fog.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 20.

The Secretary of State sent in a communication in reply to the resolution of the Senate, stating the number of pardons granted by the Governor for ten years past, as follows:

By JOHN YOUNG, 298; HAMILTON FISH, 109; WASHINGTON HUNT, 411; HORATIO SEYMOUR, 465; MYRON H. CLARK, 590. In addition to these there have been 409 restorations to citizenship, making 2,180 cases in which Executive clemency has been exercised.

The pardons were for the following offences:

Against the person 551; against property with violence, 311; and without violence, 594; against the currency, 172; miscellaneous offences, 295.

Mr. PETTY gave notice of a bill to amend the law in relation to the appointment of Commissioners of Records in New-York, which will compel them to report their doings quarterly to the Supervisors.

Mr. BROOKS introduced a bill for the appointment of DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, WM. CURTIS NOYES and ALEX. W. BRADFORD as Commissioners to prepare a Civil Code.

Mr. RICHARDSON introduced a bill to prevent stock gambling. The bill is the same as that of last year. It provides that all stock on bonds sold shall be delivered on the day of sale or the sale shall be void; makes all contracts for future delivery void, and inflicts a fine of $500 or imprisonment for violation of the law.

Adjourned till Tuesday evening.

ASSEMBLY....ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 20.

The Committee on Ways and Means reported the Supply bill of 1856, divided into five separate bills, each containing various items, classified and named in the title of the bills. The bills were accompanied by a written report.

The concurrent resolution to adjourn over from Friday until Tuesday evening was adopted.

BILLS PASSED.

To appropriate the proceeds of the State Tax for the support of schools.

To expedite the canvass of votes in the Fifteenth District, at the special election to be held on the 6th of March.

Abolishing days of grace in sight drafts, and providing for the service of notice through the Post-Office whenever the residence is indicated on the bill, or the known and reputed residence of the drawer or indorser is in the same city or town where the paper is payable, or can be legally presented for payment.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. VAN VALKENBURG, to provide for a further loan of four millions to complete the canals and for refunding any tax levied therefor, accompanied by a joint resolution for an amendment of the Constitution.

By Mr. J. D. DIXON, to authorize the Corporation of New-York to appoint three Commissioners to erect a new City Hall.

By Mr. VARNUM to amend the Charter of the Metropolitan Gas Company.

To regulate the Common Schools of New-York.

To provide for the payment of the traveling Committees mentioned in the bill vetoed by the Governor.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

To repeal the Prohibitory law of 1855.

By Mr. JAMES J. REILLY, to provide for the better navigation of the East River.

By Mr. ROBERTS, to abolish the laws against gambling.

By Mr. MAHER, to regulate the expenditure of the Seamen's Fund.

A resolution to print SCOTT's Tactics in German, for the use of the German military companies who do not understand the English language, was debated and *lost by a vote of 46 to 42*.

Adjourned till Tuesday evening.

Quarantine Removal.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, having under consideration the bill introduced by Mr. WAKEMAN, relative to the removal of the Quarantine, Mr. LEAVENWORTH proposed, as a substitute, a bill nearly similar in structure, but with the following striking additions:

1. No purchase to be made till the site is approved of by the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Comptroller as to its location.

2. No improvements to be made until a plan of the grounds and buildings, their locations, plans and specifications are made, submitted to and approved by the above-named State officers.

3. The erection of the buildings are to be let, after proper advertisement, by contract, to the lowest bidder furnishing adequate security.

4. The present Quarantine to be mapped into docks and blocks, and sold by the Commissioners of the Land Office, after proper advertisement, at the Merchants' Exchange, one-quarter of the purchase money down, and the remainder in three equal payments, with interest at six per cent—payments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

5. The lots containing buildings to be appraised before being put up, and the bids to be started at or from the appraisal, and not to be sold unless the amount of appraisal is bid.

6. The whole expense of the contemplated removal and erection of buildings not to exceed $150,000.

From Albany.

JOHN FARRELL, THE WITNESS IN THE BURDELL MURDER—CONVENTION OF ABOLITIONISTS.

ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 20.

JOHN FARRELL, the witness in the Burdell murder case, is said to be a former Albanian and fugitive from justice. He was while living here noted for his inebriety, and was last arrested for illegal voting. He subsequently got bail and fled to the City of New-York. His portrait in the illustrated papers has occasioned his identity by persons who knew him here.

[We publish this simply because it comes to us by telegraph, and will be published in all the other City journals. We do not attach the slightest credit or importance to it. A fancied resemblance to a picture in a newspaper is a very inadequate basis for so serious an impeachment of character.—ED. TIMES.]

A small number of Abolitionists were in Convention here to-day. WM. H. TOPP, of Albany, was chosen President, and SUSAN B. ANTHONY, Secretary. Speeches were made by PARKER, PILLSBURY, W. LLOYD GARRISON and others, and were of an inflammatory character.

Illinois Legislature.

CHICAGO, Friday, Feb. 20.

The bill providing for the new apportionment of representation in the Legislature was passed on Tuesday. An exciting scene occurred in consequence of an attempt on the part of the Democrats to expunge a protest by the Republican members against the manner of the passage of the act. Gov. BISSELL has vetoed the bill. The Legislature adjourned to-day.

Wisconsin Legislature.

CHICAGO, Friday, Feb. 20.

The Personal-Liberty bill has passed the Wisconsin Legislature.

Sound Navigation.

FALL RIVER, Friday, Feb. 20.

The steamer *Bay State*, the only boat which left New-York for the East yesterday, arrived here at 4½ o'clock this morning, having experienced little or no difficulty from ice or fog.

The Freshets on the Southern Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Feb. 19.

Accounts from Southeastern Missouri state that great destruction of property has occurred in consequence of the recent unprecedented rise in the rivers in that part of the State. The loss to the Iron Mountain Railroad is estimated at $200,000.

The Naval Court of Inquiry.

GENERAL ORDER.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, Feb. 12, 1857.

A Naval Court of Inquiry, to consist of Captain E. A. T. LAVALETTE as President, Captains S. H. STRINGHAM and WM. J. MCCLUNEY members, and J. M. CARLISLE, Esq., Judge Advocate, is hereby ordered to convene in the city of Washington on Friday, the 20th day of February, 1857, for the purpose of making such investigation as may be directed under the first section of the act, approved January 16, 1857, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled an act to promote the efficiency of the navy."

The cases of those who have applied for an investigation under the said law shall be taken up in the following order: First, those of the officers who have been dropped from the rolls of the navy; secondly, those of officers placed on "furlough;" and, lastly, those of officers on "leave of absence pay." Priority of investigation in cases of the class will be regulated by the order in which written requests have been filed.

J. C. DOBBIN, Secretary of the Navy.

[illegible] CITY.

[illegible]

In Friday's TIMES we recorded that several Sing Sing convicts had escaped under the cover of the thick fog upon the ice in the Hudson, but whether they got safely over, or simply under, the ice was not then known. One of our reporters visited Sing Sing yesterday, and learned the details of the affair. Our readers will remember that in January last [illegible] four convicts made their escape, and got as far as Rockland Lake before they were retaken. The fog and the ice were their assistants then,—and they seem to have determined to repeat the experiment with the hope of better luck this time.

It was on Wednesday last, about 12½ o'clock, (noon,) that four convicts named WM. E. ROBERTS, JOSEPH STEVENS, FRANCIS FRIES and FREDERICK SINCLAIR, employed in the saw shop, took to the ice and rapidly made tracks for the opposite shore. Soon after starting they were observed by the guards near by, and fired upon; one shot took effect in the thigh of ROBERTS, who is a mulatto, and eventually led to his capture and that of one of his companions. The dense fog which overhung the river soon lost them to the view, but they were immediately pursued by several of the keepers and guards, who ascertained their course by the tracks left in the soft ice, into which the foot sunk ankle-deep at every step.

After proceeding about a mile and a half one of the guards fell through the ice, and a second one, approaching to lend assistance, also went in; a third now came up and extended his carbine within reach of the other two, who by its aid were rescued. At the distance of two miles from the prison the party overtook ROBERTS and STEVENS. ROBERTS had fallen exhausted with the loss of blood, and STEVENS had stopped with him, generously refusing to leave him alone. FRIES and SINCLAIR were not in sight. Mr. WASHBURN, one of the keepers, placed the two captured convicts in the charge of a son of Mr. BEARDSLEY, the agent, with instructions to take them back to the prison. With the remainder of the party he continued in pursuit. Young BEARDSLEY relates that the fog was so dense that objects could scarcely be distinguished thirty feet off; and to find the prison was such a task as it is for a mariner to find the land, without a compass, from mid-ocean.

After traveling some distance the fog suddenly lifted and he found himself with the convicts within a stone's throw of Rockland Landing. Here he also found the remainder of his party, who had finally lost track of the fugitives, but gained the Western shore. Five in all of the pursuers had crossed the river, and while three of them went on in search of the two remaining convicts, WASHBURN and BEARDSLEY proceeded in a wagon to Haverstraw with ROBERTS and STEVENS, and thence crossed over the Hudson to Cruger's in a boat placed on runners often used when the ice is unsound for the better security of passengers. They reached the prison about 7 o'clock Wednesday evening by the Hudson River Railroad.

On the following day a reward of $50 was offered by the prison officials for the apprehension of each of the two missing convicts. Meantime it appears that FRIES and SINCLAIR reached the Rockland shore and undertook to clamber up the precipitous mountain. Their garments being very wet and heavy from several plunges in the water while crossing, they were obliged to take them off and wring them, before reaching the summit of the hill. SINCLAIR having better wind than the German, soon distanced him in the flight, and disappeared. The latter at length came across a countryman who was chopping wood, and at once confessed himself a convict, but appealed to the Hibernian antipathies of the wood-chopper, by declaring that he was put in prison for killing an Irishman. The German, whose name is WM. [illegible], promised to assist him, but went away and presently returned with another man, by whose aid the fugitive [illegible]

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible], the Princess JOACHIM MURAT, Madame FOULD, the Princess TROUBETZKOY, and Madame HAMELIN.

The two beauties of the Court, the Empress and Countess SERRANO, danced vis-à-vis, and it was thus easy to compare them. The Countess SERRANO has the advantage of the Empress in years, and while she can boast of a face superior in beauty to that of the Empress while at repose, it lacks the beauty of expression and the child-like goodness which characterizes the Empress' face. The Countess SERRANO is about twenty-four years of age is much shorter than the Empress, has dark hair, and a face bearing the most exquisite lines that an artist ever admired. But she seems without vivacity and old at her age. The Empress on the contrary looks young, and there is life, and buoyancy, and gracefulness in all her movements. She wears a constant smile, and it is not difficult to discern that restraint sits heavily on her shoulders, and that she would only be too glad to enjoy a little of the liberty of those who come to pay her court. Her Majesty wore on this occasion a dress of rose satin with three flounces in *point d'Alençon* lace, of a new, heavy pattern, made expressly at a cost of five hundred francs the yard. (Don't be curious, fair readers, at the extent of my knowledge; I happen to know the manufacturer.) At the top of the lace which encircled the body of the dress, were two rows of diamonds. The neck bore no ornament. The head-dress was a crown in pearls and diamonds. The hair was dressed in short curls that were so disposed as to stand straight back from the top of the head—a new and singular coiffure.

It had been reported in certain circles that the Empress did not intend on this occasion to wear any crinoline, and thus to set the fashionable world an example in this much-needed reform. A good deal of anxiety was therefore felt by the fair portion of the guests to satisfy themselves on this point. There was a visible diminution in the dimensions of this last folly of the female world, and the court and all those near enough to her Majesty's person to know the truth beforehand, had followed her example. The entire court and all the ladies of the Ministers were innocent of crinoline evidently, and yet they did not carry the diminution to an extreme. It is said that the Empress intends gradually to abolish this last exaggeration of female caprice.

This fact, however, (let it be said by way of parenthesis,) did not prevent the TIMES, in the person of its correspondent, from defiantly *pirouetting* over the feet of their Majesties a fearful quantity of American crinoline on the person of a young countrywoman who had not certainly heard of the court reform.

The Emperor wore the uniform of a General of Division, and his dress was only remarkable for its startling "realism." The same remark applies to the other prominent members of the Court, and I think that if GUSTAVE COURBET could be permitted to see this Court once, he would forever be disgusted with his hobby—at least so far as regards man-kind.

Some time ago I told you that "The Lancers," an English dance, had only been introduced this Winter at Paris, and was going to be one of the novelties of the fashionable world. During the course of the evening at the Tuileries both the orchestras played this quadrille three times, and it was amusing to watch the progress of the complicated dance. The English danced it with the stiffness and the regularity of clock-work; the French danced it with great vivacity, one would say too much vivacity for the Imperial presence, but they danced it wrong. The Empress was enormously amused with these figures, and repeated frequently to the Emperor and those around her, "*C'est jolie, mais je n'y comprends rien du tout?*" (How could she understand it, when she don't go into society?) A French party led by the young Prince MURAT went through this new dance to perfection, while another French party at their side were at fault at each step, and Her Majesty did not cease for a moment to ridicule playfully their awkwardness.

In some respects this was a remarkable Ball The number of guests was not over two thousand and this number, distributed in seven hundred feet of saloons, is accommodated without the least crowding. But on this occasion the official bodies of State had been invited complete, as was also all the superior officers of the Imperial Guard. The consequence was that never before perhaps were so many decorated breasts seen at the Tuileries under the present reign. The army held the predominance in numbers and decorations. In the diplomatic corps Russia made the greatest display of gold and tinsel. FERUCK-KHAN, the Persian Ambassador, had not yet presented his credentials, and was not present. The Grand Duke CONSTANTINE has not yet arrived in Paris. The United States was represented by its two Secretaries of Legation, Messrs. WISE and WILBUR, and by the charming daughters of the Minister.

The English Army was largely represented at this ball. Towards midnight a tall English officer, in red coat, advanced towards the Emperor, and, after shaking hands, passed a few words with him, when His Majesty presented him to the Empress, with whom he left him talking, and, passing across the space that was left open for dancing, spoke to the Count WALEWSKI, with whom he held a long and close conversation. Had the English officer brought a message, or were they talking of VERGER, or the new Archbishop, or Neufchatel? However that may be, the Foreign Minister seemed to be assuring His Majesty that the affair was all right, and that he might trust the matter to him. Afterwards chance placed me by the side of the English officer, whe e he was severally approached, and warmly greeted, by Marshals CANROBERT and BOSQUET, by Admirals HAMELIN and PINAUD, and a host of Crimean heroes; and here I soon learned that it was Gen. CODRINGTON, the last English Commander-in-Chief in the Crimea. He had been sent over that day, by the Duke of CAMBRIDGE, on business connected with the Army. Lord LUCAN was also present.

In the *Salon Blanc* you see, seated around ten or fifteen tables, a company of elaborately-decorated old men playing *lansquenet* and *écarté*. At one table you see the Marshal VAILLANT, Minister of War, who, they say, always gets up from the table a large winner. At another table you see the round white head of the Marquis D'HAUTPOUL, Grand Referendaire of the Senate, who will remind you at once of the deceased JOHN M. CLAYTON. He, too, always rises from the table with his right vest pocket stuffed with Napoleons. Further down you see Baron ROTHSCHILD in a red coat and rich epaulettes, a uniform which causes people who do not know him to mistake him for an English officer. But it is the uniform of an Austrian Consul-General, an office which he holds for France. He is surrounded by a group of ladies, and never condescends to play cards. His game is with Kings and States. The ex-King JEROME is not present; his son, Prince NAPOLEON, looks tame and quiet—since he has become an antiquary and a man of science—and does not dance. He seems occupied in making love to some ladies of the Ministerial side, in the background. General Count REGNAULT ST. JEAN D'ANGELY, Commander-in-Chief of the Imperial Guard, may be seen standing near the chairs of state occupied by the Court, and on his arm leans an aged, white-haired lady. It is his mother, the Countess, now 72 years of age, a lady who figures as one of the beauties in our friend FRANK GOODRICH's magnificent book, *The Court of Napoleon*. Leaning up against the door leading into the Salle de la Paix you see a tolerably tall, straight man, with long, black hair, no beard, and a lively, animated face, who is always showing his fine large teeth, and whose breast is covered from side to side with foreign decorations. This is PHILIP RICORD, the great doctor, and you would suppose from the manner in which he stands there saluting every one that passes, that the whole assembly are, or have been, his patients.

But enough of the notabilities. It is now 1 o'clock, the Court has retired—we will take one more dance, go to the buffet and cool off with an iced coffee and a glass of champagne, (not a bad mixture,) and go home. Nearly all the old people who have no children with them are gone, and the dancing will go on yet for an hour or more.

MALAKOFF.

BOOKS OF THE WEEK.

Nothing in the shape of a new book has made its appearance the present week; in fact, the season is not favorable to the production of novelties in literature; there are plenty in print and in the stores of binders waiting for the proper time to be brought out; for "the trade," and not authors, determine when a new work shall appear, and the times and seasons of publishers, not the inspirations and caprices of writers, or the influence of the moon, regulate the ebbs and flows of the currents of literature. The great book fairs, or trade sales, take place next month, and until they arrive we must not look for anything new. In the meantime there are waifs from the great ocean of print daily washed upon the barren strand of the season, and left to be examined by chance wanderers. Among these waifs is a book garnished with a collection of most frightful visages, a very nightmare of portraits, entitled *The Natural History of the Human Temperament; their Laws in Relation to Marriage, &c.* By W. BYRD POWELL, M. D. Published by H. W. DERBY & Co., Cincinnati. Such books are of necessity empirical, but the most of them generally contain profitable hints and suggestions, and though they may be productive of some mischief by misleading the minds of ill-informed persons, into whose hands they fall, they are, doubtless, on the whole, beneficial, and serve to awaken a spirit of inquiry into the true causes of health and disease. A little learning in relation to physiology, is certainly very far from being a dangerous thing. But then, this little learning, to be of benefit, must be genuine. Doctor POWELL's book contains some things that are doubtless true, and important for the welfare of Society, to be known; but then it also contains many vulgarisms which are very far from being either true or important, and many of his remarks on the individuals whose temperaments he illustrates, have a suspiciously "puffy" appearance. One of the startling theories of Doctor POWELL is that suicide is a natural death, and that certain people have the same liability to it that others have to consumption or apoplexy, and that patients whose temperaments lead to self-destruction should be treated medically, as in other natural diseases. To prevent ill-assorted, or what he calls illegal marriages, from a union of discordant temperaments, he would have the marriage tie performed by physicians or physiologists instead of clergymen and magistrates; so that when two lymphatic, or nervous, or sanguineous temperaments form an attachment and make application to be united in holy wedlock, the legal operator should be empowered to deny the request of the parties. Hymen, instead of a torch, should be typified by a pestle and mortar. There is certainly some reason in this recommendation and there can be no denying the too apparent fact, that many of the moral and physical diseases which distort society are the offspring of ill-assorted marriages. But, until youth can learn to govern itself by the dictates of age and experience, we fear that the theory of temperaments, as affecting marriage, will have but small effect upon human society. Another of Doctor POWELL's suggestions, that the President of the United States, in forming his cabinet, should call to his assistance a practical phrenologist, is not particularly sensible. If he were under the necessity of employing men to be his confidential advisers in administering the affairs of the nation, it might be necessary to ascertain from a practical manipulation, what the phrenological bumps of the gentlemen were whom he intended to put into the different departments. But Cabinet officers are appointed from men whose political antecedents give a safer indication of character than could be derived from any phrenological examination. It would not require any special examination of the heads of the gentlemen whom Mr. BUCHANAN intends to invite to share with him the responsibility of governing the country during the next four years; they are pretty thoroughly known already, and their appointment will depend more upon political considerations than any special fitness for their stations.

As to the science of "temperaments," Doctor POWELL acknowledges that it is still crude, and but little understood. He says:

> "If authors be consulted on the subject, nothing can be obtained that can enable a student to infer the combinations; indeed, all that we can find amounts to about this: The sanguine man is physical perfection—a toy for the ladies—the creature of folly, extravagance, and dissipation; the bilious man is the only great one; the lymphatic is a disgusting sack of humors; and the melancholic is a poor, gloomy, miserable, liver-diseased wretch, whom it would be a mercy to dispatch. The primitive temperaments are but rarely seen. This being the case, students know neither where nor how to begin the investigation of the subject. Hence, there is not one-fourth of one per cent. of medical gentlemen who know, practically, anything about it; and yet all admit its importance."

This is a rather hopeless view of the subject, but it is one calculated to stimulate the ambition of students, for where so little is known distinction may be gained by adding something to the stock of knowledge. According to the theory of Doctor POWELL, likes do not produce like in matrimonial arrangements. Two healthy persons may produce a diseased progeny, and a virtuous father and mother may be the means of bringing into the world a family of vicious children to harass society and distress themselves, merely by a union of ill-assorted temperaments. In giving the face of a young woman of Cincinnati, as an illustration of his theory, the Doctor says:

> "Fig. 62 represents Miss COCKERELL, whose constitution is that of her father. We must remark here, that a wood engraving cannot so favorably represent this lady as she deserves. We hope that some highly vital gentleman will capture her. Now, Miss COCKERELL, please to allow us to address a word or two to you privately. Do not give yourself to any gentleman who is not essentially vital in his constitution: and if, by the aid of this little book, you cannot make yourself entirely certain as to the fact, send his daguerreotype to us, and you shall most cheerfully have our opinion in the all-important premises; but your father has manifested so much interest in this subject, that we confidently believe that he will, in one year or less, be able to guide safely the balance of his children."

Prolixity, or the power of prolonging discourse, is one of the first essentials of a novelist, and it has been possessed in the largest degree by the most eminent authors. No other writer ever had the faculty so largely as WALTER SCOTT, who could spin out the most trifling incident to any required length, and yet keep the attention of his reader all the while suspended, like a spider's body from its thread. FIELDING, RICHARDSON, BULWER, DICKENS, THACKERAY, and COOPER, are striking examples of the power of prolixity. But these prolix writers can also be marvelously crisp and rapid in dismissing their readers with a lively sense of having been forcibly impressed, when it is necessary. See how THACKERAY, for instance, drags his readers through twenty months of long-drawn narrative about Colonel Newcome, and how like an electrical stroke of his pen he stamps upon our hearts and memories the dying moments of the old man, leaving the impression that the death of his hero was the only incident in the history that had interested us. So, in the *Bride of Lammermoor*, we are enticed through pages and chapters of [illegible], and finally close the volume with the last words of the Master of Ravenswood, which he addressed to Caleb Balderstone, ringing in our memory: "Fool, fool, you have [illegible]." To arrive at this one brief culmination, which seems to contain all the agony and interest of the story, we are lured through a volume of narrative. DANTE, whose words are like the blows of a die-striker, every epithet he uses making a distinct impression, could be as prolix as G. P. R. JAMES, when it was necessary. A great writer must be able to write a great deal, whether he exercise his faculty or not; but a novelist must write a great deal, for those who read for amusement—and novels we take it, are nev r read for any other purpose—must have their time beguiled, and this cannot be done by epigraphs or aphorisms. The whole of BACON's Essays might be read and committed to memory in a very short time, and all the wisdom and wit they contain would make a very poor show indeed, if put into the form of a novel. They are sufficiently instructive and amusing, but there is too little of them to beguile the weary hours of an idler.

Of course no one would know why we have uttered the above nuggets of wisdom, unless we should furnish a key to the mystery, which we propose to do. Some five years ago we read a novel called *I've Been Thinking*, by A. T. ROE, and though it was very crude, rather dull, and greatly lacking in literary finish, yet, such was the power of prolixity manifested in its pages, the author so evidently possessed the rare faculty of taking hold of his reader's attention and dragging him along over arid wastes of dull description, that we had no hesitation in prophesying that he would turn up a popular novel writer. *I've Been Thinking* was an honest, hard, matter-of-fact romance of American rural life, the scene of which might have been located anywhere between Georgia and Maine. It was full of strongly marked characters and striking incidents, and yet most tediously prolix; the author seemed never to know when to be done, which showed he did not lack for materials. He has since learned to condense, and has produced two or three books which have justified the opinion we formed of his talent. The last one that has reached us is called *The Star and the Cloud; or, A Daughter's Love.* It is published by DERBY & JACKSON, and, like his other novels, it is thoroughly American, serious in tone, with strongly individualized characters, striking incidents, and rather long descriptions of rural scenery. The scene of the story is in Monmouth County, New Jersey, and the local coloring is exceedingly fresh and natural.

The Golden Legacy; A Story of Life's Phases—By a Lady—is the title of a very handsomely-printed nove', published by APPLETON & COMPANY. All novels are, or should be, stories of life's phases, which renders the sub-title to the *Golden Legacy* unnecessary.

God Against Slavery; and the Freedom and Duty of the Pulpit to Rebuke it, as a Sin against God, is the title which Rev. Doctor CHEEVER has prefixed to the publication of his sermons on Slavery, delivered in the Church of the Puritans, and his address on Slavery Extension, delivered in the Academy of Music, last Fall. We wish he had let his top title stand alone as indicating the character of his book, for the rest is pleonastic. If God is against Slavery, the freedom and duty of the Pulpit to range itself on God's side follows as a matter of course. Doctor CHEEVER is not one of the soft-spoken preachers described by COWPER; the style in which he delights is that of the sledge-hammer; he strikes ringing blows, and the objects of his indignation are never left in a state of unconsciousness, as to whether they have been hit or not. The subject of his discourses is as much a live one now as when they were delivered, and, we fear, will continue so many years longer; but the special interest which the sermons and address in this volume excited has in a great degree subsided, by the termination of the great political contest which was the moving cause of their delivery.

A Cincinnati house have published *Our Friends in Heaven*, a new edition of a popular English work by Rev. J. M. KILLEN, on the most important subject that can interest the human mind—the recognition of our friends in the next world.

Consumption is the universal disease of this country—all disorders of the body tend towards that fatal malady; there is not a family in the whole breadth of the land that has not been visited by the dark shadow of the destroying angel in the form of this wasting and terrible disease. All books on the subject of consumption are sure to find readers, and all medicines professing to cure it are sure to find purchasers. The last treatise we have seen on consumption is the *Hand-Book* of the disease, by Dr. HALL, published be REDFIELD. The *Hand-Book* is frightfully suggestive of familiarity and universality, in connection with so repulsive a theme.

SAMUEL F. HOLBROOK is the name of a person in real life, who appears to be a kind of exaggerated Robinson Crusoe—a cross between Sinbad and Peter Simple. Having been everywhere and seen everything, he has strung the observations and incidents of his life together in the form of an autobiography, and JAMES FRENCH & Co., of Boston, have published his volume, which is embellished with the very worst cuts we have seen this many a day. The book is full of most curious matter, and the style is that of a log-book.

We had supposed that Fourierism was an exploded idea; but there seems to be one person left who has an abiding faith in its truth. That person is ALBERT BRISBANE, who was the first that uttered a cry for the French philosopher in this wilderness. He is likely to be the last. He has just published, through R. M. DE WITT, of this City, a new translation of the *Social Destiny of Man, or the Theory of the Four Movements*, made from FOURIER by HENRY CLAPP, JR., to which Mr. BRISBANE has himself added *A Treatise on the Human Passions and an Outline of Fourier's Social System.* The volume is a large and handsome one; but, for our own part, we cannot help thinking that human labor and white paper were never more worthlessly employed than in the manufacture of this book.

The *Giant-Killer* is the title of a little story-book by A. L. O. E., who says in the preface that the design of writing it was "to induce the thoughtless child to think." We think that the design was not only a very poor one, but that it has been poorly executed. There is no necessity for stimulating the thoughts of children; they think too much; it is something which comes by nature; all that need be done for children is to prevent them thinking falsely, by giving them truths for their intellectual nourishment.

HIGGINS and PERKINPINE is the name of a firm in Philadelphia who have just published a rather "goodish" little volume by Rev. DAYTON F. REED on "enlarged beneficence," and other subjects, entitled "*Duties, Tests and Comforts.*" It has a preface by Rev. J. M. CLINTOCK, D. D.

Messrs. LITTLE, BROWN & Co. have published seven more volumes of the British Essayists, making thirty in all, and completing the series.

ETON AND TOBACCO-SMOKING.—The following is from the second volume of "Reliquiæ Hearnianæ," page 447: "Jan. 21, 1720. I have been told that in the last great plague at London, none that kept tobacconists' shops had the plague. It is certain that smoking it was looked upon as a most excellent preservative, insomuch that even children were obliged to smoke. And I remember that I heard formerly Tom Rogers, who was yeoman beadle, say that when he was that year, when the plague raged, a school-boy at Eton, all the boys of that school were obliged to smoke in the school every morning, and that he was never whipped so much in his life as he was one morning for not smoking."

It is said that the Delaware is wearing a new channel on the Pennsylvania side, a few miles below Trenton, and immediately through the Penn Manor farms.

There are 4,800 public schools in Massachusetts, being an increase of 85 the past year. The number of scholars of all ages in the public schools in Winter is 209,036.

THE SLAVERY [illegible]

Reply of [illegible] to the [illegible] of the Charleston Courier.

[illegible], Saturday, Feb. 14, 1857.

To the Editor of the Evening Post:

I have determined to say a few words, if you will give them a place in the Evening Post, in reply to a letter addressed to me some time since in the Charleston Courier, upon a subject on which I had some talk with my neighbors last August, under our Old Elm Tree. When I first saw that article I did not suspect that it could claim any paternity so respectable as that of the writer to whom it is ascribed. I said with confidence: "No person who knows me at all could have written this; and those who know me best in Charleston cannot approve of it." I have since learned, with no little surprise and pain, that I was mistaken in both respects.

The letter in reply to my address has been republished in a pamphlet form; and though purged, I think, of some of its personalities, has yet enough of them, and too many for any honorable debate. It sets out with the charge that my address, expressing an unfavorable opinion of the Slave System, was an unfit and ungrateful return for Southern hospitality. I had been kindly received and entertained at the South, and though I expressed a warm esteem for the people I had seen, I had been guilty of the impropriety of saying of one thing at the South that I did not approve of it; and I am compared to a treacherous villain, who, fancying greatly the horse of an honorable Emir, flung himself down by the wayside, and when the Emir alighted to show him kindness, suddenly sprang upon his beast and ran away with it. Really, is this practice of putting forward hospitality as a bar to all criticism upon a people or its customs never to become disgraceful? It reminds me of an incident I heard of in Rome. An English gentleman complained to his banker that his letter account was overcharged—he had that opinion. A member of the house took him aside and said, "You have dined with us two or three times." "Oh! if that is it," replied the gentleman, "I say nothing; only I would rather you had sent in your bill for the dinners." If the generous and beautiful hospitality of the South does not revolt from this forestalling all frank and manly discussion with gentle words and acts of courtesy, I am sure that I have mistaken it entirely.

Then again, this letter is pervaded throughout with the imputation to me of base and unworthy motives. I am not a person of a sturdy nature, it seems; my "virtues are not ascetic; I hankered for vulgar applause at the North; I had got all I could from the South; I turned to reap the Northern field"—that is the key to my address. In some future age, perhaps, men will learn to rest questions upon their merits, and will get beyond and above this practice of charging bad motives upon their opponents; it has not come yet. There is an awful record in the Sermon on the Mount [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] slavery is [illegible], exceptional and temporary; [illegible] It had for a long [illegible] out of its own pale. [illegible] every body in England agreed with Stafford House, or with Lord SHAFTESBURY at Exeter Hall. Not every [illegible] the North agreed with the abolitionists. But if the whole South accepts the doctrines of this letter; if it sanctions the principle that human slavery is [illegible], essentially and forever right, it has passed the Rubicon, and there is an end of all plea, and [illegible] defence from without. It was the [illegible] of passing this Rubicon that moved me to speak as I did. Is it possible that every man at the South has passed it? I cannot believe it. I wait to hear some other word spoken.

One thing, I frankly confess, troubles me in this matter. I fear that I have inflicted a wound on [illegible] of the kindly relations of the North and South. I never meant to do so. I never suspected that what I said would wound my friends at the South, as I am told it has. I say, with the utmost sincerity, that I really believed that the most of them would agree with me in the notion that they did not regard the Slave system as "a good, excellent and [illegible] thing;" that they did not go along with what I thought was a party taking this ground. I confidently expected, for some time after the letter [illegible], that they would write to me, saying that, whatever fault they found with me, they did not sympathize with its personalities—with its attempt to fix upon me the character of a base, time-serving, profit-hunting, reckless declaimer. I now understand this silence. But if they think so, I cannot help it. Yet they will find it hard to think so. They know better. And I know them better than to return scorn for scorn. I honor their virtues. I know in them some of the best people that I know anywhere. God bless them! I have no unkind word to say of them.

And if I had supposed that my address was to lend [illegible] to the angry war of opinion between the North and the South, though I will not say that I should have spoken otherwise than I did—for truth is the highest interest of us all, angry or not angry—yet certainly I should have paused upon it. For I feel the profoundest concern at this state of mutual exasperation. It is bad enough, even if it do not lead to disunion. Neither policy nor feeling with me could incline me to promote it. Is it not possible for candid, conservative men, to discuss this matter in a new and more tolerant spirit and manner? I thought I had myself done so, and I paid that compliment to my Southern friends to believe that they would allow me to speak frankly and sincerely, so long as I spoke kindly and respectfully. But if I had not spoken rightly, I pray that somebody may do so, for it concerns us much. In the last interview which I had with Mr. Calhoun, he discussed the question—he always spoke of subjects, not persons—what is the highest human greatness? what is the greatest thing that a man can do? and his answer was, "It is to speak the true and saving word in great national emergencies. For," said he, "it implies the largest knowledge of the past, the fullest comprehension of the present, and the clearest foresight of the future." Is there no such man to appear? In all the North, or in all the South, is there no man to speak such a word?

Subjects, I say in fine, not persons. Personalities—imputation of bad motives—must be flung out of this debate, before it will come to any good. I have ascribed none such to my assailant. By his friends I know that he is regarded as an amiable and respectable man. My own acquaintance with him does not extend beyond five minutes' conversation. But this I will say—whether he stood near me or on the other side of the globe—that I would cut off my right hand before I would write to him the causeless words of personal disparagement that he has written to me.

ORVILLE DEWEY.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Decisions in Admiralty.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Betts.

COLLISION—DUTY OF STEAM-VESSELS—PLEADINGS.

Carlos Butterfield vs. John J. Boyd et al.—This libel was filed by the owner of the Mexican armed steam-propeller *Iturbide*, to recover damages occasioned to her collision with the ship *Mercury*, owned by the respondents, which occurred on the 4th of November, 1854, for which he claimed to recover about $12,000.

The ship was towed out of this harbor on that day through the Gedney Channel, by a steam-tug, which, after passing the bar, cast her off. The ship had only her maintopmast-staysail, which was not sufficient to give her steerage way, and when she was cast off all hands were immediately employed in hauling in the hawser.

The propeller had gone out of the harbor through the same channel, passing the ship to the left a short distance within the bar. The master of the propeller in passing the brig hailed her to take on board and back to the city some passengers on the propeller. She then kept a short distance ahead of the ship, and when the tug cast off the ship the propeller stopped her engines, bore up and lay to on the wind at about a quarter or half a mile from the ship. The wind was from the north, and the tide about half flood, and the libelant's witnesses all state that the propeller was held steady in her position without moving her wheels, and while so lying the ship was drifted by the tide against her, inflicting very serious injuries.

Held by the Court, That the requisitions of Rule No. 23 of the Supreme Court have not been observed in the pleadings of this case; that in the preparation of pleadings to be used in the Admiralty Courts a particular method is prescribed by the highest tribunals, which cannot be discarded or neglected under cover of any form of custom or usage.

That the Court, however, is not compelled to put this case out of court for defect of pleadings, nor order them reformed or rectified, because on the libelant's testimony he has shown no ground of action against the defendant.

That it is immaterial whether the propeller lay to so as to keep herself unmoved, and the collision was caused by the drifting of the ship on the tide without steerage-way against the propeller, or whether the propeller was driven by the wind against the ship lying unable to take care of herself, because it was the imperative duty of the propeller to have avoided the ship.

That it was her duty in laying to not to select a position which would expose or interfere with the ship. When the rapid approximation of the two vessels was observed from the propeller, it was her duty to employ every extraordinary and ready means to prevent all danger from it. She neglected to do so, and the collision was the consequence. This fault takes from her all right in law to demand from the owners of the ship compensation for the damages she sustained.

That the extraordinary power of steam vessels has imbedded a fixed principle in the law of collision, that a steamer is in fault in case of collision with sailing vessels, unless it be proved that she is thwarted, embarrassed or misled by the want of care, skill or due precaution in the sailing vessel, so as to prevent her adopting proper measures or adopting them in season.

Libel dismissed with costs.

For libelant, Messrs. Beebe, Dean and Donohue. For claimant, Mr. Morton and Mr. Fullerton.

BILL OF LADING—FREIGHT AS PER CHARTER PARTY—DEMURRAGE—PLEADINGS.

John Harriott et al. vs. A quantity of Molasses.—This was a libel for freight and demurrage. The libelants, owners of the brig *[illegible]*, chartered her to J. J. De Cartagena for a voyage to Mayaguez, Porto Rico, there to load a full cargo of molasses, which the affreighter agreed to furnish and pay freight and demurrage at rates therein specified.

The affreighter procured to be shipped on board [illegible] of molasses, for which the master signed bills of lading, admitting the shipment thereof "by Ball, Boothby & Co., for account and risk of Messrs. Culbert & Finlay by order of Capt. Marthon, to be delivered at the port of New-Haven unto Culbert & Finlay, or their assignees, they paying freight therefor as per charter party." The charterer afterwards indorsed on the charter party an agreement, as he had not furnished a full cargo, to let the brig go with what she had and pay her full freight and demurrage.

The libelants claimed that Culbert & Finlay were the actual charterers of the vessel, and that accordingly the cargo on board was bound for the fulfillment of the charter party, or if they were only freighters for the voyage, the bill of lading accepted by them was an implied engagement on their part to the ship that the cargo should be bound for the performance of the charter.

Held by the Court, That it is doubtful whether the allegations in the libel would authorize any decree upon the case the libelants claim to have established by their testimony; but it is unnecessary to consider that point.

That there is no doubt ground for strong suspicion upon the evidence that Cartagena, Ball, Boothby & Co., and Culbert and Finlay were acting concurrently in the shipment in question with some common interest and obligation under the charter party. But this is a foundation fact in the action, and is not to be determined by the Court on probabilities, but to be proved affirmatively by the libelant.

That cargo shipped by the charterer is liable to the shipowner for the stipulations of affreightment in the charter party. But strangers to the charter party will not be presumed to have intended to bind themselves to the full performance of the charter, by accepting a bill of lading with the condition inserted of "paying freight as per charter." That stipulation by itself would more aptly apply to the rate of freight agreed in the charter party, for that would be naturally the subject of contract by an affreighter. The shipper, by lading cargo on board, unless he bargain otherwise, is chargeable with an implied undertaking to pay for the transportation of the goods, and not for the general hire of the ship, or other collateral agreement.

That the claimants having paid the freight for the transportation of the cargo libeled in this suit, they are acquitted of all further claim against it by the libelants on the case made by them.

Libel dismissed, with costs.

For libelants, Messrs. Beebe, Dean & Donohue. For claimants, Mr. Lord.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Hon. Justices Mitchell, Roosevelt and Davies.

Wm. Paton, Jr., and al. vs. The Accessory Transit Company, James C. Willett, Sheriff, &c. Cornelius Vanderbilt and al.—This is a proceeding, it will be remembered, by certain judgment creditors of the Accessory Transit Company, for the appointment of a receiver of its effects and a sale of several of its steamships. Judge COWLES was appointed receiver by Judge DAVIES, at Special Term. The case came [illegible] as an appeal from the order [illegible] of the [illegible].

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Feb. 20.

Before Hon. Justice Roosevelt.

DECISIONS.

Brooklyn White Lead Company vs. Mowry.—To authorize the granting a temporary injunction to be in force pending an appeal from an order dissolving the injunction originally granted, (if such practice should be allowed to obtain at all) there should be,

First.—Imminent danger of irreparable (or very great) damage to the party if he is deprived of it for the time, and

Second.—The question to be decided on the appeal should be one of great difficulty, authorizing grave doubts of the correctness of the order appealed from.

I do not perceive either of these grounds in this case, and (without deciding that this Court adopts such a practice in any case) this motion must be denied.

Dale [illegible] vs. Ratliff and Another.—Motion to discharge from arrest after the bail has become perfect. The facts show either a justification of bail or a waiver of it a long time before this motion is made, and plaintiff moves to dismiss this motion as being too late for that reason. The practice here does not seem to be settled in this court, but in other courts here, and in other districts in this court, it is settled that such a motion, after bail has become perfect either by justification, or waiver of it, is too late. I adopt this practice and dismiss the motion, in the hope that an appeal will be taken on which the practice may be settled.

[illegible] vs. Livingston.—Same vs. Livingston.—The time within which plaintiff was permitted to pay the costs of these writs is extended 60 days, on payment of which and $7 costs of these motions in each writ, plaintiff may come in and prosecute these writs. The orders of Judge Clerke not otherwise modified. If these terms are not complied with the motions are denied with costs. He may come in on these terms as to either if he so elect.

O'Leary vs. Insurance Co. of North America.—The correctness of the claim of plaintiff seems to be questioned, but the defence does not seem to be based on fraud, and the questions of law likely to arise, which plaintiff considers so difficult as to be an objection to a reference, do not seem to me to afford a sufficient reason for refusing a reference in this case, where the examination of an account of some length is sure to become necessary.

Reference ordered to Judge Kent; or, if plaintiff prefer, to Judge Kent, Henry Nicholl and Jonathan Nathan.

In re estate of Samuel [illegible].—Referred to examine and set forth whether the prayer of petition should be granted.

Dimond vs. Connolly.—Motion granted.

The Stock-Jobbing Operations of the Herald People.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM, Feb. 20.

Before Hon. Justice Woodruff.

John Bonner vs. Edward W. Hudson et al.—This case was continued yesterday, Wm. M. Allen, Esq., for Simeon Leland, commenced summing up, by stating that Mr. Hudson made no defence whatever, and had no earthly objection to a verdict being rendered against him. The first question, said he, is in which character these defendants are to be made liable, if at all. Now how is this liability proved? Only by a certificate which a part of the defendants signed, showing that they undertook to form an association, but having failed in this, they are still sought by the plaintiff to be made liable under it. But what is the certificate? You are called upon to presume that the Company was formed in consequence of the mere passing of this resolution or certificate. Now other things besides the passing of resolutions must be done to incorporate a company. It may, however, be claimed that although it did not resolve them into an association, it did form them into a copartnership, and thereby they became reliable. Mr. Warren Leland was a trustee, but he backed out when the stock book was opened, and had nothing to do with the company except, as Hudson says, he said he employed Bonner to go out to Potosi and take charge of the mines, and appeared pleased at the appointment. I insist, however, that whatever these men did under the certificate, there is no proof that they did go into partnership. Mr. Allen occupied some time in attempting to prove that the mere act of the defendants in agreeing to take stock in an association which was to be formed, did not make them liable. He stated that it was not proved that Bonner was engaged for one year, nor even so alleged in his complaint.

He can therefore, at most, only recover for the time he was actually laboring, or on hand to labor, for the company. He has perhaps proved that he labored for sixteen days, which, at $2,000 a year, would amount to $87 67. He claimed that Bonner, though employed, and instructed to reside at Potosi, and attend to the mining interests there, but instead of so doing, he was running all over the country; and in proof thereof, he read the bill rendered by the plaintiff to the Secretary, charging for travelling expenses to a number of places. It has been decided, in the case of Castigan vs. The Mohawk Railroad Company, ([illegible] Den. 609,) that a man employed to work at a certain place for one year, and discharged before the expiration of the time, must remain on the ground at work, or ready to do any work which the Company might require, in order to recover for the year's salary. But the plaintiff does not even pretend to have conformed to this requirement.

Mr. Allen requested that it be remembered—to explain Hudson's anxiety to have the defendant recover in this suit—that he has a claim against the plaintiff for $600, which will probably be paid if he gains this case.

Mr. Robinson, counsel for Mr. John Dean, then submitted the following points. He asked the Court to charge first, That no recovery can be had of any money expended for the Company, because 1st. There is no allegation in the complaint of any such expenditure. 2d. There is no proof of any such expenditures.

2. Services for no specific time are alleged, and therefore the plaintiff cannot recover for more than one day's services, or, if the Court declines so to charge,
3. That he is only entitled to recover for the time during which he has proved that he continued to perform services in the employment of the Company.
4. That he can recover nothing in this action by reason of his readiness to perform services after his discharge—as no special case is alleged of breach of contract.
5. That he cannot recover upon any agreement of hiring for a year, because, 1st. No such agreement is alleged. 2d. It is void by the statute of frauds, not being in writing. Nor to be performed within a year from the time the proof shows it was made. If the Court declines so to charge,
6. No recovery can be had on any alleged agreement of hiring for a year if he acquiesced in his dismissal or failed to notify the Company of his intention to regard the contract for a year as still subsisting, or unless he held himself in readiness at the place where the service was to be performed.
7. That no recovery can be had against any one of the defendants, except he employed or assented to the employment of the plaintiff, and that there is no proof of any such employment or assent on the part of Dean or Morton.

The Jury here took a short recess, after which Mr. Sherwood, counsel for the plaintiff, spoke quite briefly, claiming that the defendants were jointly and seperately indebted to his client, and responsible for his salary. Five of them had signed a certain certificate which was filed in the County Clerk's Office.

1. This certificate of incorporation proves that such a Company was intended to be got up for mining purposes, and conducting business in New-York, capital $500,000.
2. By an agreement in their books, the undersigned were to take an interest to the amount fixed to their names, viz.: $2,500 each.
3. Evidence has been adduced that each one gave his note for $2,500, and each was to have one-tenth of the stock.
4. The parties met and appointed an Executive Committee and other officers.
5. They held their office first at the Metropolitan Hotel, and afterwards in the Merchants' Exchange.
6. They kept books and papers, a book of minutes and records of resolutions.
7. They possessed the mine in Potosi, where men were working. They had tools, &c., for mining, and previous to sending out the plaintiff they had a superintendent there.

The Association or Company being formed, what was its condition? Its character was that of a copartnership. It had all the elements of a partnership—a business agreed upon and transacted, and each had an interest of one-tenth—each member had a right to contract debts, to employ laborers and superintendants. But they had gone further and proved that several of the stockholders had united to make the appointment of the plaintiff.

They acknowledged Mr. Hollenbeck as their Secretary, and all knew it at the time, or afterwards agreed to it.

What, then, was the appointment and the terms of the engagement of this plaintiff? He was the Mining Superintendent—with full powers to employ men—to do everything necessary; this included the right to employ and discharge men, and left such matters entirely to his discretion. It was agreed or understood at the time of his engagement that he should go to Lake Superior, to get laborers for the mines, and it is for these journeys that the charges against the Company are made, not for pleasure excursions. We claim, therefore, $2,000 for a year's services, from April 15, 1854.

He was not expected to pay the expenses of the Company out of that sum; but these expenses should be chargeable to the Company. Mr. Bonner went to Potosi, and after looking around and finding what was to be done, he took an inventory of tools and property, &c., discharged some men, retained others, and went on to procure good men. To do this he was obliged to go to Lake Superior, where he procured ten men and a mining captain, John [illegible].

At St. Louis he received a letter dated the 12th of June, directing him to stop all operations at the mines, and return to this City. On the 22d of June he received another letter, directing him to discharge the men he had engaged; but there was no complaint as to his abilities. The Company recognized the employment of the men, and directed him to pay and discharge them.

He was thus left in this position, with men on his hands, at St. Louis, out of funds, and had to telegraph to his son [illegible] to enable him to reach this City. Well, Mr. Bonner discharged the men, paying them what he could and returned to this City, where he demanded his pay, but was refused. There was no charge made against him of incompetency, and even if they were they could not refuse to pay him, for they engaged him, and must take him as he was. And he is entitled to his pay for the year, [illegible] to be paid for that time. The plaintiff remained here a year (as it was the Summer season when he arrived, [illegible]) before he could obtain employment; he therefore claims $1,631 71.

His Honor then charged the Jury that the plaintiff had failed to prove the company were incorporated, but the plaintiff claims that they are bound as stockholders and copartners. If they did not unitedly in any way employ the plaintiff, they are, of course, liable for his salary, and for the amount of expenses he paid out. Such an employment in this way even have been effected by the specific act of a part of the defendants, or the joint action of the whole. So he may have been properly engaged by the election of a part only. If so, however, those only are liable for the salary who authorized the appointment.

His Honor commented at great length on the evidence in respect to the formation of the association or partnership, and the action of the Company in reference to the plaintiff. He stated that it was true that the plaintiff was bound to be in readiness at the place indicated by the instructions, to attend to any work the defendants might require during the whole year, in order to recover; but that the notice that operations at Potosi were discontinued absolved him from remaining, and he could come to this City, if he still held himself subject to their orders.

The Jury, after an hour's absence, brought in a verdict against all the defendants for the sum of $1,917 81.

SPECIAL TERM.

Before Hon. Justice Bosworth.

CERTIORARI—THE FRENCH PRISONERS UP AGAIN—ANOTHER BREAKDOWN.

Another effort was made to-day to procure the discharge of Charles Carpentier, the Grelets and the other parties charged with embezzling the funds of the French Northern Railway, from the custody of the Sheriff and United States Marshal—a *certiorari* requiring their production in Court having been granted by Judge Bosworth. He, however, decided this morning that the papers were insufficient—the writ requiring all to be brought up having been granted on the petition of one of them, viz., Chas. David. The prisoners were therefore remanded.

TRIAL TERM.

Before Hon. Justice [illegible].

Administratrix of Ehling vs. The Hamilton Insurance Company.—This was an action on a policy of insurance for $2,500. It will be remembered that Mr. Ehling committed suicide soon after the destruction of his property by fire, leaving a note attributing the act to the conduct of this Company in refusing to pay the insurance.

The defence was that the insured, by omitting to give notice of subsequent insurance effected on the property, had voided the policy. It was claimed on the part of the plaintiff that as one of the subsequent policies was effected by the same broker who effected the one in suit, that his knowledge was notice to the Company; and that the other subsequent policies were made to replace one effected before that in suit, which had been surrendered and cancelled. *The Court held the policy to be void by reason of the omission to give notice in conformity with its requirements, and directed the complaint to be dismissed* with costs and $50 allowance.

Peet and Brown for plaintiff; E. J. Phelps for defendants.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Brady.

Eliza M. Badger vs. Seth W. Benedict.—Judgment for plaintiff, with liberty to the defendant to answer in ten days, on payment of costs.

William [illegible] vs. Thomas McElrath & Co.—Motion for a new trial denied.

Richard J. Roberts vs. Henry L. Mason.—Referred to H. N. Carr.

THE CONSPIRACY TO MURDER.

Trial of Dr. M. Price Moore for Alleged Conspiracy to Murder Mr. A. T. Livingston.

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before the Recorder.

FRIDAY, Feb. 20.

This extraordinary case was resumed to-day at 11 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Phillips offered to put in evidence certified copies of Dr. Moore's deposition before the Surrogate, and certain other documents, including the minutes of the Surrogate, relative to the proceedings before that official, in the matter of the will of the father of the defendant.

The Recorder considered the evidence irrelevant, and refused to receive the papers.

Mr. Livingston, the prosecutor, asked leave to amend the report of his testimony, (as published in the TIMES,) by adding to the answer to the question subjoined, the words "and to enable the Doctor to pay his debts."

Mr Brady—Why was Mr. Drake to get only one dollar consideration for this property? and why was not the deed recorded for two years?

Witness—It was to relieve Dr. Moore from his embarrassments, and it was at witness' solicitation, out of friendship to the Doctor, that his sister-in-law made that purchase.

The commission to take Mrs. Gaskett's deposition not having yet arrived in Court, Mr. Brady proceeded to sum up the case for the defence; after which the Recorder charged the Jury, reviewing the whole case at considerable length.

At five minutes to four o'clock the Jury retired. Two or three of them manifested a desire to return a verdict without leaving their seats, but were overruled by the rest.

In half an hour after they returned, with a verdict of *Not Guilty!* which was received with a burst of applause, that was instantaneously suppressed by the officers.

Dr. Moore was immediately surrounded by a crowd of congratulating friends. The prosecutor, Mr. Livingston, had left the Court whilst the Jurors were in deliberation.

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets—Carefully Reported for N. Y. Daily Times.

FRIDAY, Feb. 20, 1857—6 P. M.

ASHES—Are in fair request at former rates. Pearls, $7 62½@$7 68¾; Pots, $7 62½@$7 75 ℔ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—1,400 lbs. American yellow have been purchased at 28½c.@28¾c. ℔ lb.

CANDLES—Are in pretty good demand and are stiffly held.

COFFEE—Rio attracts considerable attention, while other varieties are moderately inquired for at steady prices. Java, 14½c.@15½c.; Laguayra, 11¾c.@12½c.; Maracaibo, 11¾c.@12½c., Rio, 9¾c.@11¾c.; St. Domingo, 10½c.; and Bahia, 9¾c.@10c. ℔ lb. By auction, there were sold, to-day, 850 bags low grade Rio at 9¼c.@9¾c.; and 950 bags Santas at 10c.¾@11¾c. ℔ lb. The latest advices from Rio de Janeiro are up to the 13th ult., reporting light shipments of Coffee to the United States, with a reduced stock and rising rates. This news is encouraging to factors here.

COPPER—Is selling to a moderate extent at about *previous figures.*

COTTON—The demand is pretty brisk; prices are well maintained. Middling Uplands 13¼c.; do. Gulfs, 13¾c.@13½c.; and other grades at proportionate figures, ℔ lb.

FISH—The market exhibits no really new feature. Supplies, light; demand, limited; prices, nominally the same.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western Flour exhibits very little vigor. The inquiry is rather limited; prices are heavy and unsettled; sales have been reported of about 6,600 bbls., in lots, mainly at prices within the annexed range:

Ordinary State	$6 30@$6 35
Straight State	6 35@ 6 45
Favorite and Extra State	6 45@ 6 75
Common to Good Indiana and Upper Lake	6 35@ 6 65
Common to Good Superfine Ohio	6 40@ 6 60
Fancy Michigan	6 40@ 6 60
Extra Michigan	6 60@ 7 75
Extra Indiana and Wisconsin	6 60@ 7 75
Extra Ohio	6 60@ 8 00
Fancy Genesee	6 75@ 7 00
Extra Genesee	7 00@ 8 50
Extra Missouri	6 40@ 8 50

Canadian is inactive, at old rates. Superfine to extra barely commands $6 50@$7 60 ℔ bbl.; 600 bbls. were sold within the range. Southern is in better demand, and is pretty stiffly held. The transactions since our last comprise about 1,900 bbls. low Mixed to Fancy and Extra, at $6 75@$8 and $[illegible] ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is in limited supply and fair request, at $3 50@$5 25 for Fine to Superfine ℔ bbl. *Corn Meal is in moderate demand at old rates*; $3 30@$3 35 for Jersey, and $3 70@$3 75 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl. The latter brings $17@$17 50 in puncheons. Buckwheat Flour commands, in lots, $2 50@$2 87½ ℔ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat is inactive. Parties differ about prices. This circumstance obstructs business. Small sales of Red were reported, including prime Southern at $1 60; and ordinary Western (Spring) at about $1 46 ℔ bushel. *Rye rules scarce and quiet, with sales reported* of 1,000 bushels ordinary to choice, at 90c.@95c. ℔ bushel. Oats are in moderate supply and request, at 53c.@54c. for Western; 49c.@52c. for State; 48c.@50c. for Jersey; and 43c.@47c. for Southern, ℔ bushel. Barley is salable and steady, at $1@$1 60 for very inferior to choice, ℔ bushel. Stock quite light. Barley Malt commands $1 40@$1 45 ℔ bushel. Corn continues in good demand, at very full prices. There were sales reported to-day of about 28,000 bushels, at 70c.@71c. for unsound, and 73½c.@74c. for mixed, in store and delivered, ℔ bushel.

HAY—Sales of 460 bales River were effected, at $1 for shipment, and $1 12½ for local use, ℔ 100 lbs.

HIDES—The stock is accumulating; the demand is moderate; prices lean in favor of buyers.

HOPS—Are salable and firm at 7c.@10c ℔ lb.

IRON—There were sales reported of 120 tons Scotch Pig, at former rates.

LATHS—Eastern, $1 31¼ ℔ thousand.

LEAD—The demand is pretty brisk; prices show no material change.

LEATHER—Sole is in light supply and fair request, at full rates.

LIME—Rockland remains scarce and quiet at $1 05 for Common, and $1 25 for Lump, ℔ bbl.

MOLASSES—Appears inactive at former figures. New-Orleans, 70c.@71c.; new crop Porto Rico, 65c.@[illegible]; Porto Rico, 50c.@60c.; new crop Cuba Muscovado, 50c.@60c.; new crop clayed Cuba, at 50c.; and old do. at 45c., ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES.—Tar and Crude Turpentine are unchanged. Spirits Turpentine is in fair demand and is firm at [illegible] cash and short time, with interest, per gallon. Rosin is moderately inquired for, and is held with much confidence at $1 70@$1 [illegible] for common, ℔ 310 lbs., delivered; and $2 [illegible] for No. 1 and White, ℔ 280 lbs.

OILS—The demand is tame for Whale, but is pretty brisk for Sperm; prices show no remarkable change. Red Palm, and Olive Oil are in moderate request at full rates; Linseed is salable and firm, mainly at 85c.@87c. per gallon. Lard Oil is sparingly offered, and is in fair demand at previous quotations.

PROVISIONS—Pork is coming forward sparingly, while being in fair demand and on the advance. Sales have been reported since our last of about 250 bbls., in lots, at $21@$21 10 for old Mess; $21 60@$21 75 for new do.; and $17 50@$17 75 for Prime, ℔ bbl. Dressed Hogs bring, in lots, 8c.@9½c. ℔ lb. Cut Meats appear in moderate demand, and are steady at 10½c.@10¾c. for Hams, and 8¾c.@8¾c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb. Bacon is in light supply and fair request, at from 10¾c.@11½c. ℔ lb. Lard continues active at rising prices. The transactions since our last reach about 900 bbls. and tcs., mostly fair to Prime, (to arrive and here,) at 14¾c.@14¼c.; and 250 kegs, at 14½c. ℔ lb. Beef is in moderate demand at steady prices. The transactions since our last consist of 325 bbls., at $9 50@$10 25 for new Prime; $10 50@$13 for Country Mess; $13 25@$15 50 for repacked Western Mess; and $16@$16 50 for extra Chicago do. ℔ bbl. New Prime Mess Beef is salable and steady at [illegible]. Beef Hams are scarce and needed at $20@$22 ℔ bbl. Butter is in fair demand, and is worth 16c.@22c. for Ohio; 20c.@26c. for common to very good State, and 26c.@30c. for prime to very choice do., ℔ lb. Cheese is in light supply and good request, at 11¼c.@12¼c. ℔ lb.

The Cincinnati *Price Current*, of the 18th inst., says: "Our returns from all the leading packing places in the West are now nearly complete. We have yet to hear from five places in Missouri, six in Illinois, two in Iowa, one in Indiana, one in Kentucky, one in Tennessee, three in Ohio, and one in Wisconsin; but all small places. Our returns of shipments by Railways to the East are not yet complete, but we have no doubt we shall be able to give the report in full and complete form by the 1st of March, as we stated in our last. We may say that the falling off in number is, we think, twenty-eight ℔ cent., as compared with last year's business, though not having placed our figures yet in tabular form, we cannot give the falling off exactly. As regards the comparative weight, we are not prepared to give any estimate, as the calculation of this is rather tedious, and cannot be done until the tables are fully arranged. Our impression, however, is that it will be below last year's average. We notice an unusual uniformity in the prices of the Hog product, at all places in the West, and what is quite unusual prices are now ruling nearly as high on the upper Mississippi and Illinois Rivers, as they are in this market. In St. Louis the prices are about the same as they are here. It is quite clear that the great bulk of the Hog product in the West is now in *the hands of speculators, and this will lead to great* fluctuations and apparently unaccountable changes *in the market throughout the season. The amount* going forward since the opening of navigation is quite large, and prices are already declining under the influence of the receipts at New-Orleans. The receipts at New-York may lead to the same result, but it is not probable the decline will be large or permanent. The shipments of provisions from this port during the week were:

Pork and Bacon, hhds.	1,886
Pork and Bacon, tcs.	1,653
Pork and Bacon, bbls.	2,404
Pork and Bacon, bxs.	967

The shipments from the United States to foreign countries from Nov. 1 to Feb. 1, this season and last, being a matter of great interest just now, we have prepared the following figures from our books:

	1856-57.	1855-56.
Pork, bbls.	11,687	53,596
Bacon, hhds.	12,363	5,134
Lard, kegs	249,067	181,465

All shipments of Bacon are reduced to hogsheads, and of Lard to kegs, in making up the above table. By reducing these packages to pounds, the result stands as follows:

1855-6	23,378,380 lbs.
1856-7	28,649,560 lbs.

Showing an increase in the shipments, this season, for so far, of 5,271,160 lbs. This is of importance, as the impression generally prevailing was that the quantity exported this season was less than it was last.

RICE—Sales were made, to-day, of about 100 tcs., common to choice, in lots, at $3 50@$4 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

SOAP—The demand is moderate; prices firm.

SUGARS—Are in fair request and are steady,—with sales reported since our last of about 720 hhds. Cuba, &c., in lots, mostly at from 9½c.@10½c.; a cargo of Melado at 7½c.@8c.; and several hundred boxes Havana, at from 9¾c.@11½c., ℔ lb.

TALLOW—About 12,000 lbs. prime were sold at *steady prices.*

TEAS—Are in good demand and are increasing in value. Owners do not offer their supplies at prevailing rates, with much freedom.

WHISKY—We heard of sales of 230 bbls. Ohio and Prison, at 29c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—The engagements were to a fair extent,—but shippers had any existing advantage. For Liverpool—Cotton, 5-16d.@7-32d. ℔ lb.; Flour, 1s. 9d.@2s. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 5½d.@6½d. ℔ bushel; Beef, 4s.@4s. 6d. ℔ tc.; Rosin, 2s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; and Heavy Goods, 20s.@22s. 6d. ℔ ton. For other ports, proportionate quotations.

NEW-YORK CITY BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following list consists of prominent Houses in each line of Business:

Berlin Wool, Embroidery Silks, Fringes, Gimps, Buttons, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Gold and Silver Articles for Regalia.
KOHLSAAT BROS., (Importers and Jobbers,) 43 John-st.

Advertising Agents.
S. M. PETTENGILL & CO. ....119 Nassau-st.

Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c.
T. DOUGLAS, Manufacturer and Dealer, 63 Beekman-st.

Grate and Fender Makers.
WM. H. JACKSON, (formerly W. & N. Jackson & Sons,) No. 251 Broadway, one door from 12th-st.

Boat and Oar Bazaar.
Life, Race, Ship and Pleasure Boats, of all kinds on hand making an assortment of over 20 Boats. C. L. INGERSOLL & SON, 250 South-st.

Lightning Rods.
A. M. QUIMBY & SON, 123 East 27th, and 119 Nassau-st.
LYON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Otis' Patent. Also, other rods, insulators, points, vanes, &c., No 248 Broadway.

Lithographers.
GEORGE HAYWARD ....120 Water-st.

Window and Plate Glass, (French and English.)
F. HOPKINS & BROS., (Importers) ......61 Barclay-st.

☞ Any additions to the above list should be brought to the office of S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 119 Nassau-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

IF THE PERSON WHO FOUND A FITCH MARTEN FUR VICTORINE in West 43d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., at 7½ o'clock on Tuesday evening, will leave the same at No. 168 West 43d-st, a suitable reward will be paid.

$1 REWARD.—IF THE PERSON WHO TOOK *a map of lots from Brandreth's restaurant a few* days ago will leave the same with the clerk he will receive the above reward.

KEROSENE OILS.
KEROSENE LUBRICATING OIL.
KEROSENE ILLUMINATING OIL.
KEROSENE BINNACLE OIL.
PARAFINE RAILWAY GREASE.
ELECTRIC LAMPS.
AUSTENS, AGENTS, No. 50 Beaver-st.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—AT A MEETING OF the Junior Class of Columbia College, held Friday, Feb. 20, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God in his infinite wisdom to remove from among us our friend and classmate ALEXANDER BEDELL, and,

Whereas, It is becoming us publicly to express our sorrow for the loss we have sustained by his decease, and our sympathy in the bereavement of his family, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the Junior Class of Columbia College, most sincerely and deeply deplore the loss we have sustained.

Resolved, That we heartily sympathise with the family and friends of the departed, and with them mourn the loss of a true friend, a beloved relative and a diligent student.

Resolved, That, as a mark of our respect and sorrow, we, the Junior Class, attend the funeral of our late companion, and wear the usual badge of mourning.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and published on the bulletin of the College, in the minutes of the class, and in the *Daily Times, Commercial Advertiser* and in the Brooklyn *Star* and *Eagle*.

Signed on behalf of the Class.

W. P. BAXTER, President.
H. C. [illegible], Secretary.
W. P. BAXTER, (ex officio,)
A. W. CHAMPNEY,
J. W. ROMEYN,
Committee.

MOUNT VERNON TAXES.—THE COLLECTOR of Taxes for Mount Vernon, West, East and Central Mount Vernon, Washingtonville, Wakefield and Fleetwood will be at Kean's XIVth Ward Hotel, corner of Grand and Elizabeth sts., on Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 23 and 24, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., to receive the Taxes for 1856. Remember, this is the last time this year that the Collector will come to New-York for the purpose of receiving taxes.
P. LEDER, Collector.

OWNERS OF HORSES WILL FIND DR. TOBIAS' LINIMENT in pint bottles at 50 cents superior to anything else for curing colic, swellings, galls, bruises, lumps, &c. Sold by all the storekeepers and druggists. Depot No. 56 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

MESSENGER'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN, now landing ex *American Congress* from London. For sale by the puncheon in bond, or in cases from store, by R. E. MESSENGER & CO., No. 55 Fulton-st.

SADDLE HORSE WANTED FOR A LADY.—Must be handsome, kind in saddle or harness, and in all respects right. Any one having such a horse which they are willing to sell cheap, will please address T. M. N., Box No. 1,476, Post-Office, New-York.

BONNET COMB.—A NEW AND VERY DESIRABLE Patented (India) Rubber Comb for the purpose of holding the bonnet in its place when on the head, which *is much approved by the ladies, just received by* D. M. KNIGHT & CO., No. 28 Vesey-st., New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ [illegible] in perfect question, What is the Gospel? The various [illegible] Presbyterian, Methodist, &c., say that they preach it. Is it possible? Could the Holy Spirit, who declared there to be only one Faith, one Hope, one Baptism, teach such antagonistic dogmas? Impossible. The primitive Church held a mono-credic principle, and widely different from the modern. This primitive Christianity, which was preached by Christ and his apostles, is proclaimed every Lord's Day, by Dr. JOHN THOMAS, in Jefferson Assembly Hall, cor. 6th and Greenwich-avs. It and it only is reasonable and consistent. Come and hear, Bible in hand to test it.

☞ Church Opening.—The South Baptist Church, located in West 25th-st., near 8th-av., having completed the various alterations and improvements for which their recently purchased house of worship has been closed for several Sabbaths past, will reenter their house TO-MORROW. On this occasion there will be three services at the usual hours. Sermon in the morning by the Pastor, Rev. [illegible]; in the afternoon by Dr. E. L. MAGOON, of the Oliver-st. Baptist Church, and in the evening Dr. [illegible], of the 3d-av. Baptist Church. Our Baptist friends, and citizens generally, are cordially invited to be present.

☞ The Summerfield M. E. Church, on the corner of Washington and Green avs., Brooklyn, will be dedicated TO-MORROW, the 22d inst. Services: MORNING, at 10½ o'clock—sermon by Bishop JANES. AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock—sermon by Rev. CHARLES [illegible]. EVENING, at 7½ o'clock—sermon by Rev. Dr. FOSTER. A cordial invitation is extended to the public generally to be present.
STEPHEN CROWELL, President Board Trustees.
R. H. CORNWELL, Secretary.

☞ Romanism not Bible Christianity.—Rev. P. McMENAMY, D. D., will (D. V.) be able to resume his duties in the Mission Church, 30th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Ministers and Missionaries of various Evangelical churches are expected to assist, as heretofore, in the services, which are conducted on the Apostolical plan of dealing with error. All Protestants and Roman Catholics are invited to attend.

☞ First-street Church—Between 1st and 2d avs., R. R. THOMPSON, Pastor. Preaching TO-MORROW by the Pastor, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at 3 o'clock P. M. The closing sermon in the Sabbath evening series will be preached by Rev. SAMUEL BAYLISS, Pastor of the Warren-st. Congregational Church, Brooklyn. Services commence at 7½ o'clock.

☞ Christian Spiritualism.—Rev. T. L. HARRIS will preach at Academy Hall, Broadway, opposite Bond-st., TO-MORROW. Morning subject—*The Interior Sense of the First Commandment.* EVENING—The last of the series of lectures upon "The Phases of City Life." Subject—*The City the Theatre of Vice, and the Battlefield of Virtue.*

☞ Sermon.—The fifth of a series of Sermons will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING, 22d inst., in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant-square, by Rev. WM. BACON STEVENS, D. D., of Philadelphia. *Service to commence* at 7½ o'clock. A collection will be made in aid of the Charity Fund of the "Protestant Episcopal Brotherhood of New Jersey."

☞ St. John's Chapel (of Trinity Parish,) which has been closed since the 1st of July for alterations and improvements, will be reopened by Right Rev. the BISHOP of the Diocese on SUNDAY MORNING, with services to commence at 10½ A. M. This Chapel is located on St. John's Park a little below Canal-st., between Varick and Hudson sts.

☞ Universalist Church, Orchard-st., near Broome, Rev. Dr. SAWYER, Pastor.—Services at the regular hours, 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject in the MORNING—*Moral Evil*; and in the EVENING, Mark 9:43-48—*It is better to enter into life halt or maimed, &c., than be cast into hell fire.*

☞ Sermon on Washington.—By request of the Continental Guards (Captain J. C. HELME) Rev. JOHN DOWLING, D.D., will preach a sermon appropriate to Washington's birth-day, at his Church, Bedford-st., SUNDAY MORNING next. Dr. D. will preach the next sermon of the course to young men in the evening.

☞ Rev. Abel Stevens, D.D., will preach TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and Rev. J. H. RYLANCE at 7½ P. M. in the First Place Methodist Episcopal Church, in Henry-st., fronting First Place, South Brooklyn. Sunday-School Missionary Meeting at 3 P. M. Strangers are invited.

☞ Elder J. V. Himes will preach for the Second-Advent Mission Church, now meeting in Freemason's Hall, No. 600 Broadway, near Houston-st., on SABBATH MORNING at 10½, and in the AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. Seats free. The public respectfully invited to attend.

☞ Baptism and a Sermon to the Young.—Laight-street Church. Rev. Mr. BIXBY, of Burmah, will preach in the MORNING. In the EVENING Rev. H. [illegible] will deliver a discourse to the young, and administer to several youths the ordinance of Baptism. Seats reserved for strangers.

☞ Bible Preaching.—SHEFFIELD SNOW, the Messenger of Christ, will continue the work of his mission TO-MORROW, at 3 o'clock P. M., at Union Buildings, No. 165 Bowery, by preaching a discourse on the *Fulfillment of the Prophecies.* Seats are free.

☞ Religious Notice.—Rev. WILLIAM [illegible], Pastor of the Welsh Baptist Church, No. 14 Chrystie-st., *will perform the solemn ordinance of Baptism* at 3 o'clock SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Services at 7 o'clock in the evening.

☞ R. P. Ambler will lecture at Dodworth's Academy, No. 806 Broadway, on SUNDAY (to-morrow) MORNING, at 10½, and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Subject for the evening—*Revelation; its natural necessity and moral use.* Seats free.

☞ John-street First M. E. Church, John-st.—Preaching next SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. ALLEN STEELE, and in the EVENING, at 7 o'clock, by Rev. A. M. [illegible]. Strangers are *invited to attend. Seats free.*

☞ Stanton-street Baptist Church.—Preaching TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M., 3 and 7½ P. M., by Rev. JOHN BLAIN, of Rhode Island. Meetings every EVENING next week. Rev. EUGENIO KINCAID, Missionary from Burmah, will preach on MONDAY EVENING.

☞ Rev. Thomas H. Angell, of Tufts College, Mass., will preach TO-MORROW MORNING and EVENING, at the Church of the Restoration, Monroe-place, Brooklyn. Services, 10½ o'clock Morning, and 7½ Evening.

☞ First Free-Will Baptist Church, Sullivan-st., near Houston. Rev. D. M. GRAHAM, Pastor. Preaching SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and at 3 and 7 P. M. Seats provided for strangers.

☞ South Congregational Church, corner Court and President sts., South Brooklyn. Preaching TO-MORROW by Rev. ISAAC P. LANGWORTHY, D.D., of Chelsea, Mass. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ Forsyth-street M. E. Church.—Sermon TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7 o'clock, by Rev. R. M. HATFIELD, to young men, upon the perils to which they are exposed from the formation of improper associations.

☞ Fifth-Avenue Baptist Church.—First service TO-MORROW, Feb. 22, at 10½ o'clock A. M., second service at 7½ o'clock P. M. Preaching by Rev. SIDNEY A. [illegible].

☞ Rev. Dr. Bethune—Of Brooklyn, will preach in the Central Reformed Protestant Dutch Church on 9th-st., near Broadway, TO-MORROW (Sunday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

☞ Mr. Peter Sinclair, the friend of Sunday Schools, from Scotland, will address the Sunday School *Missionary Society of the Allen-st. Presbyterian Church* TO-MORROW AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock.

☞ Central M. E. Church—7th av., near 14th-st. Rev. Mr. HARRIS will preach TO-MORROW, at 10½ o'clock; Rev. GIDEON DRAPER, at 3½ o'clock; and Rev. ALLEN STEELE, at 7½ P. M.

☞ Rev. J. H. Perry, D. D. will preach the funeral sermon of the late GEORGE L. TAYLOR, Esq., TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, in the M. E. Church in Forsyth-st.

☞ Rev. D. S. Burnet will preach TO-MORROW, in the 17th-st. Chapel, just west of 6th-av., at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Topic—*Principles of Christian Union.* Baptism administered during the evening service.

☞ Mulberry-street M. E. Church—Rev. DANIEL WISE, D. D., will preach in this Church TO-MORROW, Sunday morning, at 10½ o'clock.

ADVERTISE NORTH.
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VISSCHER, OWEN & Co. GENERAL ADVERTISING AGENTS, Appleton's Building, No. 346 Broadway, New-York. Will advertise for merchants, manufacturers and business men generally, in any part of the United States or Canadas, at the lowest possible rates. Newspapers from every part of the United States and Canadas kept on file for the inspection of advertisers, and every information as to the best places and papers cheerfully given.

PETER K. DEYO'S
ADVERTISING AGENCY,
No. 7 *Appleton's Building*—No. 348 Broadway.
Reference—Messrs. RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO.

ADVERTISING.—V. B. PALMER, THE AGENT, Tribune Building, receives advertisements for publication in the best city and country newspapers of all the States.

BOWNE & HASBROUCK, STATIONERS' Hall, Nos. 174 and 176 Pearl-st., New-York, Importers and Manufacturers, offer for sale, at low cash prices, every variety of account books, paper, fancy and staple stationery, writing papers, notes, drafts, money and shipping receipts, inkstands, memorandum and time books, pens, pencils, slates, penknives, chess and backgammon boards, &c., and all articles usually kept by the trade. JOB PRINTING and LITHOGRAPHY executed at low rates, cards, circulars, &c. Country merchants invited to call.

$10.—ELEGANT BUSINESS WRITING.—MR. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, gives private instructions in penmanship, and by his new system of hand training, removes all stiffness and trembling from every hand, so that any student may write a rapid business style with ease, comfort and satisfaction. Only $10 Seats vacant.

NOTICE.—DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO. HAVE removed to Mechanics' Bank Building, No. 33 Wall-st., where they issue Mercantile credits, available in all parts of the world, and buy and sell Foreign Exchange.

J. F. GAYNOR, THE ARCHITECT OF [illegible] J. Haughwout's Building, corner of Broadway and Broome-st., Halsey Building, Brooklyn, and numerous other first-rate edifices. Office No. 18 Nassau-st.

DRY GOODS.

[illegible] SPRING MANTILLAS [illegible] AT WHOLESALE.

[illegible] BLACK AND COLORED SILK MANTILLAS, CHANTILLY LACE MANTILLAS, [illegible] MANTILLAS, EMBROIDERED SILK MANTILLAS, BUGLED LACE AND NET MANTILLAS, MOURNING MANTILLAS, BASQUES, TALMAS, &c., &c. The attention of the trade is [illegible]. Prices low and terms liberal. [illegible]

1857. SPRING MANTILLAS. 1857.
JACOB [illegible],
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF MANTILLAS, &c.,
is now prepared to exhibit a
COMPLETE AND [illegible] STOCK,
[illegible]
NEWEST AND MOST [illegible] STYLES,
TO WHICH HE INVITES THE ATTENTION OF CITY, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN BUYERS.
THE ABOVE WILL BE OFFERED AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES, AND ON LIBERAL TERMS.
No. 43 CEDAR-STREET,
BETWEEN NASSAU AND WILLIAM.

A RARE CHANCE.
200,000 DOLLARS
Worth of China, Glass, Gas Fixtures, Clocks, Bronzes, Plated Ware and Cutlery,
AT COST.

We are now marking and arranging our stock of the above goods, with the view of offering them to the public at prices that will effect the disposal of the entire amount during the coming ninety days. The sale will commence ON MONDAY, FEB. 23D, INST.

Families in want of such goods will find this an opportunity not often met with in New-York. Proprietors of hotels, boarding-houses and restaurants, can well afford to supply themselves for six months ahead. Terms will be for
CASH, WITHOUT DISCOUNT.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
Nos. 631 and 633 Broadway,
Between Houston and Bleecker sts.

347 BROADWAY.
ATTENTION OF DRY GOODS BUYERS, IS CALLED TO OUR GREAT SALE,
UNDER LIQUIDATION, which is now being carried on and will be continued until the whole
PROPERTY IS SOLD.

Particular attention is directed to the Staple Goods in this stock such as
IRISH LINENS,
LINEN SHIRTINGS,
LINEN DAMASKS,
NAPKINS,
TOWELS AND TOWELING,
DOMESTIC MUSLINS,
FLANNELS,
JACONETS,
CAMBRICS,
BRILLIANTS.

The whole of the above Goods, [illegible], &c., &c., must be sold in order to close the business.
G. B. WILLIAMS, corner of Leonard-st.
N. B.—Fixtures for sale.

347 BROADWAY.
GREAT SALE
UNDER LIQUIDATION.
LINEN DAMASK.
Our entire stock of
TABLE DAMASKS
will be offered for sale
THIS WEEK
at 25 per cent. cheaper than the same goods can be bought in Europe at this time.
Ladies will please call and examine the stock.
G. B. WILLIAMS, corner Leonard-st.
N. B.—FIXTURES FOR SALE.

347 BROADWAY.
SILKS, SILKS, SILKS,
At the
GREAT BROADWAY SALE, UNDER
LIQUIDATION.
Will be offered for sale, this week,
DRESS SILKS,
At extraordinary bargains.
Greater inducements offered than ever before known in this City, as the whole of this immense STOCK must be sold without reserve.
G. B. WILLIAMS, corner Leonard-st.

AT FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORES,
No. 653 BROADWAY,
Will be offered on Monday a full assortment of white and colored real pineapple goods [illegible] by the yard or piece, at wholesale and retail. Many of these goods were imported expressly for Summer Bonnets, for which early orders are solicited. The above establishment is filled with India Dry Goods, Chinaware, and Curiosities, worthy the attention of those desirous of purchasing [illegible].

STEEL SPRING SKIRTS.
DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S superior steel spring skirts, with adjustable bustle, the best article of the kind ever produced, can be found in all the first class retail dry goods and fancy stores in this City and throughout the country. Patent applied for, and none genuine unless stamped with their trade-mark.

J. DERBY & COMPANY,
IMPORTING TAILORS, No. 12 Park-place,
Are closing their large stock of imported goods, the latest London and Paris styles,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
at very low prices,
BEFORE REMOVAL.

COIFFURES, COIFFURES.
IMPORTATIONS INCESSANTLY, and for the INAUGURATION BALL AT WASHINGTON. RECHERCHE GARNITURES at
PAVILION DE FLORA, No. 301 Broadway.
JAMES TUCKER.

GREAT SALE OF WET GOODS
AT COLBY'S, CORNER GRAND AND ELDRIDGE STREETS.
Wet Silks, Wet Damasks, Wet Linen Shirting and Sheeting, at COLBY'S,
corner Grand and Eldridge streets.

GREAT SALE OF WET GOODS
AT COLBY'S, CORNER GRAND AND ELDRIDGE STREETS.
Wet Silks, Wet Delaines, Wet Napkins, Wet Shirtings, at COLBY'S,
corner Grand and Eldridge streets.

GREAT SALE OF WET GOODS
AT COLBY'S, CORNER GRAND AND ELDRIDGE STREETS.
Wet Brilliants, Wet Jaconet, Wet Nainsook, Wet Plaids, Wet Quilts, Wet Blankets, at COLBY'S,
corner Grand and Eldridge sts.

EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS, No. 375 Broadway.—DEMOREST'S Spring Fashions for 1857. Grand opening and brilliant display of patterns of entirely new and elegant designs for ladies' and children's apparel in great variety on Monday, March 2. All the latest styles of plain and trimmed patterns, [illegible] with unerring accuracy and artistic elegance. Dressmakers and the ladies generally will find it to their interest to call.

CORSETS AT WHOLESALE.—COUNTRY *merchants and City dealers* are respectfully invited to examine our stock of very superior Corsets, which, for styles, quality, variety, finish and price, will compare favorably with any house in the City.
REYNOLDS & CO., [illegible],
No. 112 Chrystie-st., near Grand-st.

INDIA RUBBER GLOVES AND MITTS bleach the hands, and render them soft and smooth, cure chapped hands, salt-rheum, &c. They are very useful in housework, as they can be worn where other gloves *would be spoiled.* For sale at all rubber stores, and at No. 26 John-st., up stairs.

WET GOODS SALE CONTINUED.—PRINTS, Chambrays, Ginghams, [illegible], Cassimeres, Irish Linens, Damasks, Table-cloths, Pillow-case Linens, Laces, Collars, Muslins, &c., for sale by WILLIAM MATHEWS, [illegible].

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS OF [illegible].—JAMES TUCKER is well supplied with legitimate Paris [illegible], No. 361 Broadway, nearly opposite the Carlton House.

CORSETS AT WHOLESALE.—COUNTRY merchants and City dealers are respectfully invited to examine our stock of very superior Corsets, which, for styles, quality, variety, finish and price, will compare favorably with any house in the City. REYNOLDS & CO., Manufactory, No. 112 Chrystie-st., near Grand-st.

WET DRY GOODS FROM THE LATE wrecks, very cheap, at JEREMIAH [illegible], No. 250 Greenwich, near [illegible], consisting of ginghams, chambray, prints, linens, toweling, &c., &c.

CLOSING SALE PREVIOUS TO REMOVAL.—E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO. [illegible] of Broadway and Broome-st., will be ready for occupation on the 15th day of March, and having a special stock of goods now in port to open with, they are desirous of closing *out their balance of their present stock*, previous to removal. A perusal of the following list will convince every one that the prices at which we are now selling will defy competition.

White dining services, 142 pieces	$17 50
White toilet sets, 10 pieces	[illegible]
Fancy decorated toilet sets, 11 pieces	[illegible]
Fancy decorated [illegible]	[illegible]
Cut-glass goblets, per doz.	[illegible]
Cut-glass Champagne, per doz.	[illegible]
Cut-glass wines, per doz.	[illegible]
Pipestem, sherry wines, per doz.	[illegible]
Pipestem, engraved Sherry wines, per dozen	[illegible]
Engraved Bohemian Claret glasses, per doz.	[illegible]

And plated ware, cutlery, gas fixtures, &c., in proportion.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, [illegible], 1857.
NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT all persons who require to be VACCINATED will be attended to promptly, without charge, by application at either of the Dispensaries, where physicians are constantly in attendance; and it is recommended that all who have not been vaccinated, should avail themselves immediately of the opportunity thus offered.

The New-York Dispensary is located at the corner of Centre and White sts.

The Eastern Dispensary, in Ludlow-st., in the rear of Essex Market.

The Northern Dispensary is located corner of Waverley-place and Christopher-st.

The Demilt Dispensary is located at No. [illegible].

The Northwestern Dispensary is located at [illegible].

FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

PROFITABLE AND HONORABLE EMPLOYMENT FOR THE WINTER.—Persons in town or country, in search of the above, [illegible] by enclosing two stamps, to pay postage, to [illegible] Post-Office. The employment is [illegible] and can be manufactured in the agent's dwelling; secured by copyright; sale as permanent as flour. An agent is wanted in every town in the Union.

New-York Daily Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, FEB. 21, 1857.

THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES is served to [illegible] for Twelve Cents a week. Single [illegible] Two Cents. Mail subscribers, Six Dollars a [illegible].

THE NEW-YORK EVENING TIMES is published [illegible] (Sundays excepted). One edition will [illegible] and the other at [illegible] o'clock P. M. It [illegible] mailed at the same rates as the Daily Times.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, containing nearly all the reading matter of the Daily, published Tuesday and Friday, [illegible] Dollars a year.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, published Saturday, is mailed at [illegible] Dollars a year for single Copies. Twenty-Five [illegible] Dollars, to one address.

THE TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA is published on the [illegible] Mail steamer. Price, in wrappers, [illegible]

[illegible] in advance.

Publication Office, No. 138 Nassau-st., cor. of Beekman.

RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO., Publishers.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

[illegible] steamers are now due at this port from Liverpool—the Ericsson and the *Asia*. Nothing had been seen of either of them at Sandy Hook, at 2 o'clock this morning.

In the United States Senate yesterday, a bill was introduced prescribing the time and manner of electing Senators to Congress, and the form of their credentials. This movement is probably caused by the difficulty in the case of Messrs. [illegible] and Fitch, of Indiana, in reference to [illegible] additional papers were presented. Forty-[illegible] bills were passed. Mr. Gwin introduced the Pacific Railroad Bill. In the House, a resolution was agreed to, that any member implicated by the Investigating Committee should have leave to file an answer, to be printed with the other papers. After a short time spent in Committee of the Whole, on the Tariff, Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, submitted to the House an original bill—the same, with some slight alterations, as the last one reported from the Committee of Ways and Means—which was passed by a vote of 110 against 84, after the loss of Mr. Letcher's substitute, which proposed a general reduction of 20 per cent. on the present Tariff.

The latest in reference to Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet from Washington, is to the effect that Mr. Cass has been interrogated by Mr. Buchanan as to his willingness to accept the post of Secretary of State. Hon. J. Glancy Jones has declined a place in the Cabinet—one reason assigned for which is, that he wishes to promote harmony in the Democratic family, and another, that he expects to be leader of his party as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means in the House. It is thought in Washington that something will be definitely known to-day.

A dispatch from Washington states that the Senate, in Executive Session on Thursday, agreed to reconsider the vote postponing the consideration of the Dallas Treaty until the 5th of March.

In the State Senate, yesterday, a communication was received from the Secretary of State, giving the number of pardons, &c., granted by the Governors for ten years past, as follows:

By Gov. Young..........[illegible] | By Gov. Seymour......465
By Gov. Fish..........[illegible] | By Gov. Clark........580
[illegible]..........411 | Restor'n to citizenship.409
Total cases of Executive clemency..............2,382

A bill was introduced to prevent stock gambling, the same as that of last year. The Senate adjourned until Tuesday evening. In the Assembly, the Supply bill of 1856 was reported back from the Committee of Ways and Means, divided into five [illegible] bills. The bill abolishing days of grace on sight drafts, &c., was passed. The Assembly also adjourned until Tuesday evening.

We are in receipt of files of papers from Port-au-Prince to the 17th ult. There is no political news to notice. The death of Prince De Jacmel, Grand Marshal of the Empire, which took place on the 9th of January, is recorded in the *Moniteur Haitien*.

Great destruction of property has occurred in Southeastern Missouri, in consequence of the freshets in the rivers. The damage to the Iron Mountain Railroad is estimated at $200,000.

A bill providing for a new apportionment of representation in the Illinois Legislature passed that body on Tuesday, against the protest of the Republican members. It was vetoed by Governor Bissell, and the Legislature adjourned yesterday.

The result of the Grand Inquest in the Burdell murder case is still unknown, as that body did not make their presentment yesterday, as was anticipated. A curious affidavit has been made by a former business partner of Dr. Burdell, which is likely to cause much debate. Some particulars regarding Dr. Burdell's whereabouts on the night of the murder have been ascertained.

The case of Dr. M. Price Moore for conspiracy to murder Mr. Livingston, of Trenton, New-Jersey, which has been before Recorder Smith for some days past, concluded yesterday by a verdict of "not guilty." The Jury were in consultation just half an hour. During their absence from the Court-room, the greatest anxiety was manifested on the part of the large crowd present. The defendant seemed entirely self-possessed, and chatted freely with the friends who surrounded him in the interval, during which the jury were to decide whether he was to pass the next ten years of his life in the State Prison, or to go free, restored to his former respectable position in Society. On the rendering of the verdict he evinced much emotion, a flush of triumphant joy passing over his face; and as the parties around him shook his hands, including the jury, who all greeted him as they passed, he was almost overcome.

In the Superior Court, yesterday, the case of [illegible] vs. Hudson *et al.*,—the *Herald* stock-jobbing case,—was finished, and the Jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, against all the defendants, for the sum of $1,371 17. The matter will probably be carried up to the Court of Appeals on the questions of law.

Of the four fugitive Sing Sing convicts, three have been recaptured and taken back to prison. [illegible] is still loose somewhere. He is a well-known Ninth-Warder. He affords a chance for somebody to make $50 by his apprehension.

A fluid lamp exploded at 8¼ o'clock last evening in the boarding-house of Mrs. Catharine [illegible], No. 10 Greenwich-street, and so badly burned the face of a woman named Sarah [illegible] that she will be probably disfigured for life. The house was set on fire, and was damaged to the extent of about $200.

New-York Libraries.—It is difficult to convince a New-Englander that there is anything in New-York, or anywhere else, for that matter, equal to Boston. The faith of New-England in Boston is truly wonderful. The Providence *Journal* has been greatly excited by the accounts given by one of our contemporaries of a few of the private libraries of New-York. The *Journal* says:

> "Although New-York may possess some choice private libraries, we think that, with three or four exceptions, Boston is far before any city in the United States in its literary treasures. She is in every sense of the term, the 'Athens of America,' and though she has nothing yet which can compare with the magnificent Astor Library, she has in her City Library, Athenæum, and Harvard College, large and very valuable collections of books. But in her private libraries, not even the City of New-York can equal her, with the exception of the few instances quoted."

The Astor Library, which has not been in existence ten years, even the *Journal* admits is superior to anything in Boston. But there is one private library in this City, of which no account has ever been published, that is superior even to the Astor. Dr. Cogswell says of this private collection [illegible] same [illegible] there are volumes [illegible], one of the choicest of their class, which contains more than that entire library. How Boston can be called "the Athens of America in every sense," we do not understand; nor, in fact, how she can be called so in any sense.

The Republicans in Congress and the Corruption Committee.

Some one has remarked that in every suit at law there are two parties on trial,—the accused and the presiding Judge. The saying holds true of the trial pending in Congress. Four members of the House of Representatives stand charged with corrupt conduct:—the House is the tribunal by which judgment is to be pronounced. The proceedings and the result will affect the character of the House quite as seriously as that of the members accused. The whole country expects that Congress will embrace this opportunity to purge itself of corruption. It is bound to weigh candidly and fairly such facts as may be established, and to act upon them *judicially*,—not under the influence of passion or of partisanship, but with a paramount and controlling regard for justice and the dignity of the American character.

The opening debate of Thursday upon this subject does not promise much in this regard. It indicates rather the probable predominance of partisan interests and the possible combination of implicated parties to screen each other. Before the Report of the Committee had even been read, two members of the House,—Mr. Grow of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Bennett of New-York, interposed, on behalf of the parties accused, with a degree of vehemence indicative of a strong personal interest in the result, rather than a desire that strict and impartial justice should be administered. They denounced the action of the Committee, maligned the character of the witnesses, and indicated a purpose to do everything in their power to screen the members whose conduct had been brought in question, without the slightest regard to their guilt, or innocence. Other members interposed technical objections to the action taken,—insisting that the Committee had gone beyond their jurisdiction, or had violated in some particular the technical rules by which proceedings of this kind should be controlled.

Whatever may be the motive of all this zeal on behalf of men upon whom, at the very least, strong suspicions of very gross misconduct have been cast, its display seems to us very untimely and calculated to produce any result but the one aimed at. It will be regarded by the country at large as indicative of an *interest* of some kind or other, in covering up the corruption which is likely to be dragged into light. If that interest is personal the parties will only make themselves sharers in the suspicion which they seek to dispel. If it is a partisan sentiment, which aims to suppress scandals injurious to a political party, it is not only base, but blind, and will aggravate the evil which it endeavors to cure. Three of the four members implicated are members of the Republican Party—the fourth is an American. That no Democrats are connected with these corrupt transactions may be owing to the fact that there are no corrupt Democrats—or it may not. We have no doubt that the Committee has aimed its inquiries especially at Republicans, and we have just as little doubt that it has *evaded* inquiries into the conduct of Democratic members. Without intending to make any statements upon the subject at present, we should not be at all surprised if it should ultimately appear that they have *refused to call witnesses* whose names were in their possession, and who would have shown that Democrats also participated in these corrupt proceedings. Mr. Orr, who has been the ruling spirit on the Committee, has evidently been influenced far more by a desire to make party capital than to elicit truth.

But all this does not in the least change the duty of Congress or of the Republican members. It is their business to punish corruption wherever it is found to exist. The whole country demands that Congress shall be purged of these base and infamous practices. The people will exact a strict account from every man who attempts to hide, or suppress, or depreciate the proofs of the base transactions which have polluted legislation, and cast black reproach upon the institutions and character of the country. And if the Republicans in Congress see fit to make this a party question, and to shoulder the responsibility for the culpable and corrupt acts that may be proved against its members, they will find themselves subjected to a responsibility among their constituents which they cannot meet. The great body of the Republican Party throughout the country will not accept any such issue nor make themselves parties to any such responsibility. They will rather ask to have their ranks purified from all such corrupt and base material,—and they will heartily thank any men and any party for the substantial service of ridding them of such companionship.

We do not wish to imply in these remarks that guilt has been fastened upon any members of Congress by the action of the Committee. That point we submit to the public judgment. But we do mean to say, that the men who rush blindly to the championship of these men while ignorant of the facts proved,—who manifest an indecent haste to assail the character of witnesses, and who denounce the Committee for the zeal and earnest determination with which it has pushed the inquiry it was charged to make, are seriously damaging their own position, and still more seriously injuring the character of the party for which they profess to act. Mr. Bennett, of New-York, who has probably had a closer connection with the land bills of Congress than any other member, saw fit to speak of one of these witnesses as a "poor, miserable, degraded specimen of humanity." What was Mr. Bennett's provocation for so indecent a remark as that? The man thus assailed has done nothing but state facts, under legal compulsion. His character, thus far, is unimpeached, except by the member who can maintain his own in no other way, and who, only a year ago, made this identical man his confidential friend. These random attempts at breaking down testimony will not answer. If the members implicated can explain the circumstances which throw suspicion upon them, and rebut the direct evidence by which their conduct is impeached, they will be entitled to an acquittal from Congress and the country. But mere abuse, like that with which the debate was opened on Thursday, will do no [illegible] to say that those who are anxious to [illegible] the Republican Party into assuming the defence and the responsibility of misconduct that may be proved against men connected with it, will only injure the party, without in the least aiding the object it is designed to serve.

Dr. Burdell's Marriage—New and Important Testimony.

In some comments in the Times, of the 13th inst., upon the manner in which the Burdell inquest was conducted by Coroner Connery, we stated that "one of Burdell's most intimate and confidential friends, who has come a long distance in the belief that he could throw light upon the case, has been refused an examination." The person thus referred to was Mr. E. J. Spicer, of Sackett's Harbor, and he has given in an affidavit, which will be found in another column, his own statement of the information which he offered to the Coroner's Jury, and of the manner and grounds on which it was refused. It forms one of the strangest of the many strange incidents in the history of this most extraordinary proceeding.

Mr. Spicer's testimony, if it had been received, would have established, out of Dr. Burdell's own mouth, the fact of his marriage with Mrs. Cunningham,—and it was on that account, or, to use his own words, because he "knew too much,"—that the Coroner refused to have him sworn. This incident adds another proof to the many we have already noticed, of the obstinacy with which the Coroner persisted in *forcing* the testimony to prove what he had resolved should be established, and in excluding everything that would explode or weaken his theory. He made up his mind at the very outset, that Eckel personated Van Dolan in the call upon Stevens and Dr. Burdell in the alleged marriage, and that he, with Mrs. Cunningham, murdered the Doctor. Whatever facts, suspicions, opinions, gossip or rumors tended to strengthen this belief, were eagerly admitted as testimony:—witnesses were constantly urged and morally compelled to shape their evidence to this end:—and whatever tended to refute the theory, or explode the rumors on which it rested, was excluded. The case of Mr. Spicer caps the climax of insolent and indecent assumption by which this end was steadily aimed at from the commencement.

Mr. Spicer, it appears, is a dentist, and was a partner with Dr. Burdell at No. 31 Bond-street. He was present during the affray between the Doctor and Mrs. Cunningham growing out of the accusation that she had stolen a note out of his safe, and bears witness to the entire propriety of her demeanor. He then says that the Doctor afterwards told him *he had lost no note*, and only resorted to this charge as a means of getting her out of his house. The next day Doctor Spicer was, also, present when Mrs. C. urged Dr. Burdell to fulfil his promise of marriage, and afterwards heard her say that she would sue him if he did not do so. When the suit for slander and for breach of promise came up, Dr. Spicer made an affidavit of all these facts;—and, thereupon Dr. Burdell wrote him a letter, dated between the 2d and 5th of November, telling him that this betrayal of his confidence *had compelled him to marry Mrs. Cunningham.*

This is the substance of Mr. Spicer's statement. Whether it has been made to the Grand Jury, we are not aware. If not, we presume that body will deem it worth while, upon returning from its excursion, and before closing its labors, to summon this witness who "knew too much" for the purposes of Coroner Connery.

Whatever may be true about the murder, we suspect the marriage will prove to have actually taken place between Dr. Burdell and Mrs. Cunningham. Aside from Dr. Spicer's statement, which if true must be conclusive, the weight of evidence is upon that side. One or two points in this connection have received less notice than they merit. About the middle of October, it will be remembered, complaints against Dr. Burdell were made in law by Mrs. Cunningham. She accused him of having violated her person—of having employed his professional skill to destroy the fruit of that forced connection, by abortion—and of not having fulfilled his promise to marry her. Here, then, are two serious and distinct descriptions of offence—criminal as well as civil—one of which, if the accused were convicted, would commit him to Sing-Sing; the other, if proven, would draw largely upon his beloved money. Dr. Burdell, physically and morally a coward, was affrighted, no doubt, at this two-fold assault on his person and purse. He saw the Sheriff, declared his strong disinclination to give publicity to the matter by calling on his relatives or friends to bail him out, and satisfied the Sheriff, without such bail, that he would be forthcoming whenever the occasion required it. Several days after the charges against Burdell were made, Mrs. Cunningham withdrew them. *For what consideration?* Surely, not for so trifling an equivalent as a written promise to let her have her rooms at $800 a year and be a friend to her family? Yet, as it appears, this was the sole and convincing *consideration* for Mrs. Cunningham's abandonment of two such serious suits as those she had commenced! This, on the face of it, looks like an *ostensible* consideration; may not the private marriage have been the *real* one? The marriage, even with the mutual understanding that it should be concealed for a time, may have been the conclusive argument on which Mrs. Cunningham abandoned the weapons of legal warfare which she had taken up against the Doctor.

This supposition reconciles several discrepancies which otherwise are not very manageable. For instance, (to satisfy Mrs. C. as to his property,) the Doctor's written declaration of Oct. 18, that, up to that time, he had not alienated his wealth by making a will—his anger at the waste of coal, by keeping up an extra fire, *his* purse not *hers*, having then to pay the coal bills—his apparently gratuitous assertion that he would not marry, vexed as he probably was at being noosed, and anxious to conceal it; and even Mrs. Cunningham's working out this desire of temporary concealment of the marriage, by throwing her lawyer, Mr. Thayer, off all suspicion *of it*, (natural enough, when he saw for what a nominal consideration she had settled the two suits,) by talking of the probability of her renewing her actions against the Doctor. His being jockeyed into such a marriage would not tend to augment Burdell's admiration, respect, and affection for Mrs. C. In all probability, he was annoyed at the pad-[illegible] may have disliked, if not feared, his wife.

Upon the whole, we are inclined to believe that the theory of the marriage encounters fewer serious difficulties, and is more rational than any which can be made to take its place.

A Curious Conspiracy.

The name of the people is nowhere so vainly taken as in criminal prosecutions. Instances are as plentiful as crime. Take the suit between "The People and Dr. M. Price Moore," for one; and we find it charged with all the characteristics of a private and personal quarrel between one Alfred S. Livingston and the defendant; a quarrel in which the public have no other interest than that of a reprehensible curiosity; and the decision of which, whatever it prove to be, will excite no emotion painful or pleasurable, in the bosom of that abstraction, the nominal complainant. The issue is individual, not general; and yet the forms of a criminal action having been resorted to, and the public prosecutor made a party, we are obliged to treat it with the notice and respect of legal proceedings.

The story upon which the indictment is founded draws as largely upon the credulity of a common-sense jury as the voyages of Sinbad. Livingston, the real plaintiff in the cause, is a resident of Trenton, New-Jersey; holding we know not what social position, as the evidence fails to elucidate that point. Dr. Moore, the defendant, is a physician of twenty years' standing in this City; certified as to respectability by high authorities, and without stain as to rectitude or question as to sanity previous to the present prosecution. Both are men past middle age, of reputed wealth, and apparently without adequate motive to this imbroglio. The charge is, that at sundry times within two years, Dr. Moore has endeavored to hire persons to take the life of Livingston; directing them how to proceed to accomplish the act; how to reach Trenton; how to gain access to the house of the victim; and offering large prospective rewards for the homicide. The charge is sustained by the evidence of three witnesses, the first of whom is a negro named Wesley, for twenty-two years a resident of New-York. This witness declared that he had been applied to in June last by one Still, a colored man, since dead, to visit Dr. Moore, and make proposals for executing the little job thus recklessly advertised by the latter; that upon doing so, the Doctor represented Livingston as having defrauded him out of $40,000, which at his death he could recover; and that he desired Wesley, in conjunction with Still, to produce that consummation. Wesley received several suggestions as to the best mode of executing the deed, the Doctor's favorite being a sudden blow upon the temple with a hammer; but, if no opening for that specific mode presented itself, an accidental shot from a fowling-piece might answer, the assassin to accompany his victim in one of the frequent hunting excursions of the latter. Beyond a few hints as to gaining admission to Livingston's house in the character of fugitive slaves, it was left to the wit of the negroes to create opportunities for the crime. Wesley visited Dr. Moore repeatedly during the month of June under pretence of exacting a better bargain; and then, with his partner, Still, divulged the whole story to Livingston, and reaped as a sole reward the satisfaction of having saved a fellow-creature's life. A Miss Anne Worden comes forward to corroborate the negro. *She* was applied to nearly a year before, namely, in August, 1855, as a proper person to make way with Livingston; the scene of application being, as in the case of Wesley, at the Doctor's office in Chambers-street. Miss Worden had been introduced to Dr. Moore, she testified, a few weeks before hearing the proposition, at Shrewsbury, by one Hyatt, a mutual friend, and had called repeatedly upon the Doctor after her return. The bloodthirsty physician had named the subject to her; stated his wrongs and expectations; offered her the contract; and pointed out a hammer, a dagger, and a drug, as furnishing a choice of messengers of death at her service. She likewise fled to Trenton, and apprized Livingston. The third witness was Benjamin Price Moore, a younger brother of the Doctor, who had the project submitted to him at the same place, last April. Whether advised of the parsimonious treatment Miss Worden had met with at the hands of Mr. Livingston, or moved by the conviction that the offer might be more profitably held *in terrorem* over his brother's head, Moore did not visit Trenton until six months of experiment had taught him the impossibility of extracting money from the Doctor's pocket by threatening exposure. In November last, however, he followed the example of the others; confessed himself to the much injured Jerseyman; and had the satisfaction of doing so much towards depositing his brother for ten years in the penitentiary. Upon these three columns, the negro, the young woman, and the brother, whose love of justice rises superior to the obligations of fraternal affection, rests the case of the prosecution.

It is met at the threshold by the defence, with an argument *ex absurdo*. Is it to be believed that Dr. Moore, a man of sound judgment, sufficient means, and fair professional and social rank, would contemplate the crime alleged; or contemplating it, would deal with such instruments, in so reckless a way as to inevitably insure his own inculpation and conviction as a murderer? Could he fail to see, when he furnished weapons, as is alleged, to Anne Worden, and a carpet-bag to contain them, that if she committed the crime in the bungling way he is described as suggesting, she would be arrested, at once incriminate him to save herself, and substantiate her charge by reference to the articles he had supplied her; the testimony of Hyatt, who is alleged to have known of their bargain; and the interest the Doctor is pretended to have had in the death of the deceased? But when it is further shown by the defence, that two civil actions are now pending between Moore and Livingston, where the former seeks to recover $40,000, and must fail to do so without the latter is alive to testify, and would certainly have no chance to recover, should the defendant die, the presumption, they argue, gathers additional strength that Dr. Moore is not guilty. But the three witnesses? say the Jury. We shall endeavor to dispose of them, says the defence, by assuming the conspiracy to be the other way; that Livingston is endeavoring to condemn Moore to [illegible] death, in trying to impeach his evidence in the civil suits just referred to. Wesley, the [illegible], and [illegible] Worden, they assert, are just the tools for such a purpose; that they are people not to be credited under oath; and they insist that the liberty and character of no respectable and well-known citizen ought to be endangered upon testimony so questionable. No attempt is made to impeach the character of Wesley; it is apparently taken for granted that being an unknown, shiftless, lazy negro, he has no character sufficiently tangible to bear inquiry; and his testimony may be permitted to go for what it is worth. It may be some guide to the appraisement, when we recall that after he had given New-York as his place of residence for twenty-one or two years, and had produced a policeman—a dubious acquaintance—who had known him for six or seven, he was asked where he lived at the period of his interviews with Dr. Moore; and answered: "I think it is called Leonard-street, but I am not acquainted enough with the City to say whether Leonard or Anthony street." The tale of such a *raconteur* evidently requires support, which the defence were evidently resolved it should not have. They impeach Anne Worden as a common strumpet, producing the keepers of brothels to establish the fact; and thus refuting her sworn declarations as to her means of life, honesty and the like. Hyatt is placed upon the stand, and whenever the narrative of the girl comes in contact with points of which he is cognizant, swears to its falsity. Improbabilities of a notable description are pointed out in her evidence; for instance, that she took the hammer, dagger, laudanum and bag given her by the Doctor home with her; and that they were used commonly by her mother without one inquiry as to whence they came. That the same indifferent matron made no remark whatever, upon inquiry, touching her absence, when she went to Trenton. It was also observed that the young woman was unnecessarily modest about naming her place of residence, alleging danger of violence apprehended from the vindictive Moore, could he get at her. As for Benjamin Moore, evidence was brought to prove him a drunken, worthless reprobate; at one time insane; a notorious liar, not to be credited under oath; harboring bitter animosity towards his brother, against whom he had at one time set up a false charge of arson, as a means of extorting money from his fears. Members of the Moore family swore to the bad character of this witness, eliciting testimonials to the forbearance and moderation of the elder brother. Such is the defence. Adding his own averment under oath that the whole charge is false, the product of conspiracy, the defendant claimed a verdict of acquittal.

Our readers will not be surprised to learn that he got it. So strangely absurd a story has never, before within our knowledge, been offered to the credulity of a Jury. It is to be hoped that the parties who concocted it may now have their turn at the bar of Justice.

The Bond-street Tragedy.

The Grand Jury will probably make their report to-day on the murder of Dr. Burdell, and, it is very probable, that they will bring in a true bill against the persons now in prison on the strength of the verdict rendered by the Coroner's Jury. What may prove the result of the trial of these unfortunate persons we will not surmise. But, now that the unparalleled excitement caused by this mysterious murder has in a degree subsided, the sobered mind of the public will look back with wonder at the utter lack of human sympathy which has been evinced towards the unfortunate members of the suspected family in Bond-street ever since the investigation in the affair was commenced by the Coroner. The brutalities of the Coroner, his bungling manner of conducting the investigation, and his determination to fasten the guilt of the murder upon certain persons must be the apology for the bias of the public mind and the unwonted tone of the press; for, although the conduct of the Coroner was universally and loudly condemned, yet, from the manner in which he conducted the inquest, his excluding all testimony which did not have a tendency to confirm his own hypothesis of the guilty persons, it was hardly possible to avoid being influenced by his opinions. The family at No. 31 Bond-street, therefore, have been held responsible for the bloody deed, and even the innocent children of Mrs. Cunningham have been subjected to the cruelest and most unfeeling treatment; the vilest slanders have been freely circulated about her daughters, and young girls, where sex and age ought to have been sufficient to protect them from even a rude look, have been exposed to coarse and ribald jests, and slanderous stories have been daily published about them and their mother which must leave a blight upon their hearts that neither time, nor any after good fortune can efface. Even if Mrs. Cunningham had been convicted of the crime of which she has been accused, her innocent children should have been spared the terrible punishment that has now been inflicted upon them on the mere suspicion of their mother's participation in the murder of Dr. Burdell. The whole community was kept in a ferment of excited feelings, and the worst passions of the mob were roused by the prolonged brutalities of the Coroner, who seemed to be much more anxious to create a row than to elicit the truth in respect to the murder, and who manifested about as much delicacy of feeling in examining witnesses, as one of his countrymen would exhibit at Donnybrook fair.

But, the most astounding circumstance that has attended this whole affair, is revealed in the letter of Doctor Spicer, the former business partner of Doctor Burdell, to which we have alluded more fully in another article. We have no words to fitly characterize the conduct of the Coroner in not availing himself of this important witness, whose evidence was, in fact, more important than nine-tenths of that which he admitted. If Doctor Spicer had been examined, his evidence would have relieved the family of Mrs. Cunningham of much of the obloquy which has been heaped upon their heads; it would have saved the Jury from the necessity of prolonging their examination, and it might have changed the character of their verdict. The publication of the letter will greatly add to the indignation that has been excited against Coroner Connery by his improper conduct, and it will furnish additional cause, if any were required, for his removal by the Governor. No man knows how soon he may [illegible] be subjected to the [illegible] of Coroner [illegible], and it is to be hoped [illegible] such a disgraceful inquest as that held in Bond-street, [illegible] to save us from such a calamity.

A [illegible] and [illegible] Imposition.—The Editor of a daily newspaper is from the necessity of his position and the nature of his duties, exposed to impositions of various kinds from which it is not always easy to protect himself. Falsehood and forgery, if shrewdly employed, are very likely to deceive Editors, as they constantly deceive merchants, lawyers and business men of every kind. We have endeavored to protect the columns of the Times against such frauds, and on the whole have no special reason to complain of failure. Yet in at least one instance the very impudence of the imposition secured its success.

We received some time since a communication commenting on Archbishop Hughes' article on the Catholic Press. It came accompanied by a private note to the Editor of the Times, signed with the name of one of the most venerable and respectable of the Catholic clergy in Boston, who avowed himself the author and expressed a desire not to be known as such, unless it should become necessary. Recognizing the alleged authorship as eminently responsible, the article was published, without anything more than a cursory perusal, in the Times of Jan. 9, under the signature of "Equitas." Upon subsequently applying to the supposed author for permission to give his name to parties interested, we were surprised by the reply that he had never written any such article, and knew nothing whatever of the matter. It was clear that his name had been deliberately *forged* by the writer, who availed himself of this criminal mode of striking a cowardly blow at the character of the Archbishop, and at the same time of belying a Catholic clergyman, and imposing upon the editor of the Times so far as to make it the means of giving effect to his double malignity. The character of the article corresponds with the means employed to secure its publication. It was palpably and purely malicious,—designed not to promote any good public end, but simply to gratify personal malice. It was a compound of abuse, mingled with facts distorted, perverted, and misrepresented,—well calculated to impose upon hasty readers.

We need not add the expression of our regret at having been thus betrayed into the publication of such an assault upon the personal character of Archbishop Hughes. This distinguished Prelate has never shrunk from a full and complete responsibility to the public for whatever action he has deemed it his duty to take in connection with public affairs. Whatever he does is done openly and in his own name, and we have more than once had occasion to express our dissent from his sentiments and his policy. But of the purity of his character, the integrity of his motives and his fidelity to the interests entrusted to his charge there is no room for doubt. We should be sorry to suppose that the cowardly calumniator who by fraud and forgery has made this journal the vehicle of his malice, had been able to injure him in the slightest degree.

A City Car-Load.—Among the good suggestions in Mayor Wood's last message was that in respect to a law limiting the number of passengers which a City car should carry. It is the rule with the conductors of these vehicles now to cram them as full as they can hold, and it is the motto of all conductors that there is always room for one more. We happened to be in a car yesterday, into which forty-one men and women were crammed; the actual accommodation not exceeding the room for more than twenty. And, as there are generally more than one person in such an indiscriminate jam with whom it is not desirable to come in too close contact, the consequences of such packing are sometimes as dangerous as they are unpleasant.

Venality of Theatrical and Musical Criticisms.—The *Herald* accuses a "certain class of journals" of venality in their theatrical criticisms, and, we have no doubt, with great justice. There is one journal in this City that we could name, and we are happy to say there is but one, that has a job-printing office attached to it, and every manager, concert-giver and showman in the City know to their cost, that unless they have their bills printed at that office, the journal in question will not only not notice their establishments, except to abuse them, but will not even publish their advertisements. The managers themselves who submit to such blackmailing must be very green indeed not to know that the praise or censure of such a journal is equally worthless. But, what is most surprising about the matter is, that a venal journal should take particular pains to direct public attention to its own venality.

Amusements.

Mr. Thalberg's First Matinee.

Mr. Thalberg's ability is only equaled by his willingness to use it for the gratification of his admirers. Not satisfied with the enormous labors of playing in large halls every night, he has arranged a series of snug matinées musicales, the first of which came off yesterday, at Dodworth's Saloon. The attendance was large, and mostly ladies. A few gentlemen of strong nerves and much leisure were the solitary representatives of the sterner sex. An air of extreme [illegible] prevailed, owing to many causes. First, the redoubtable Brown was present, and contributed a churchey air to the proceedings; then, the attendance being limited to two hundred subscribers, there was an absence of the usual excitement round the doors. There were some peculiarities about this concert. A goodly number of colored gentlemen, in livery, officiated during an interval set apart for "lunch." The Wizard of the North used to present his patrons with a glass of spirits out of the magic bottle. Mr. Thalberg hands them a cup of chocolate or a dish of ice-cream. It has certainly a remarkable and somewhat ludicrous effect to see an army of darkies, in knee breeches, handing round refreshments in a concert room.

M. Thalberg never played so well. Inspired by the presence of the ladies, or delighted with the admirable acoustical qualities of the apartment, (it is the room for piano-forte playing,) he seemed to rise superior to himself in power, brilliancy, [illegible] and finish. The classical features of the programme were the sonata in C sharp minor, by Beethoven, and the March Funebre, by Chopin. The [illegible], intelligent phrasing of the first work, gave it a new interest in the hands of M. Thalberg. Its [illegible] repetitions were scarcely at all [illegible], while its better qualities were brought into delightful prominence. Chopin's immortal march was played with absolute perfection. In addition to these two pieces M. Thalberg performed half a dozen others. Not satisfied with this he made a little speech to the ladies, and begged that they would name a piece, and he would play it. Half a score of voices cried out "Home, Sweet Home;" one desired the "Tarantella," and another the "Moïse." Favoring the majority, M. Thalberg played the first-named piece.

We have [illegible] another attraction of this concert by the last [illegible]. When a great actor makes his appearance in a new part, there is a natural curiosity to witness his success. How much more so [illegible]

[illegible]

A resolution was adopted by the Board of Education, at its last meeting, directing that the various Public Schools assemble at 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, the 23d inst., for the purpose of listening to the reading of WASHINGTON'S Farewell Address, and to such other appropriate exercises as may be selected by the School officers and teachers, to commemorate WASHINGTON'S Birthday. In the Sixteenth Ward arrangements have been made by Commissioners HASKETT and SMITH to carry the above-named resolution into effect in Mr. MCNARY'S school No. 11, and Mr. FOULKE'S school No. 45, in fine style. After a musical prelude, JOHN B. SCOLES, Esq., will deliver an address on the character of WASHINGTON, which will be followed by the reading of the Farewell Address, or select portions of it specially apposite to the times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—WE cannot too earnestly commend to the attention of our aged friends, or others who have been so unfortunate as to lose their hair, the restoring properties of Professor WOOD'S wonderful discovery. Certificates of its efficacy are constantly coming in, and a village can hardly be be found in the West where living witnesses cannot be found to testify from experience that it will not only restore gray hair to its original color, but will restore to the bald-head the locks of youth and beauty, thus furnishing an effectual antidote for the ravages of time and disease. Among those who certify positively to its efficacy in accomplishing its work, is Judge Breese, of this Circuit, together with other responsible witnesses. Gray-headed bachelors and widowers who desire to make their market, and all others afflicted as above described, deserve to bear their misfortunes without sympathy, if they will not avail themselves of the offered remedy.—Alton Courier.

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A GREAT PAPER.—OVER FIVE HUNDRED Original Stories, Sketches, Poetical Contributions, Editorial Articles and Items of interest, will be published in this week's number of the NEW-YORK DISPATCH. It would require an advertisement of a column in length to give a list of the Contents alone. The DISPATCH is a large quarto sheet, containing fifty-six columns of choice, original matter from the pens of the best writers in the country. Price four cents—the cheapest paper published in the world! Sold by all News-Agents. Get a copy and judge for yourself. If you don't want to be disappointed you must apply early, as the publishers have, for some weeks, been unable to supply the demand, notwithstanding the fact that it is printed on one of Hoe's Lightning Presses.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

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Would call the attention of WHOLESALE BUYERS to their extensive assortment of Spring and Summer styles.

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From Hon. Solomon Foote, of Vermont.

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Masonic.—The members of La Fayette Lodge, No. 64 F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to attend a special communication of the Lodge to be held on SATURDAY MORNING, 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, at Gothic room, Odd Fellows' Hall, to attend the funeral of our late worshipful brother, Joseph Blackburn. By order.

W. IRVING ADAMS, Secretary.

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SOME OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS WEEK'S NUMBER.

"*Moral Cosmetics*"—A pungent article on conservative ministers; by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"*Conservative Associations in Defence of Popular Sins*"—from the Pen of Rev. Dr. Cheever.

"*Dr. Bushnell and California College.*"

"*An Honorable Peace for Switzerland*"—By an English Correspondent.

"*Letters on Art*"—giving this week a paper on "Organization." This series of articles will be found of special interest to artists, amateurs, and connoisseurs.

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"*Singing and Preaching*"—By a Singer and Preacher.

"*The Dependence of the Christian on the Holy Spirit*"—an elaborate and eloquent article.

"*Tract Societies*"—showing in what manner they must operate, in order to be efficient and successful.

"*The Cost of Worship in New-York*"—which contains some suggestions worthy of the attention of our City church-members.

"*Our Boston Correspondence*"—An admirable letter, having reference to recent developments of crime in this City and elsewhere.

"*Commercial and Financial*"—Giving this week, in addition to the usual list of FAILURES, prepared exclusively for *The Independent*, a history of the Metropolitan Bank of this City.

"*Aunt Sally; or the Cross the Way to Freedom*"—An Anti-Slavery Story, just commenced and to be continued.

"*Honor thy Father and thy Mother.*"

"*Horticulture*"—Giving an article appropriate to the season.

The "Editor's Table," the "City Religious News," the "Foreign Miscellany," the "Domestic Summary," the "Religious Intelligence," are as complete and as full of interest as usual. These departments of *The Independent* are not equaled in excellence and value by any other religious newspaper in this country.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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ing lest the slightest sound should betray his whereabouts. Frequently, too, he stopped in his work to wipe the cold moisture that bedewed his face, and fell like drops of rain on the hard earth on which he worked and strained.

Two hours had passed; two long, unutterably dreadful hours, and yet the work was not complete.

Anon, the darkness and the tempest cleared away, and revealed the higher heaven of clouds, through which two bright stars shone out, like two avenging eyes, to note and chronicle his deed. At intervals, another and another star looked out through the dark veil of clouds, making the man to pause often in his revolting task and to gaze upward with inquietude and dread upon the still brightening sky; and as the faint reflection of the rising moon showed itself upon the broad dim edges of the packed clouds, with palpitating heart and parched and crackling lips the murderer toiled with redoubled force.

Another hour passed, and at length the weary man arose from his labor.

Hitherto he had studiously kept his eyes from the quarter where the body lay; and now that the work was so far done, he stood irresolute, unable to complete the revolting task, or direct his gaze upon the terrible thing his own desperate hand had made. The silence, too, no longer disturbed by the slight noise of his work, was painful; fearfully still, and unearthly tranquil. His breath came short, his blood felt cold, and his laboring heart beat slow and strong in sudden pants; he felt his limbs totter, and his scalp grew contracted, lifting the damp locks straight off his brow.

And at that moment the moon burst like an avenging spirit out of the dark veil that shrouded it; changing in a single thought the visible night into a glaring day.

As the full stream of light fell upon the broken ground, revealing every stone and blade of grass with the distinctness of a Summer noon, the murderer's breast heaved convulsively, and he would have cried aloud had his swollen tongue permitted, as his fascinated look fell upon the lifeless corse, that, cold and stiff in the sleep of death, basked in the slanting moonbeams, while in its broken features and protruding eye the flitting ray seemed at times to make the dead man smile. The murderer gasped for breath, and every fibre of his frame trembled violently from the physical terror of his mind.

With a desperate effort, and maddened as it would seem, by his own irresolution, he approached the body, and threw his handkerchief across its face, and then, seizing the feet, dragged the body to the shallow grave.

It was too narrow for the dead man's shoulders, and in his agony and desperate haste, he forced and stamped the body with his foot, but in vain, it would not go down.

One arm, now stiff and hard, stood up; and to his fevered thoughts, the long fingers, pointing upwards, seemed to admonish him of retribution.

His brain seemed on fire; the air was suffocating, he could not breathe, and he tore open his coat, and inner garments to allow the night air to fan his hot breast. Then, grasping the uplifted arm, by sheer strength he bent and forced it under the corse. As he did so, the stiff bent fingers, trailed over his face, making him recoil shuddering with horror.

In, in, with wild haste, he threw the earth, but still the corse-like shape remained; he could not hide the ghostly outline.

More, more earth he heaped, and then upon the body, barely sprinkled with loose mould, he laid the rough and tangled sod, and smoothed and pressed the grassy covering down.

At length his task was completed—the sod was even with the sward—there was not even a projecting lump or a single hollow; the new earth was carefully removed and scattered; and it was quite evident that in a few hours, all traces of that fearful tragedy must be obliterated. He picked up the iron instrument of death, and the spade, and walking a short distance, he reached a high embankment which looked down upon the river, and hurled them, one after the other, into the deep and turbid stream which flowed beneath. The splashing noise startled him for a moment; he paused, listened, and then, reassured, turned to retrace his steps. As he reached that spot beneath which his victim was buried, he halted, and examined carefully his work, as though to assure himself that nothing was forgotten which could tend to the most complete concealment of his deed. While he was thus engaged, he suddenly uttered a shrill, terrible cry, and his eyes, starting wildly from their sockets, were fixed upon a low piece of a broken wall—the charred remains of some deserted hut—which stood immediately behind the grave. The terror of that moment must have been intense, to have wrung from that cold assassin such a bitter groan; but it was over in a moment. It was his own shadow, falling aslant upon the wall, which had frightened him. He smiled at his weakness, wiped the perspiration from his brow, buttoned his coat closely across his breast, and strode away from the scene. And as he walked, his thin, bloodless lips opened and shut nervously; and he rubbed his hands, small and fleshless, together, as though for warmth.

He could leave behind the corse of his victim,—he could banish the scene from his eyes; but could he thus banish the recollection?—could he thus leave behind all memory of that deed?

No—no!

Even now, upon the footsteps of the guilty one, there hangs the nameless horror—whithersoever he may go, the lone dweller, Conscience, pursues him. In the light and glare of day, amid business or pleasure, forgetfulness of the past may for a moment bless him; but at nightfall, when the hoarse winds moan through the trees; when the weird light, or rather its phantom, gives to the crevices and angles a quaint and startling appearance; when the low trees, grim and indefinite, resemble spectres gibbering in frightful merriment,—when strange noises echo through the streets, and the wind, forcing its way through window and chimney, peoples each chamber with unearthly sounds and voices; when there is silence upon the city and the sea, and the hush and quiet of solitude leave his soul to undisturbed possession of the past; then, then must come the icy clasp of fear upon his heart, and the chill of a terrible despair arrest the current of his blood, as, in this agony of dread, he surveys

The Shadow!

Yes, for albeit that is but the dull outline of himself which thus rivets his attention and evokes a *fearful agony*, there is yet sufficient resemblance in it to a form which his hand robbed of existence, to make it the foretaste of *hell. The indistinctness of that shadow is in itself* a torture; for to the distorted imagination of the conscience-stricken, it seemeth like a veiled phantom; the dull void is occupied with rigid, ghostly features, and glaring eyes; and he sees this, as it were, in a darkness and within a darkness.

* * * * * * *

But who was this cool and self-possessed homicide, who chose that scene and hour for the commission of his crime,—and who was the victim, now sleeping calmly beneath the tangled sod of that desolate suburb? By what motive was the slayer actuated,—what end, or ends, did he hope by that sanguinary means to accomplish?

[For the continuation of this startling and original romance, see the next number of the Sunday Courier.]

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FILE FOR SALE OF NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES [illegible]

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

[illegible]

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

[illegible]

LECTURES.

[illegible]

PERSONAL.

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible] THALBERG'S MATINEES. [illegible] SALOON, No. [illegible] BROADWAY. [illegible] those who were disappointed in pro[illegible] [illegible] to the first series, the management beg to announce that MR. THALBERG will give a [illegible] series of TWO MATINEES MUSICALES, the first of which will take place upon THURSDAY, Feb. 26, and the second and last on TUESDAY, March 3. [illegible] care will be taken to make the Matinées as select [illegible]. The price of a Subscription Ticket has been fixed at THREE DOLLARS EACH, which will admit subscribers to the two Matinées. The number of subscribers has been strictly limited to FOUR HUNDRED. It has been thought advisable not to reserve any seats, all being, from the smallness of the room, equally desirable for hearing and seeing. THE SALE OF THE MATINEE TICKETS will commence on Monday, Feb. 23, at Breusing's, No. 701 Broadway, and Van Norden & King's, No. 45 Wall-st. Every care will be taken to make these Matinées as select as possible. The general arrangements, which will be similar in every respect to those of the former series, are under the direction of MR. BROWN, Sexton of Grace Church.

DAYS OF THE MATINEES AND EVENING CONCERTS:
[illegible] (first series,) Tuesday and Friday, Feb. 24 [illegible]
[illegible] (second series,) Thursday, Feb. 26, Tuesday, March 3.
Evening Concerts, Tuesday and Thursday, Feb. 24 and 26.

THALBERG'S THIRD CONCERT. NIBLO'S SALOON, SATURDAY, Feb. 21. S. THALBERG. MADAME D'ANGRI, MADAME JOHANNSEN, MRS. E. L. DAVENPORT, MR. JOSEPH BURKE, SIG. ABELLA. MR. THALBERG will play "La Sonnambula," "La Tarantella," "Home, sweet Home," and, for the First and Only Time, (at the Evening Concerts,) HUMMEL'S CELEBRATED SEPTETT, for piano, flute, oboe, horn, viola, violoncello and contra-basso. MADAME D'ANGRI will sing Arias from "Saffo," "Il Barbiere di Seville," the "Brindisi," from "Lucrezia Borgia," and Andante and Waltz by Signor ABELLA. MADAME JOHANNSEN will sing "Grace," from Robert le Diable, Lied by [illegible], and "Tambour-lied," by Abt. MRS. E. L. DAVENPORT will recite "The American Flag," by Drake. MR. JOSEPH BURKE will play an Air Varié, by Beriot. Doors open at 7½; to commence at 8 o'clock. Reserved Seats $1 50 and $1; the sale of Seats commences on THURSDAY, Feb. 19, at 9 o'clock, at BREUSING'S, No. 701 Broadway, and VAN NORDEN & KING'S, No. 45 Wall-st. ORDER OF THE SALE. On Friday will be sold the $1 50 reserved seats only. On Saturday the $1 and remaining $1 50 reserved seats. All seats unsold during the day may be had in the evening at the door. On TUESDAY next, Feb. 24, THALBERG'S Fourth Evening Concert.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
E. A. MARSHALL......Lessee.
W. R. BLAKE......Stage Manager.
[illegible] This Evening SATURDAY, Feb. 21, 1857, Third night of MR. H. PLACIDE, [illegible] of the COMEDY OF ERRORS, in which the Brothers PLACIDE will appear.
Mr. H. Placide......as......Dromio of Syracuse
Mr. T. Placide......as......Dromio of Ephesus
Mrs. L. W. Davenport......as......Antipholis of Syracuse
Miss Olive Logan......as......Antipholis of Ephesus
Prelude—OBJECT OF INTEREST.
Farce—NABOB FOR AN HOUR. Mr. H. Placide as SAM HOBBS.
Mr. FORREST will continue his engagement on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of next week.
Great Comedy Combination—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
MR. H. PLACIDE, MR. BLAKE, &c., &c.
Overture begins at 7 o'clock precisely.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA. REAPPEARANCE OF MADAME CORA DE WILHORST. MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23, When, by general desire, Donizetti's Opera, LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR, will be performed for the only time during the season.
Lucia......Madame CORA DE WILHORST
(her first appearance since her recent severe indisposition.)
Edgardo......Sig. Tiberini | Ashton......Sig. Morelli
Arturo......Sig. Arnoldi | Raymond......Sig. Barilli
Director and Conductor......MAURICE STRAKOSCH.
Parquet, Dress Circle, First Tier......$1
Reserved Seats 50c. extra | Amphitheatre......25c.
Family Circle......50c. | Private Boxes, from $6 to $20
Subscription for Twelve Nights, including reserved seat, $12.
The Box-Offices for securing seats will be open daily from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. at the Academy of Music; BREUSING'S, No. 701 Broadway; HALL & SON'S, No. 239 Broadway, and VAN NORDEN & KING'S, No. 45 Wall-st. Opera commences at 8.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 26, GRAND CONCERT by the pupils of Ward Schools Nos. 9, 17, and 28, [illegible] Ward. The avails of this Entertainment will be appropriated to the purchase of piano-fortes for the use of the pupils. The cooperation of the friends of these Schools is respectfully solicited.
BOARD OF SCHOOL OFFICERS, THIRD WARD:
Commissioners—Dr. Joseph Edwards, David B. Kerr.
Inspectors—Dr. Abijah Ingraham, Valentine Ruppert.
Trustees—William Holmes, William Dealing, Jr., John F. Fay, Matthew Helck, John Adams, Terence Riley, Patrick Murphy, John Kelly.
Conductor......Francis H. Nash
Tickets [illegible] cents each. May be obtained from the school officers and pupils of the schools in the Ward, and at the Academy of Music two days before the Concert. Performances will commence at 7½ o'clock; doors open at [illegible] o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA. Reappearance of MADAME CORA DE WILHORST, On MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23. The Box Office for securing seats is now open at the Academy of Music.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA. Ladies and gentlemen of the Chorus, and gentlemen of the Orchestra engaged for the Italian Opera, are requested to attend Rehearsal at the Academy of Music THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—ITALIAN OPERA.—MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23, reappearance of Mme. CORA DE WILHORST. The Box offices for securing seats for Monday, open to-day at 9 A. M., at the Academy of Music; Breusing's, No. 701, and Hall & Sons, No. 239 Broadway, and Van Norden & King's, No. 45 Wall st.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.—TO THE SEASON SUBSCRIBERS.—The Box office at the Academy of Music is now open for another Subscription Season of 12 nights. Subscription for First Tier, Balcony and Parquet, for 12 nights, including selection of seats, $12.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY. SATURDAY—The Manager is satisfied that he CANNOT DO BETTER than repeat the excellent pieces, as follows, AND THE PUBLIC CANNOT DO BETTER than secure seats and tickets to witness them: The comedy of THE FOUR PHANTOMS. The burlesque of the new CAMILLE. The comic Ballet Divertissement. GREAT HIT OF THE NEW CAMILLE. Mr. Burton as Camille; Mr. Brougham as The Author. Miss Polly Marshall as Armand, Mr. Mark Smith as the Governor of Coney Island. The new comedy, in three acts, highly successful, of THE FOUR PHANTOMS; Or, THE LEGEND OF ST. MARK. Mrs. A. Plunkett as Lady Rush. Mr. C. Fisher, Miss P. Marshall, Mr. M. Smith, Mr. Moore. Brougham and Burton as the Irishman and Cockney. Also, the new Comic Ballet of THE ECCENTRIC LOVERS.

LAURA KEENE'S NEW THEATRE. No. [illegible] BROADWAY, NEAR HOUSTON-ST. Miss Laura Keene......Sole Lessee and Directress. Doors open at 6½. The performance will commence with the overture at 7 o'clock. BENEFIT OF THE AUTHOR, MR. E. G. P. WILKINS. SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 21, 1857, MY WIFE'S MIRROR. Supported by Messrs. Jordan, Burnett, Ringgold, Mrs. T. B. Johnston, and Miss Laura Keene. NEW MUSIC BY THE ORCHESTRA. YOUNG NEW YORK. Supported by Messrs. Jordan, Wheatleigh, J. A. Smith, Burnett, Stoddart, Lingham, Miss Manners, Mr. H. P. Grattan, and Miss Laura Keene.

MECHANICS' HALL, NO. [illegible] BROADWAY. SPECIAL NOTICE. FOURTH AND POSITIVELY LAST WEEK of the original, well-known, and only CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS, (organized in 1842. The first and oldest established band in the world.) Now under the management of [illegible] RAYNOR & E. H. PIERCE, [illegible] crowded nightly to greet the old favorites. A decided triumph. An entire new bill for this the last [illegible] of the Christy's at home, to commence at 7½. Tickets 25 cents. J. T. DONNELLY, Agent.

WALLACK'S THEATRE. To-NIGHT, FEB. 21, MISS MATILDA HERON IN MEDEA. Monday, MEDEA; Tuesday, MEDEA; Wednesday, CAMILLE. A new comedietta on Monday. Favorite farces every night.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS. NEW HALL, No. [illegible] BROADWAY. Opposite the Metropolitan Hotel. GREAT SUCCESS of the Grand Operatic Sketch, entitled HONOR TO DR. KANE; OR, "AFFAIRS IN THE ARCTIC REGIONS." Which will be repeated all this week, with NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents. On FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 27, Benefit of R. CARROL.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—THE CRYSTAL PALACE is still open to the Public, and contains many things curious and wonderful. The Statuary alone is worth the price of admission.

THE PALMER MARBLES—STATUE OF Indian Girl and eleven other pieces of Sculpture, at No. 548 Broadway. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admittance 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM. THALBERG'S FIFTH CONCERT IN BROOKLYN, FRIDAY, Feb. 27. THE SALE OF SEATS Will commence on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, at ROSE'S Bookstore, SANDFORD'S Music store, and VAN NORDEN & KING'S.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—CONCERT IN Behalf of the Building Fund of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23, 1857. The following eminent artists will appear on this occasion, viz.: Mrs. EMMA G. BOSTWICK, Mr. GOLDBECK, and Mr. APTOMMAS. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents, to be had at WM. W. ROSE'S Book Store, No. 110 Atlantic-st.; WM. H. BABCOCK'S Book Store, No. 241 Fulton-st., or at the door on the evening of the Concert.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—DRESS Circle 25 cents; Pit 12½ cents; Orchestra Chairs 50 cts.; Private Boxes $5. THIS EVENING, Feb. 21, the entertainments will commence with the play of ORION, THE GOLD BEATER. Orion......J. H. Allen | Constance......Mrs. Nichols. To be followed by the favorite pantomime of THE SCHOOL IN AN UPROAR. To conclude with the Irish comic drama of PADDY THE PIPER.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.—SATURDAY, Feb. 21. THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, and also THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock. The popular Domestic Drama of THE WILLOW COPSE, and the marvelous personage known as LE SERPENT DU DESERT, the Ari Cheriff, from Arabia. The LIVING PHANTOM, AFRICAN SERPENTS, HAPPY FAMILY, &c. Admission 25 cents; children under 10, 12½ cents.

ARNOLD, THE BEARDED BOY, OR THE Man in miniature, is now on exhibition at No. 337 Broadway, opposite the Broadway Theatre. This wonderful boy is only three years old, weighs one hundred pounds, has a beard, whiskers and moustache, and nearly his whole body covered with hair. Admittance 12 cents.

THEODORE EISFELD'S CLASSICAL SOIREE.—The fourth of the 7th season, 37th concert,) at Dodworth's, on TUESDAY, 24th inst. Mlle. N. DE ROODE, and Mr. H. C. TIMM will assist Mr. EISFELD'S Quartette Party.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY, NO. 497 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country. It contains 150 Paintings. Open day and evening. Admittance 25 cents.

BALLS.

GRAND BALL—ON SATURDAY EVENING, Feb 21, at Mlle. CAROLINE VEZIEN'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 21 Howard-st.; the ball will open at 8 o'clock and close at 12. Tickets 50 cents. The above Academy is open every day for the instruction of ladies and gentlemen, at 3 o'clock P. M. and 7 o'clock in the evening, for practice.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant girls—one to do chamberwork and take care of children; the other to do housework; is a first-rate washer and ironer. Have City reference, and no objection to go in the country. Call for two days, at No. 44 Essex-st., second floor.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—A GENTLEMAN, who is at present obliged to reside in the country, would like to get some employment in the City, in any mechanical or manufacturing business that would occupy him from 9 A. M. until 5 or 6 P. M. He has a natural turn for mechanics; is well acquainted with the City and business generally; (could act as salesman;) can give the best City references, and in any good situation would be moderate as to salary. Address A. G. V., *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—BY AN IMPORTING HOUSE, A boy from 14 to 16 years of age, who resides with his parents and can come well recommended. Address BOY, Box No. 2,080 Post-Office, in handwriting of applicant, stating age, reference and residence.

WANTED—A CLERK FOR A STEAMER, TWO conductors for City cars, four boys to learn trades, one stewardess for a steamer, one governess, one seamstress, one milliner in a Broadway store. GILLEN & CO., No. 6 East Broadway.

WANTED—A GLASS ENGRAVER: ONE WHO is accustomed to engraving druggists' and perfumers' ware preferred. Apply to ANDREW ROSS, No. 119 Maiden-lane.

WANTED—A MAN IN AN ALE STORE, COMPEtent to keep a set of books by single entry if required. A married man may address (with reference) BREWER, *Daily Times* office.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT WOMEN, ONE as cook, washer and ironer, and one as chambermaid and waiter. Apply at No. 8 Strong-place, corner of Harrison-st., South Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS, AT NO. 20 WAverley-place. She must understand cutting and fitting children's clothes. City references required.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF ABOUT 18 years, in a foreign commission house, who writes well and knows French. Addres M. O. S., at this office.

CLERK WANTED—IN A NEWSPAPER OFfice; one who is about seventeen years of age, a member of the Young Mens' Christian Association, and who lives with his parents preferred. Undoubted testimonials required. Salary first year, $150. Address, in applicant's handwriting, CLERICUS, Box No. 2,787 New-York Post-Office. No foreigner need apply.

ORGANIST.—A LADY, THOROUGHLY CONversant with the instrument, desires the situation of organist in some Protestant church. Address, for further particulars, N. C., box No. 2,508 Post-Office.

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A LADY, COMPOSER AND THOROUGH instructress and performer in Singing and Piano-forte, has lately finished some of her pupils; has some hours disengaged through sickness amongst her pupils, which she wishes to occupy with new pupils, either at their residence or at her own; two days in the week for Brooklyn. Address, M. E., Madison-square Post-Office, New-York, or at the *Times* Office.

TEACHER.—A LADY, ACCUSTOMED DURING many years to the education of young Ladies, desires to form an engagement as resident or daily teacher in a school or family; her department of instruction comprising English, French and Music. Address INSTRUCTRESS, Box No. 2,204 New-York Post-Office.

GOVERNESS WANTED.—A FEW MILES FROM the City, in the family of a New-York merchant; one well qualified to instruct in Music, French and the English branches, desired; a pleasant home and fair salary. Address, with references as to qualifications, L. W. D., Box 1,439 Post Office, New-York.

GOVERNESS WANTED.—A LADY COMPEtent to teach French, music, and the higher branches of an English education, is wanted, to reside in a gentleman's family, in a pleasant location near this city. Address, with reference, Q. L., New-Brunswick, N. J.

BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING.—WANTED, THE LOAN of $100, for which first-class board, a fine furnished room, and the entire comforts of a home, in a new large brown-stone house, with all the modern improvements, near 5th and 6th avs., up town, in a private family, will be given on very reasonable terms. Address DORINTA, Madison-square Post-Office, or *Times* Office.

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BEDROOM IN THE BOWERY WANTED—Below 2d-st., plainly furnished, among respectable people, at $3 per week, by a gentleman. Address MERCHANT, *Times* Office.

NO. 3 MONROE-STREET.—FURNISHED rooms to let, with or without board, to single gentlemen, at No. 3 Monroe-st., near Catharine.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

GOLD-MEDAL PIANOS!—STEINWAY & SONS have again been awarded the First premium at the late Fair of the American Institute, New-York; and also the First premium Gold Medal at the late Fair of the Maryland Institute, Baltimore, in addition to the three already received, making five first-prize medals within the last 18 months. No. 84 Walker-st.

ORGANS.—CHURCH ORGANS FOR SALE.—One elegant Gothic organ, 12 stops, pedal bass, 16 feet c.c.c., 18 feet high, 10 feet front; one 8-stop, Gothic case 10 feet high, 6 feet front; one 6-stop, 9 feet 6 inches, 6 feet front, with all the modern improvements and warranted. W. H. DAVIS, No. 40 Downing-st.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrestplank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN, Piano-forte manufacturers, WAREROOM No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, WHERE a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

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JEWELRY, JEWELRY.—THE SUBSCRIBER for the past nineteen years in business in Wall-st., is selling all descriptions of Jewelry, at wholesale and retail, at less than the usual prices. Ladies' beautiful sets of Earings, Pins and Bracelets, of Cameo, Mosaic, Carbuncle, Garnet, Coral, Pearl, &c. Gold band Bracelets, engraved band Bracelets, Cameo, Mosaic, Carbuncle, and all other styles of Bracelets and Rings; ladies' and gentlemen's Diamond Pins and Rings; gentlemen's Gold Vest-Chains and Fob-Chains; ladies' Chatelaine Chains and Guard Chains; gentlemen's Studs and Sleeve-Buttons, all styles; ladies' Gold Lockets, one, two, three and four glasses; gold Guard Keys, and Fob Keys and Seals; gold Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. Children's Armlets, Gold and Silver Thimbles, ladies' and gentlemen's Breast Pins and Finger Rings, Gold Pens and Pencils, Silver Fruit-Knives. Jewelry exchanged. Goods sent by express or mail to all parts of the United States and Canada free of charge. GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, near Broadway.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE PRIVATE RESIDENCE [illegible], situated in the village of Orange, N. J., on the Morris and Essex Railroad, one hour's ride from New-York. The grounds, containing nearly four acres, are beautifully laid out in lawn and garden, exhibiting that luxuriance and beauty in the growth of trees, hedges, shrubbery, &c., which the highest culture during the past twelve years could impart. The House is large, conveniently arranged and most thoroughly built; heated by a furnace and lighted with gas; and, being situated on elevated ground, overlooks one of the finest landscapes in the country, embracing a view of the entire range of the Orange Mountain and the intervening valley from South Orange to Eagle Rock. The other buildings on the premises consist of a stable, cow-barn, poultry-house, carriage-house and gas-house. The garden abounds in every description of fruit, as apples, pears, peaches, plums, quinces, grapes, raspberries, blackberries, strawberries, &c. The place is easy of access, being within five minutes' walk of the principal railroad station; is complete in all its arrangements for comfort and convenience, and, on every account, is considered one of the most desirable suburban residences in the vicinity of New-York. More land adjoining will be sold, if desired. A part of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. For further particulars, apply to FAIRBANKS & Co., No. 189 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST CLASS THREE-story and basement brick houses, corner of South 5th and 8th sts., Williamsburgh, fitted up with all the modern improvements, complete in every respect. The corner house has attached to it an excellent coach-house, suitable for a physician or any person keeping horses. Also, a three-story and basement brick house, No. 119 South 4th-st., and a colonnade house in 1st st., one block from Peck-slip ferry, both in perfect order; all the houses less than five minutes' walk from all the ferries. Also, twenty lots on South 5th-st.; and money loaned to any person desirous of building first-class houses. The above property will be sold cheap, and on very easy terms. Inquire of J. V. MESEROLE, Basement Williamsburg City Bank.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-Class Dwelling-House, containing 16 rooms, lot 25x100 feet, delightfully situated in 14th-st., between Union Square and 5th-av., with the lease of twenty years and covenant of renewals. A modern built, convenient House or Cottage, suitable for a small family, with one or two acres of ground attached, near to a Depot of the Hudson River Railroad, and south of Yonkers, would be taken in part payment, the balance in Bond and Mortgage. Address, with full particulars, M. D. B., Box 1251, Post-Office, New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, SITUated at North Orange, New-Jersey, within five minutes walk of Morris and Essex Railroad Depot. This property consists of two acres of ground, with a handsome new double house on it. To any person doing business in the city who wishes to reside in the country, this is a rare chance. Price $10,000; a large portion of the money can remain on bond and mortgage. For further particulars inquire of JOHN M. BRUCE, Jr., No. 6 Jauncey-court, Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT NEWTOWN, LONG ISLAND—Cottage house, barn, wagon house, and well of water by the door, and 8 lots of ground with all kinds of fruit on it, within three minutes' walk of the railroad dépôt, and stage line every 60 minutes for the ferry; four churches, good schools and stores; about 100 yards west of the plankroad on the Astoria road. One half of the money may remain on the place for three years at 6 per cent. Inquire of JAMES BAILEY, No. 337 3d-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS LARGE DWELling-house and store, 40x65 feet adjoining, new occupied; barns, carriage-house, wood and other sheds and outbuildings, together with a first-rate garden and about two acres of land, situated in the centre of one of the most enterprising villages in Central New-York, within ten rods of a Railroad, is offered for sale. Price $8,000. For a person wanting such property, no cheaper can be found in the State. For further particulars, address Box No. 1,092, or inquire at the store No. 4 Bridge-st., New-York.

FOR SALE, AT RYE-NECK—A COUNTRY residence, with outbuildings, &c. The grounds contain from three to four acres; are handsomely laid out and well stocked with all kinds of fruit trees and ornamental shrubbery. It is near Long Island Sound, and ten minutes' walk of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. Apply to T. S. SHEPHERD, Nos. 29 and 31 Gold-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—NO. 55 WEST WASHINGTON-place. Lot runs through to 4th st.; stable on 4th-st.; two-story basement and attic; gas, baths, water-closets and everything complete. To be seen on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 10 till 2 o'clock, or inquire at No. 29 Dey st., of CHAS. PARKER. Lowest price $8,000; $5,000 can remain on mortgage, if wanted.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick house and lot, No. 607 Houston-st.; (size of lot 20x85 feet); has all the modern improvements, viz.: hot and cold water baths, water closets, wash basins and tubs, range, gas, &c.; recently painted, and in good order. For terms, apply to HENRY DEMAREST, No. 607 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE TWO story attic and basement brick house, No. 230 Atlantic-st., near Court, within a few minutes' walk of the ferry; also, the lot in the rear on Pacific-st. Apply to HENRY STARR, No. 179 Broadway, New-York, or No. 59 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A FIRST-CLASS three-story attic, basement and sub-cellar brick dwelling house, situate No. 225 Bridge-st., with modern improvements. Also, a three-story and basement brick dwelling, No. 78 Laurence-st., will be sold cheap. Terms easy. Apply to A. B. DAVENPORT, No. 225 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—ON 28TH-ST., BETWEEN 4TH AND Madison avs., to close an estate, a very genteel three-story brick house, with modern improvements, gas fixtures, &c. Price $7,500. Also, one on 29th-st., $9,000. The above will be sold on easy terms. E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 319 4th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE THREE 3-STORY BRICK stores and dwellings situated on the northwest corner of Broome and Mulberry sts. Also, the house No. 161 Mulberry-st., with stable, on the rear of the above. Property rents for $2,700. A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE IN SOUTH BROOKLYN—THE excellent three-story and basement house No. 79 Woodhull, near Henry-st., in all respects well built and in complete order. Apply to THEODORE DEHON, No. 16 Wall-st., near Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front houses, 60 feet deep, and in a first-class neighborhood, between Broadway and 6th-av., in 27th-st., in a row of four new houses. Inquire of WM. RYER or JOHN W. FIELDER, on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot, (in fee,) at No. 124 Amity-st., near Sixth-av. House 25 feet by 32; lot 80 feet deep. Terms moderate. Title indisputable. Apply on the premises, or at No. 108 Fulton-st. RICHARD S. BRINKERHOFF.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house, four stories high, with basement and under-cellar, 20x46, with piazza in the rear, situated 112 Lexington-av., built in best manner, with all modern improvements. Inquire of J. W. FIELDER, on the premises.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—A THREE-STOry brick house and lot on the south side of 49th-st., first house east of Broadway. It contains gas, bath, hot and cold water, &c. Price $4,750. Apply to A. M. LYON, Esq., No. 27 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—IN SECOND-AV., NEAR 7TH-ST., the house and lot No. 113; three story and basement, with modern improvements. Size of lot 21x98 feet. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building.

FOR SALE ON STATEN ISLAND—FIFTY acres of land on the south side; one of the handsomest locations on the Island for residences; would be sold together, or divided. Apply to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

FOR SALE—THE 2-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK house No. [illegible] West 18th-st., near the 9th-av. House 20f. 6x40; lot, 92 feet. It contains all the modern improvements, and has recently been put in complete order.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW SMALL THREE-story buildings, with modern improvements, on reasonable terms, corner of 2d-av. and 19th-st.

$6,500—$7,500—$8,000.—FOR SALE IN 48th-st., two three-story and basement high stoop houses, near Broadway, and one near the 8th-av., and two in 51st-st., near the 8th-av. All the above houses are finished in the best manner, and are built of the best materials of their several kinds, with all the modern improvements, and are easy of access by the 8th-av. cars and Broadway stages, and in the immediate vicinity of the great Central Park. Inquire of ONDERDONK & FINDLY, on the premises, or J. V. ONDERDONK, 52d-st., sixth house east of 8th-av. Terms easy.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A number of very fine building sites on Hudson and East Rivers. Country seats, village and business property. Every information pertaining to purchase and improvement of property, given to principals at No. 237 Broadway, rooms Nos. 20 and 21. M. K. COUZENS & Co., Agents and Surveyors.

BROOKLYN (GOWANUS CANAL) PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Sixty-nine lots, all lying together, between Smith-st. and the Canal, and on 5th, 6th and 7th-sts., and having a front on the Canal of 550 feet. This property is well adapted for manufacturing purposes, and for lumber, lath, lime, brick or coal yards, and will be sold in parcels to suit, and some facilities given. Apply to WILLIAM B. NICHOLS, No. 16 Nassau-st., N. Y.

$5,500.—FOR SALE—A SMALL THREE-story house and lot, on the north side of 44th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.—the centre house of three brick houses, with all the modern improvements. $3,000 can remain on mortgage for three years—balance cash. Apply to W. H. PHILLIP, at Rendell & Fairchild's, No. 122 William-st.

ROSE HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—THE three-story and basement frame house No. 27 East 27th-st., between second and 3d avs.; the house is pleasantly situated, and in excellent order; will be sold low. For particulars, inquire of WILLIAM COMPTON stall No. 14 Washington market, or at No. 145 East 26th-st., after 1 P. M.

DESIRABLE NEW HOUSE—SALE CHEAP.—The substantial-built, four-story brown stone, brick English basement new house, No. 142 West 40th-st., near Broadway, finished in the best style, with every modern improvement. Terms easy. Apply to W. A. CARTER, No. 57 Dey, cor. Greenwich-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—THE ENGLISH BASEment house and lot No. [illegible] West 20th-st., (opposite the Episcopal Seminary,) papered and painted throughout, and with all the modern improvements, gas fixtures, &c., if desired; lot 16 feet 8 by 92 feet 2 inches. Apply to FRANCIS HOWLAND, No. 120 Broadway, room No. 4.

CHURCH FOR SALE.—THE SUBSTANTIAL brick Church in Sullivan-st., between Prince and Houston sts., in good repair. For sale with or without the furniture and organ. Apply to E. W. PAGE, No. 20 West-st., or to V. ELLIOTT, No. [illegible] Washington-st.

LOTS FOR SALE IN MANHATTANVILLE.—A plot of about seventeen lots on 128th-st., near 10th-av. Price together $7,000, or separate $450 each. Apply to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

BROOKLYN HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET—Viz: 3 first-class houses on the north side of Lafayette-av., between Raymond and Navy sts. They will contain gas and plumbing suitable for the water works, including baths and water closets. The fronts are Philadelphia brick, each house is [illegible] feet [illegible], exclusive of a brick extension of [illegible] feet; each lot is [illegible] feet, exclusive of 18 feet court yard. The location is pleasant, healthy, popular and convenient in Brooklyn, being but 5 minutes' walk from the City Hall, and but one block from Fulton and Flatbush avs. The houses will be in all respects first class, substantially built, and well finished. Apply to WILLIAM B. NICHOLS, No. 16 Nassau-st., New-York, or between the hours of 8 and 10 A. M. on the premises.

THREE COTTAGES FOR SALE AT IRVINGTON, on the Hudson River, with about 2½ acres of land, coach-house, &c., to each. The houses are entirely new, are built in the best manner, and are complete in all respects, having fine marble mantels, pipes for gas, hot and cold water baths, &c. The grounds are beautifully laid out, and are planted with evergreens and a great variety of other trees. The situation is unsurpassed for beauty and convenience, having a commanding view of the river, Highlands, Palisades, &c., and being only about five minutes' ride from the station and 1¼ to 1½ hours from the City. Price $12,000, a portion of which may remain on bond and mortgage, if desired. The plans of the houses and grounds may be seen by calling on THEO. McNAMEE, No. 112 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER COUNTRY SEAT AND BUILDING-SITES FOR SALE CHEAP, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—Two miles north of Newburg, having a magnificent view of the River, Bay, and surrounding country for many miles. Twenty acres, with house and outbuildings; thirty acres adjoining, with a vineyard of over 2,000 grape-vines. Two lots adjoining, of 11 acres each, between the splendid country-seats of W. S. Delano and F. Hood, Esqs. Inquire of W. L. THAYER on the premises, or by mail of JOHN S. THAYER, Newburg.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE AT PORT-CHESTER, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—A very desirable modern-built two-story house, with about half an acre of land, well laid out with fruit trees, grape, raspberry and blackberry vines, and ornamental shrubs. A barn at convenient distance, with more land, will be sold with the house, if wanted. To be sold low, if applied for soon. For particulars, inquire of AGUR PIXLEY, on the premises; or, to WM. A. PIXLEY, No. 188 Pearl-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—OPPOsite New-York Bay, in full view of New-York City, Brooklyn, and the surrounding country. House in cottage style, roomy and well built; carriage house; one acre of land, well fenced, on the Bergen Point plank road, two miles from Jersey City. Stages every hour. Price $5,200; terms easy. Inquire of WM. LUMMIS & CO., No. 49 Warren-st., or Mr. OLMSTED, over Hudson County Bank, or the subscriber at Troy, N. Y. JOSEPH B. WILKINSON.

COUNTRY SEATS.—HOUSES OF ANY DEgree of accommodation and with any amount of land from half an acre to five acres, will be put up with all the necessary outside improvements for a stipulated sum, in one of the most eligible situations on the Hudson River, within 12 miles of the City Hall, and with frequent access by cars to the City. Terms easy. Address J. C. SIDNEY, Spuyten Duyvil, or care of RICHARDSON & BOYNTON, No. 374 Broadway.

$2,500.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—A HOUSE in STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., with garden, barn and ice-house. Apply to J. R. DEY, Esq., No. 60 Courtland-st., New-York.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—THE THREE NEW FOUR-STORY buildings Nos. 205, 207 and 209 (new) Canal-st., well calculated for wholesale or retail jobbing business.
The large three-story dwelling and store No. 202 Grand-st., corner of Mott-st. A fine situation for a dry goods store.
The four new three-story and high basement houses Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 West 25th-st., finished with all the modern conveniences. Possession 1st of April.
The third floor of building corner Bowery and Division-st., lighted by 26 windows, and fronting Chatham-square; well adapted for trade or light mechanical business.
The [illegible] brick dwelling No. [illegible] Hubert-st. [illegible]
Apply to [illegible], No. [illegible] Canal-st., corner of Bowery.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY SEAT WITH TWO [illegible] Co., [illegible] half a mile from the depot and near Rye Beach. The house is 2 story and attic, (filled in,) 33x42 with an extension, handsomely situated, and surrounded with fine shade trees. The garden contains ¾ of an acre, and there is a large quantity of very fine fruit on the premises. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 40 Wall-st., of the basement Insurance Buildings.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE NEW FOUR-story brick buildings (25x60) on west side of 3d-av., between 45th and 46th sts.; will be finished with marble mantels, gas, bath rooms, &c. The stores will be rented with back rooms adjoining and finished basements, and the dwelling part in floors, to respectable families. For plans and full particulars, apply to T. B. GILFORD, No. 150 Nassau-st., from 12 to 2.

TO LET—BY C. C. PINCKNEY, NO. 116 NASSAU-ST.:
Dwelling No. 98 East 16th-st., $900.
Store No. 912 Broadway, $450.
Store and dwelling No. 113½ 3d-av., $425.
Stable rear of No. 72 Leonard-st., $400.
Dwelling No. 190 Rivington-st., $250.
Dwelling No. 393 Greenwich-st., $500.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS brown-stone front house, 26 feet 6 inches wide, 3 rooms deep, neatly decorated and furnished; will be rented to a small family, furnished, from the 1st of May next. Situation near 5th-av. and below 23d-st.; may be seen on application to J. B. SMITH, No. 5 Hall of Records; rent, $3,000.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE ROOM, 36 BY 68 feet, well lighted and ventilated, having gas, water and water-closets on same floor, recently occupied by the Board of Brokers; also a suite or single offices on the second flight. Apply at CORN EXCHANGE BANK, No. 13 William-st.

TO LET—AT NO. 37 RUTGERS-ST., ELEGANT apartments with all the latest improvements, very desirable for a gentleman in business down town; situation healthy and rent moderate. Carpets, &c., will be sold if required. Apply on the premises, from 2 to 5 P. M. References exchanged.

TO LET FROM MAY 1—THE NEW FIVE-story and basement brick building, 30x80, in the rear of Nos. 43 and 45 Centre-st., suitable for printers or manufacturers, well lighted, with vaults in the basement, and cartway from the street. For plans, terms, &c., apply to S. S. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st.

TO LET AT NEWTOWN, LONG ISLAND. House, wagon-house and well of water by the door, with ten or fifteen acres of land. A good place for a market gardener. Also, a two-story and basement house, and one acre of land, about 4 miles from Williamsburg ferry. Inquire of JAMES BAILEY, No. 337 3d-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE FOUNDRY IN THE VILLAGE of Peekskill, Westchester County, known as the Peekskill Foundry. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or at No. 210 Water-st., New-York. F. P. FLAGLER.

TO LET—TWO HANDSOMELY FURNISHED parlors, with sleeping apartments, separate or together; would suit a party of gentlemen; breakfast if desired. Clinton-place, east of 5th-av. Reference exchanged. Address E. E., *Times* office.

TO LET FOR A LARGE MANUFACTORY—The 4-story brick building, 125 feet front on 6th-av., corner of 47th-st., is strongly built and well lighted. Apply to Mr. KING, in the building on 47th-st., in the rear or to G. J. FORREST, No. 146 Pearl-st.

TO LET.—THE SPACIOUS SUITE OFFICES now occupied by the Firemen's Insurance Company, No. 59 Wall-st., corner of Hanover-st. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—THE TWO THREE-STORY AND basement brick houses Nos. 16 and 20 50th-st., near 5th-av. Rent $800. Inquire at No. 24 50th-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BRICK HOUSE, No. 423 Broome-st., second door from Broadway. Apply to WILLIAM & JOHN O'BRIEN, 29 Wall-st.

TO LET—A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS without board, for gentlemen; also, a single room. Apply at No. 85 Murray-st.

TO LET—SEVERAL VERY GOOD OFFICES IN the superior fire-proof building, corner of Wall and Pearl sts. Inquire at the Seamen's Bank for Savings.

TO LET—STORE, NO. 38 MAIDEN-LANE, NEAR Nassau-st. Inquire of ROBERT BENNER, No. 75 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LEASE.—THE HOTEL NOW FINISHING on the northeast corner of of 24th-st. and 3d-av.; the building is most substantially built, well ventilated, lighted, &c., with all the modern conveniences. The house will accommodate one hundred lodgers mostly with single rooms; the house also has a resturant, billiard room, dining room, reading and bar-room, and room for washing and ironing for the house, and the accommodation of boarders. For particulars, inquire of WILLIAM COMPTON, stall 14 Washington market, or at 145 East 26th-st.

YONKERS—YONKERS.—TO MANUFACTURERS.—To let or lease, the large new four-story brick building, fronting on the river and near the Hudson Railroad Depot, steamboat and sloop landing, at Yonkers; is strongly built and well lighted. Apply to L. A. GOUDE, over Post Office, opposite, or of H. T. DEVOE, No. 320 West-st., New York.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—IMMEdiate possession can be had of the first-class, large, handsome house, well furnished, No. 140 12th-st., near 5th-av. Apply to FRANKLIN MERRITT, No. 17 Broadway, or to PARK BENJAMIN, No. 47 7th av., corner 14th-st.

IN BROADWAY—A LEASE OF ABOUT 10 years of a building, about 28 feet front by 180 feet deep, between Franklin and Canal sts., with two fronts, at a reasonable rent, to let or for sale. For particulars, inquire of E. H. LUDLOW, No. 14 Pine-st.

SUPERIOR SUITES OF OFFICES TO LET—In the new marble-front building Nos. 57 and 59 William-st., near Pine-st. The offices are in suites, connected by folding doors. Apply to HOSFORD & CO., on the premises, or to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

WEST-STREET—TO LET—THE 1ST FLOOR and cellar of the store No. 191 West-st., opposite the New-York and Erie Railroad depot. A good location for the butter, provision or fruit business.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—IN THE Bible House, Astor-place, with every convenience, and in a desirable location. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place, very desirable. Apply in the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET.—HOUSE, barn and carriage-house, with about 4 acres of land, beautifully located about ¾ mile from William's Bridge, near the Harlem Railroad. Inquire No. 49 Chatham-st.

HOUSES TO LET.

[illegible] TO LET [illegible]—From 1st of May next, the owner residing in Europe, the brown-stone front house situate in the vicinity of Gramercy Park, No. 35 East 18th-st., large and handsomely furnished.
Also, the upper part of the building known as No. 751 Broadway.
Also, the store basement of said building.
Also, the large brick stable No. 45 East 22d-st. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st.

HOTEL TO LET.—NO. 79 ROBINSON-STREET, next door to West, well known as Chamberlain's Hotel; location one of the very best in New-York. A small building in rear goes with it. Apply to E. JOURNEAY, Nos. 41 and 43 Warren-st.

COUNTRY PROPERTY TO LET OR FOR SALE.—A house and lot on South-st., in the village of Goshen, Orange County, N. Y., to let from March 15; rent $150; or for sale—price $2,800. Size of lot, 148 by 196 feet; fruit-trees, grape-vines, cistern, well, and outbuildings. Heater in the house for sale. Apply on the premises, or to A. MAVERICK, at this office.

STORE TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place, fronting on both Astor-place and 4th-av., a desirable location. Apply in the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

PARTIES HAVING HOUSES, OR PARTS of houses, on the east side of the City to rent, would do well to leave a memorandum of the same at the office of the subscriber, where applications are being made every day for places. N. B.—No charge unless the premises are rented. GEO. S. HICKOK, House Agent, Office No. 192½ Allen-st.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED

WANTED TO RENT IN BROOKLYN—BY a private family, without children, a commodious, airy, brick dwelling, in a respectable neighborhood, free from nuisances. Possession desired between now and the 2d of May. Address, with particulars, L. T., Box No. 2,723 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED TO HIRE—A HOUSE OR COTTAGE, with flower garden, stables, &c., handsomely located in some pleasant town on Hudson River, within 30 miles of the City. Possession desired early in March. Address H. M. HUMPHREY, Bank of New-York.

WANTED—FROM 1st MAY NEXT, A THREE-story brick dwelling; location preferred above Bleecker-st. Address C. L., Box No. 2,364 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—TO HIRE FOR 6 MONTHS OR A year, a small, neat cottage, with garden and shade trees, near the New-Haven or Harlem Railroad. Address JAMES CARR, No. 4 Stanton-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SMALL, GENTEEL FAMILY, TO take the dwelling part of the house No. 192 East Broadway, and a part of the rent taken in board. Inquire on the premises from 3 to 5 P. M. Rent $600.

FARMS FOR SALE.

RARE CHANCE—A FINE COUNTRY SEAT and farm for sale, within an hour of New-York, about 3½ miles from Newark, on the upper road to Elizabethtown, adjoining Prof. J. J. MAPES'. The farm consists of 47 acres, 5 of which are well stocked with every variety of fruit trees and vines of all the rarest and most delicious kinds. Of the remainder about 32 acres consist of fine upland meadow land, woods, apple and peach orchards, with the privilege of a full supply of pure spring water, having sufficient head for fountains and for carrying the water over every part of the buildings; and also of muck and salt meadow-land—there is about 10 acres.

The buildings consist of a large and commodious Swiss cottage house, with wings and library attached, dining-room and kitchen in the rear, together with bath-rooms, closets and all conveniences of the kind, with out-buildings, consisting of 2 farm-houses in good order, 2 large barns, wood-house, corncrib, carriage-house, cow-house and coal-house. Also, an ice-house well stocked with clear ice, and hen-house, all in good order.

The grounds are beautifully laid out with rare flowers, shrubbery, &c. The residence stands on high ground, commanding an extensive view, comprehending New-York Bay, Staten Island, New-York City, Newark, &c. Price $25,000.

The house and 10 acres, with garden and lawn, will be sold for $16,000.

Property in the vicinity is rapidly rising in value, and this offers an elegant residence to any one who can afford it, as well as a profitable investment.

For further particulars, apply to ALBERT PALMER, or to J. HUNTINGDON, No. 120 William st., New-York, or to S. B. ALLING, No. 35 Walnut-st., Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT SITUATE AT Pelham Bridge, Westchester County, 6 miles from Harlem. The location cannot be surpassed, it being located immediately at the termination of Pelham Bridge, and has a water front of 600 feet; the house is 4 years old 3 stories with a two-story kitchen and 4 parlors on the first floor, built in the best manner; there is on the premises a good barn, boat and out-houses, with three acres of ground and plenty of fruit trees. To a gentleman desirous of a splendid country seat the property presents inducements seldom met with; two-thirds of the purchase money can remain for a term of years on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises, or of JACOB L. DODGE, No. 10 Charles-st., New-York.

FOR SALE CHEAP, AND TERMS EASY—A farm of 55 acres, at New-Lotts, 7 miles from the Fulton Ferry, 1½ miles from the junction of Fulton and Division avs., ¼ mile from Cypress Hills Dépôt, 15 minutes by the cars, 30 rods from a public landing; good boating, fishing and gunning; farm is about 2 miles from the City limits, is well watered, and a good garden or dairy farm; extremely healthy and desirable. Will be sold at a sacrifice, as the owner is leaving the country. Inquire of OAKLEY & WRIGHT, No. 9 Court-st., Brooklyn; or of A. SARGENT, No. 15 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—IN AN ELIgible situation, a few miles above the Highlands, on the east bank of the Hudson, and within five minutes' walk of a dépôt, fifty acres of excellent land, containing an admirable building site, and partly improved. The neighborhood is one of the best on the river, and in the immediate vicinity of schools, churches, &c. The advertiser will build upon the adjoining land. If desired, the proprietor would exchange this property for real estate in the City of New-York, or for other first-class securities. For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. H. LUDLOW; or, by letter, to Box No. 2,008 Post-Office.

FARM FOR SALE—CONTAINING ABOUT 17 acres of good land; two good dwellings, and all the necessary out-buildings; an abundance of fruit and excellent water; carriage wagons and farming utensils can be purchased with the farm. The above is situated about 30 miles from the City of New-York on the New-Haven Railroad, in Westchester County. Terms easy. Inquire of J. E. SAYRE, No. 157 Atlantic-st., or to WM. ONDERDONK, No. 37 Willow-place, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—CHESTNUT GROVE—THE RESidence of ARTHUR TAPPAN, situated on the east bank of the Passaic, near Belleville, N. J. It contains 26 acres of land in a high state of cultivation, a natural grove near the house, and a variety of fruit trees. Dwelling modern built, commanding a fine view of the river and surrounding country. For further particulars apply on the premises, or to EDWARDS BROTHERS, No. 29 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—GOING AT A BARGAIN—A FARM of 86 acres, with splendid buildings, well improved land, healthy locality, good society, and schools, in Middlesex County, New-Jersey, near a Station on the New-Jersey Railroad. Also a farm of 58 acres, with fine new house, much of it valuable as building lots. Fine chance for investment. Inquire of WM. W. SMITH, No. 11 Warren-st., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—IN MONMOUTH CO., ON the Shrewsbury River, of 100 acres, of which 70 are under cultivation, balance wood land; good house and out-buildings. Terms easy. Apply to D. VAN NOSTRAND, No. 193 Broadway, up stairs.

FOR SALE—A FINE COUNTRY SEAT AT Stanford, Conn., and 45 or 71 acres of first-rate land: it is beautifully situated in the village of Stanford, Conn. Will be sold much less than its value. Inquire of S. P. TOWNSEND, No. 88 Nassau-st.

SPLENDIDLY-IMPROVED COUNTRY SEAT—For sale or exchange for City property, 18 acres, at Glen Cove, L. I., with large mansion, 44x40, piazzas, cupola and wing, 30x24, barn, carriage and ice houses, all built in 1854. A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FARM FOR SALE—SITUATED 1¼ MILES from the Chestnut-st. depot, Newark, N. J., containing 24 acres, 5 of which is a fine wood lot, balance very productive. For particulars, apply at No. 27 Maiden-lane.

ONLY $1,200 FOR 52 ACRES OF EXCELlent land, with good improvements, near a pleasant village about 75 miles from New-York. Possession immediately. A cheap homestead. Full particulars at room No. 7, No. 346 Broadway. C. H. OLIVER.

TO RENT.—TO MILKMEN AND GARDEN Farmers: Farm of 30 acres, (or 15,) with good farm buildings and good land, adjoining City of Brooklyn—very desirable place for milkmen or gardeners. CHAS. R. MILLER & CO., No. 195 Broadway.

TO RENT OR LEASE.—A FARM OF ONE hundred acres, within eight miles of Washington. For particulars apply to JNO. H. McCUTCHEN, Washington, D. C.

FARM WANTED—FROM 70 TO 100 ACRES, highly cultivated and in perfect order. Must have good dwelling and out-buildings, and well fenced. Cash price from $8,000 to $10,000. Address F., *Times* Office.

STEAM POWER.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of 24th and 25th sts., East River. These Works, erected expressly for mechanical purposes, are peculiarly adapted for either heavy or light machinery; the engines are of 1,000 horse power, and the whole establishment is fitted up in a manner unsurpassed in this country. For terms, apply at the Office on the premises.

TO LET—WITH STEAM-POWER, LARGE AND well-lighted lofts, with any amount of permanent and reliable steam-power, furnished by engines of over one thousand horse power, in the first-class buildings Nos. 95 and 97 Cliff-st. Apply on the premises.

STEADY POWER—IN THE DEPOT BUILDing corner of Elm and Franklin sts., one square from Broadway. Croton water, gas, water-closets and every convenience. Inquire of T. BENNETT, on the premises. Heated by steam-pipes.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS—Near Broadway, at low rates. Also, a store on Canal st., running through to Walker-st., by JOHN GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

STEADY STEAM POWER TO LET.—Large and small rooms, well lighted, at No. [illegible] Water-st., between Pike and Rutgers slips.

JOHN L. CAMPBELL,
LAND AGENT,
SIOUX CITY, IOWA.
Refers to
S. S. HAYES, Esq., Attorney-at-Law......Chicago, Ill.
Hon. J. A. McCLERNAND......Springfield, Ill.
ROBERT ROBINSON, U. S. M. Agent......Middleton, Ia.
HINCHMAN & LOOMIS, Land Dealers......Quincy, Ill.
AYERS, CAMPBELL & Co., Bankers......Jacksonville, Ill.
C. K. ADAMS, Land Agent......Knoxville, Ill.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—WILLIAM McLEAN against ROBERT McINTYRE and ELIZA his wife, and RICHARD C. RICHARDS.—Summons.—(For relief.)—To the above defendants, ROBERT McINTYRE and ELIZA his wife: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 6 Wall-street, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Dec. 31, 1856.
TOMPKINS WESTERVELT, Plaintiff's Attorney.
The complaint in this action was filed [illegible] of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, on the 9th day of February, 1857.
TOMPKINS WESTERVELT, Plaintiff's Attorney.
f[illegible]-law6wS*

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—WILLIAM H. HUSSEY against JOSIAH B. STURTEVANT.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.) To the defendant JOSIAH B. STURTEVANT: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the Office of the Clerk of the County of New-York, at the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, No. 56 Wall-st., in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of eleven hundred and eleven dollars and fifty-nine cents, with interest on half thereof from the 1st day of July, 1856, and on the other half thereof from the 1st day of January, 1857, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Jan. 28, 1857. WEEKS & DE FOREST, Plaintiff's Att'ys.
The complaint in this action was filed in the Office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the [illegible] day of February, A. D. 1857.
WEEKS & DE FOREST, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
f7-law6wS*

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—BENJAMIN B. ALLEN, and ELBERT ANDERSON against AARON VAN VALKENBURGH and JOHN R. COOPER.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—To the defendants above named:—You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of February, 1857, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 50 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of seven hundred and seven dollars and nineteen cents, with interest from the 17th day of October, 1856, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Feb. 1857. JOHN H. WHITE, Plaintiffs' Attorney, No. 50 Nassau-st.
f21-law6wS

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF GENESEE.—HINMAN HOLDEN against SHEFFIELD S. FOSTER, otherwise called SAMUEL S. FOSTER, JOHN Q. A. FOSTER, H. J. HAMILTON, and others.—Summons for relief. To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of HINMAN HOLDEN, the above-named plaintiff, which was filed in Genesee County Clerk's office on the 31st of January, 1857, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers, at their office, in the village of Batavia, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and if you fail to answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. TAGGART & HENSHAW, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
f21-law6wS

SUPREME COURT.—SUFFOLK COUNTY.—SALLY ANN CRAWFORD against JOSEPH CRAWFORD.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To JOSEPH CRAWFORD, above named defendant: You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the Office of the Clerk of the County of Suffolk, at Riverhead, in said County, on the 15th day of January, 1857, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in Riverhead, in Suffolk County, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 12, 1857. MILLER & TUTHILL, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
f7-law6wS*

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice, that the power of attorney given by JAMES McHENRY, of Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, in England, to ROBERT BELL, of Liverpool, merchant, dated on or about the 24th day of July, 1854, is revoked, and that the power of attorney given by JAMES LISTER, of Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, in England, manager, and one of the public registered officers of the Liverpool Union Bank, to the said ROBERT BELL, and dated on or about the 13th day of April, 1855, is also revoked. And notice is further given that the appointment of every substituted attorney or agent made by the said ROBERT BELL, in the United States of America or elsewhere, under the powers of attorney above-mentioned, or either of them, is revoked and determined. Dated at Liverpool aforesaid, the 6th day of January, 1857.
LOWNDES, BATESON & LOWNDES,
Solicitors for the said James McHenry and James Lister.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF GEORGE HURLBURT, late of the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee. In pursuance of an order made by the Surrogate of the County of Genesee, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE HURLBURT, late of the town of Batavia, in said county, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to MOSES TAGGART, Administrator, at his office in the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee, on or before the [illegible] day of March next. Dated Sept. 26, 1856.
MOSES TAGGART, Administrator.
ADALINE M. HURLBURT, Administratrix.
s27-law6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against CHARLES [illegible] KAUTH, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administrator, at his store, No. [illegible] Washington-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 24th day of April next.—Dated Oct. 17, 1856.
PETER KAUTH, Administrator.
o18-law6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ISRAEL W. SCUDDER, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at the store of [illegible], No. 61 Nassau-st., in the City of New York, on or before the eleventh day of May next.—Dated Oct. 10, 1856.
CATHARINE H. SCUDDER, Administratrix.
o11-law6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HERBERT B. CAMPBELL, late of the City of New-York, merchant, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. [illegible]-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the [illegible] day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 15th day of January, 1857.
CYNTHIA S. CAMPBELL, Administratrix.
ja17-law6mS*

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, Feb. 2, 1857.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to D. S. BENNETT, (an Individual Banker—Queen City Bank, Buffalo,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said Banker will be given up.
f[illegible]-law2yS D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.—NOTICE IS hereby given that THOMAS C. CHANDLER, of the City of Newark, hath this day made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims under oath or affirmation within the term of three months. DAVID SMITH.
DATED NEWARK, N. J., Jan. [illegible], 1857.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.—WE HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED Mr. THOMAS S. CHRISTY as a partner in our house, and the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of CHRISTY, CONSTANT & CO., at No. 45 Murray-st. CHRISTY & CONSTANT.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1857.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing under the name of WELLING & GUNNER is dissolved, the aforesaid WELLING having no further connection therewith.

COAL.

SCRANTON COAL.—THE DELAWARE, LACKawanna and Western Railroad Company have opened a yard at the foot of 18th-st., East River, for supplying the public with their Scranton Coal at retail, which will be delivered in nice order, of any desired size, to all parts of the City, at the lowest market price. Orders received at the office of the Company, No. 51 Wall-st., or by Mr. ANDREW SEYMOUR, Agent, at the yard.
W. E. WARREN, Treasurer.
New-York, Jan. 28, 1857.
N. B.—Orders for this coal by the cargo delivered at Elizabethport, N. J., New-York, Brooklyn, Williamsburg, and Jersey City, or alongside vessels in the harbor received at the office, No. 51 Wall-st.

COAL.—GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.—Broken, Egg, Stove, Red and White Ash, warranted of superior quality and full weight, at $6 per ton, screened and delivered, and a proper deduction [illegible] at No. 449 Grand-st., cor. Ridge.

BILLIARD TABLES.

MODEL BILLIARD TABLES, WITH patent combination cushions (patented Feb. 19, 1856,) so constructed as to insure equal elasticity in all seasons, and strict mathematical correctness. Their unquestionable superiority has caused worthless imitations to be offered. For sale only at the salesroom, No. [illegible] Broadway, and at the manufactory, No. 53 Ann-st. MICHAEL PHELAN, Patentee.

BOUNTY LANDS.

U. S. PASSPORTS—ISSUED THROUGH J. B. NONES, Notary Public, U. S. Commissioner and Commissioner of all the States, No. 14 Wall-st. Naturalized citizens [illegible]. Also, Bounty Land, Pensions, Extra Pay, &c., procured by J. B. N.

TO FARMERS.—THE POUDRETTE MADE BY the subscribers is the cheapest and best manure in the world for corn and vegetables. A pamphlet will be sent (free) to any one sending their address to the Lodi Manufacturing Company, No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York City.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible]

13th. A piece of rear ground on the block bounded by Cherry-st., Oak-st. and the Bowery, (as extended,) now used in part of the yard of 17th District Police Station House.

Full [illegible] deeds will be given.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money, and [illegible] to be paid to the Collector [illegible] on the day of sale; fifteen per cent. on the [illegible] day of May next, when the deeds will be ready [illegible]; the remainder of the purchase money [illegible] per cent.) may remain on bond and mortgage, at the option of the purchaser, for five years, from the first day of May, 1857, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

Lithographic maps of the property may be had at the Comptroller's Office, No. 3 Hall of Records, after the 27th inst.

FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.
[illegible], Comptroller.
JOHN E. SMITH, Jr., Recorder.
A. V. STOUT, Chamberlain.
THOS. McSPEDON, Ch. Fin. Com. Board Ald.
[illegible], Ch. Fin. Com. Board Councilmen.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Comptroller's Office, Jan. 28, 1857.

William H. Franklin, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON CANAL, CHRISTIE, STANTON, WOOSTER, GREENE, BAYARD, ESSEX, BROOME, MULBERRY AND PARK STREETS, BELONGING TO THE ESTATE OF ELIJAH [illegible], DECEASED.—WM. H. FRANKLIN & SON will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 26, 1857, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable improved property:

CANAL AND CHRISTIE STREETS.—The five-story brick house and plot of ground on the northwest corner of Canal and Christie sts., and known as Nos. 195 and 197 Canal-st.

STANTON AND CHRISTIE STREETS.—The two-story and attic brick house and lot of ground on the northeast corner of Stanton and Christie sts., and known as No. 29 Stanton-st.

WOOSTER-STREET.—Three lots of ground with the improvements thereon on the east side of Wooster-st., near Bleecker-st., and known as Nos. 203, 204 and 206 Wooster-st.

GREENE-STREET.—Three lots in the rear of the last described on Greene-st.

BAYARD-STREET.—Three two-story and attic brick houses and lots Nos. 50, 52 and 54 Bayard, near Mott st.

ESSEX-STREET.—The two-story brick house and lot of ground No. 71 Essex, near Broome-st.

BROOME-STREET.—The valuable lot of ground with the improvements thereon on the southwest corner of Broome and Essex sts.

ALSO—Two lots with the buildings thereon adjoining the above on Broome-st.

MULBERRY-STREET.—The two-story and attic frame house and lot of ground on the southwest corner of Mulberry and Park sts., known as No. 29 Mulberry-st.

ALSO—The three-story brick house and lot on the northwest corner of Mulberry and Park sts., and known as No. 31 Mulberry-st.

ALSO—The brick houses and lots of ground adjoining the last described, and known as Nos. 33, 35 and 37 Mulberry-st.

PARK-STREET.—The houses and lots on the south side of Park-st., near Mulberry-st., known as Nos. 85, 87, [illegible], 93 and [illegible].

Terms at sale.

Lithographic book maps, describing the above property, may be obtained at the office of the auctioneers, No. 6 Broad-st.

STEPHEN H. THAYER, Referee.
No. 150 Nassau-st.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, ON BROADWAY, COURTLAND ALLEY, CANAL, WALKER, CENTRE, BOND, AMITY AND GREAT JONES STS., OF THE [illegible] AND JAY ESTATES.—E. H. LUDLOW & Co. will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 26, 1857, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable property of the [illegible] and Jay Estates:

4 lots on BROADWAY, running through to Courtlandt-alley, [illegible].

7 Lots on CANAL-ST., between Broadway and Centre-st.

3 Lots on WALKER-ST., between Broadway and Centre-st.

2 Lots on CENTRE-ST., between White & Walker sts.

2 Lots on AMITY-ST.

House and lot No. 39 BOND-ST. Also, one lot on GREAT JONES-ST., rear of above.

Two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on mortgage, at the option of the purchaser, for five years.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the Auctioneer, [illegible].

Wm. H. Franklin, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE STORE PROPERTY ON FRONT STREET, NEW-YORK, ALSO VACANT LOTS ON PROSPECT STREET, CITY OF BROOKLYN.—WM. H. FRANKLIN & SON will sell at Auction on TUESDAY, Feb. 24, 1857, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, the following desirable improved property:

FRONT-STREET, NEW-YORK.—The four-story fire-proof store and lot of ground known as No. 241 Front-st., near Peck-slip. Lot 23 feet 8 inches front, 21 feet 6 inches rear, 69 feet 8 inches on one side, and 69 feet 4 inches on the other side.

PROSPECT-STREET, BROOKLYN.—The vacant lot of ground on the Southeast corner of Prospect and Charles sts., 25 by 100 feet 3 inches.

ALSO—4 Lots on Prospect-st. adjoining the above, each 25 by 100 feet 3 inches.

Terms at sale. Maps may be obtained at the office of the auctioneers, No. 6 Broad-st., New-York.

JOHN L. BUCKLEY, Executor.

Tunis Morrell, Auctioneer.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF THE FURNITURE OF A FAMILY REMOVED FROM UNION-PLACE, BROOKLYN.—Will be sold THIS MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by TUNIS MORRELL, Auctioneer, at No. 19 Nassau-st. Also, new goods from other sales, [illegible]. New style airy bedsteads, [illegible] parlor furniture, beds, sofas, chairs, rockers, centre [illegible] tops, 24 book and corner stands, cottage [illegible], sofa bedsteads, closets, kitchen articles [illegible], matting, oil-clothes, 12 oil-paintings, mirrors, [illegible], book-cases, wardrobes, castors, cake-baskets, spoons, forks, bedroom glasses, 20 plain bedsteads, [illegible], beds, enamel chamber furniture. At 12 precisely will be sold a French melodeon, cost $300. At [illegible] which, 30 popular kinds of Havana cigars, in lots to suit.

T. C. Houghton, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at 10½ o'clock, at house No. 28 Leroy, between Bleecker and Bedford sts.—T. C. HOUGHTON will sell, as above, the entire furniture of a family [illegible] housekeeping, consisting in part of superior mahogany parlor furniture, in hair cloth, sofas, tete-a-tetes, arm chairs, rockers, marble-top, centre, side and card tables, gilt frame mirrors, oil-paintings, mantel ornaments, [illegible] yards of Wright's Patent Ingrain tapestry carpeting, [illegible], chair carpets, hall stand, extension [illegible], glass, China ware, [illegible], cottage bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, [illegible], beds, bedding, kitchen furniture, cooking-stove, &c.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

FOUR TWO-STORY BRICK COTTAGES ON 32D-STREET.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, 4 lots of land, with the 2-story brick cottages thereon, Nos. 58, 60, 62 and 64 East 32d-st., commencing 175 feet east of 4th-av.; the houses are well arranged for small genteel families, are provided with Croton water and gas-fixtures; convenient of access by [illegible] lines of stages. This property is in the desirable vicinity of Murray Hill and [illegible] improving parts of the City. Three quarters of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for one or two years. For maps apply to the Auctioneer, No. 38 Wall-st.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON FOURTEENTH AND FIFTEENTH STREETS, AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell, at auction, on TUESDAY, Feb. 24, 1857, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following-described real estate viz.:

FOURTEENTH-STREET.—2 Lots on the northerly side of 14th-st., commencing 170 feet 6 inches east of Avenue A. Also, 4 Lots commencing 100 feet east of the last described lots.

FIFTEENTH-STREET.—2 Lots on the southerly side of 15th street, commencing 250 feet west of Avenue B.

For further particulars and maps, apply at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 38 Wall-st.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE BOWERY PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 26, at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants' Exchange, the valuable lot of land with the building thereon, covering the whole lot, No. 261 Bowery, on the [illegible] corner of [illegible]. Also, the lot adjoining and known as No. [illegible] Bowery, with the 3-story brick front house thereon. A part of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. For maps and further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 38 Wall-st.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

BANKING AND COLLECTING OFFICE.
SMALLEY, WEED & BARTLETT,
No. 54 Wall-st., New-York.

GEO. C. SMALLEY, WM. C. WEED, ALFRED W. BARTLETT, will give special attention to the negotiation of notes and loans. Also to the purchase and sale of

STOCKS AND BONDS,

at the Brokers' Board, strictly on commission.

Having prompt and reliable correspondents, will negotiate and collect paper payable at all the principal points in the United States and Canadas.

REFERENCES—Moses Taylor, Esq., Wm. B. Astor, Esq., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 31, 1857.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND,
IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
We issue sight bills on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland.
In sums from £1 upwards, at $5 per £
Address,
TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 76 Wall-st., New-York.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF NEW-YORK, Feb. 14, 1857.

LOAN OF ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS FOR THE NEW CROTON RESERVOIR.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until Saturday, Feb. 28, 1857, at 2 o'clock P. M. when the same will be publicly opened, for a loan of one million of dollars, for paying awards for lands taken for the Croton Reservoir, and for commencing the construction of the work. The stock will be issued in pursuance of chap. 349 of Laws of 1854, and chap. 34 of the Laws of 1857, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter-yearly, and the principal reimbursable on the 1st of October, 1878. The stock will consist of ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each. The proposals will state the number of shares desired, and the price per share; the person whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City, the sum awarded and covered by the bid, and on presenting the receipt of the Chamberlain to the Comptroller, will be entitled to receive a certificate for the par value of the number of shares carrying interest from the date of the deposit. This stock will form a part of the Croton Water Debt, and the payment of the interest and the reimbursement of the principal, is secured by the Sinking Fund, established by ordinance of 1844, and the Act of 1812, made applicable to this loan, provides not only for pledging the faith of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty for the final redemption of the stock issued, but also enacts that all the revenues of the Corporation "are hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest which shall become due on the said stock, and shall continue so pledged until the final redemption thereof; and that, in case the said revenues be not sufficient to satisfy and pay the whole of the said interest, then, and in that case, the faith of the State shall be, and the same is hereby pledged to pass such acts as shall, from time to time, be necessary, authorizing the Mayor, &c., to raise by tax," such sum as shall be requisite to supply every such deficiency. Each proposition should be sealed up and indorsed "Six per cent. loan of the Croton Reservoir," and the proposition may then be put in a second envelope, sealed and directed, "A. C. Flagg, Comptroller, No. 5 Hall of Records, New-York."

A. C. FLAGG, Comptroller.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK—For the year ending Jan. 31, 1857.

RECEIPTS.

For Premiums and Policy Fees		$808,101 96
For Interest on Investments		230,170 59
For Annuities		6,963 60
Total		$1,045,236 17

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Claims by Death	$279,183 81	
Paid Additions to same, being Profits	18,737 40	
Paid Surrendered Policies and Dividends	23,686 52	
Paid Reduction of Premiums	1,992 04	
Paid Annuities	2,564 09	
Paid Commissions to Agents	32,563 86	
Paid Expenses, including Rent, Taxes, Salaries, Postages, Exchanges, Medical Examinations, Printing, Stationery, &c.	$6,919 21	
		$434,486 23
Net increase of Assets during the year		$610,749 94
Net Assets Jan. 31, 1856		3,178,034 28
Total net Assets Jan. 31, 1857		$3,788,784 22

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in Bank	$88,839 36
Invested on Bond and Mortgage	3,630,705 40
Deposited for Taxes, Fire Insurance, &c.	6,121 08
Due by Agents	47,547 48
Total	$3,788,784 22
Number of Policies issued during the year	2,041
Number of Policies in force Feb. 1, 1857	9,794

I have examined the above Statement, and believe it to be correct, SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Fred. S. Winston,	Richard Patrick,	Alfred Edwards,
Millard Fillmore,	Joseph Blunt,	Lucius Robinson,
David Hoadley,	Nathan'l Hayden,	Sam'l D. Babcock,
Wm. V. Brady,	Jonathan Miller,	Wm. H. Dodge,
Henry A. Smythe,	Abra'm Bininger,	Chas. J. Stedman,
Robt. H. McCurdy,	John Wadsworth,	Cephas H. Norton,
John V. L. Pruyn,	Jno. P. Yelverton,	John P. Treadwell,
William Betts,	Wm. J. Bunker,	Ezra Wheeler,
L. Green Pearson,	Sam'l L. Cornell,	Wm. H. Popham,
William Moore,	Sam'l E. Sproulls,	Lycurgus Edgerton,
John B. Swift,	John M. Stuart,	W. Smith Brown,
Geo. S. Coe,	Hamlin Blake,	George R. Clark.

FRED'K S. WINSTON, President.
ISAAC ABBATT, Secretary.
SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.
MINTURN POST, M. D., Medical Examiner.
Office, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK—No. 40 Wall-st.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
THIS COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY OF MONEY PAID INTO COURT, and is authorized to act as guardian or receiver of estates.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS,
BY ORDER OF ANY COURT IN THIS STATE,
(including Surrogate's,) 5 per cent.

From individuals or corporations, for a period of six months, or to be paid on thirty days' notice, 5 per cent.

For a less period, or on shorter notice, 4 per cent.

TRUSTEES:

Joseph Lawrence,	Greene C. Bronson,	Watts Sherman,
Edwin D. Morgan,	Daniel S. Miller,	B. F. Wheelwright,
Erastus Corning,	Caleb O. Halsted,	Edmund Coffin,
James Suydam,	Thos. W. Pearsall,	Thomas Slocomb,
Shepherd Knapp,	Peter Cooper,	Clinton Gilbert,
William Tucker,	Thomas Tileston,	Cornelius Smith,
Royal Phelps,	John J. Phelps,	J. J. Astor, Jr.,
John J. Cisco,	Wilson G. Hunt,	R. H. Walworth,
Jacob Harsen,	D. H. Arnold,	Daniel D. Lord,
James S. Seymour,	Charles E. Bill,	

JOSEPH LAWRENCE, President.
JOHN A. STEWART, Secretary.

BONDS OF THE MILWAUKEE AND HORICON RAILROAD CO.—The subscribers offer for sale, in sums of $1,000 and upwards, $50,000 of the first mortgage, 8 per cent. convertible sinking fund Bonds of this Company, forming a portion of its only issue of Bonds, amounting in all to $430,000, and secured by a first mortgage on forty-two miles of the road, and all its real estate and rolling stock. Thirty of these forty-two miles are completed, at a cost of over $800,000, and all the materials for the remaining twelve miles (the greater part of which is graded) are already purchased, and the Company's storehouse at Milwaukee.

A. J. BLEECKER & CO.

MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS.—PERSONS holding Milwaukee City 10 per cent. Bonds, maturing the 31st day of March, 1857, can have the privilege of exchanging them, if they wish, on fair and equitable terms, for Milwaukee City 7 per cent. Bonds, payable 20 years from Feb. 1, 1857, with semi-annual interest, (issued under an ordinance establishing a Sinking Fund, &c.,) by applying at the office of Messrs. MEIGS & GREENLEAF, No. 28 William-st., at any time before the 1st day of March next.

J. B. CROSS, Mayor of the City of Milwaukee.
MAYOR'S OFFICE, MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 1, 1857.

WILLIAM J. BELL & CO., NO. 35 WILLIAM-ST., offer for sale the following securities:

$10,000 Milwaukee City 7's.
$12,000 Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad Company's 1st Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds.
$10,000 Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad Company's Farm Mortgage Bonds.
$10,000 Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company's 1st Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds.
$5,000 Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company's Farm Mortgage Bonds.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL U. S. M. S. S. Co.,
No. 56 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1857.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 56 Wall-st., on THURSDAY, 5th of March. Polls open at 12 M., and remain open until 2 P. M.

W. L. YOULE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The undersigned offer for sale the 7 per cent. Coupon Bonds of this Company, (late issue,) having twenty years to run; interest payable semi-annually, on the first days of February and August, at the Company's Agency in this City.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

THE COUPONS DUE AND PAYABLE IN this City 1st March next from the Bonds of Marshall County, Illinois, will be paid on presentation at our office, No. 8 Wall-st., on and after 2d proximo.

ATWOOD & CO.

$20,000 OF STOCK IN THE U. S. SELF-Generating Gas Light Company for sale, at the office No. 339 Broadway, at par, until the first Monday in March next.

SOLOMON ANDREWS, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS and Managers of the New-York and Passaic Quarrying Company will be held on MONDAY, March 2, in the office of James Renwick, Esq., Tontine Building, Wall-st.

JOHN WRIGHT, Secretary.

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.—The Second Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of this Company, due in 1875—interest payable half-yearly in New-York—are for sale by

STRACHAN & SCOTT, No. 51 William-st.

$20,000 BONDS AND MORTGAGES and Commercial paper negotiated, advances made on property, real estate bought, sold and rented by JOHN J. DRAKE, No. 13 Cedar-st., N. Y.

THE COUPONS ON THE BONDS OF THE Boston, Concord and Montreal Railroad Company, due 15th February, 1857, will be paid by J. A. UNDERWOOD & SON, No. 28 Exchange-place.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., NO. 59 WALL-st., issue credits for Commercial and Traveling purposes, available in any part of the world.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

[illegible] VESSELS FOR SALE—[illegible] Emeralda, [illegible], Columbus, Pennsylvania, [illegible] Smith, Pierre Van Cortland, Amble and [illegible], Richard Morrill and Sarah and Anna; also scow-sloops [illegible], Grampus and Erie. The above vessels are all of light draft of water, and vary in price from six hundred to three thousand five hundred dollars. [illegible] Inquire of JOHN C. BAXTER & SON, [illegible], No. 336 West-st., Stone Spring.

$5,000 TO $10,000.—PARTNER WANTED—To engage in an established business which will pay [illegible] per annum net profit. A person somewhat acquainted with agriculture preferred. Full explanation given upon an interview or by letter. References exchanged. Address J. J. MURRAY, Times office, N. Y.

$3,000 TO $5,000.—A THOROUGH BUSINESS man, capable of taking charge of a business enterprise, having $3,000 to $5,000 to invest, can hear of an opportunity to make a safe and profitable arrangement by calling at No. 22 Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway.

STEAM BOILER FOR SALE CHEAP—Twenty feet long, 4 feet diameter, with 2 flues 14 inches in diameter, dome 30 inches by 3 feet high; made of best Pennsylvania iron, used but a short time, and is about as good as new. Apply to G. B. HARTSON, No. 78 Wall-st.

TO WATCHMAKERS.—FOR SALE—THE FIXtures of an old-established watch, clock and jewelry store, now doing a first-class business; also, a Salamander Safe. The above will be sold cheap, on account of removal. Store to let. Inquire at 21 6th-av., New-York.

STEAMBOAT FOR SALE—THE STEAMboat ISLAND CITY, connecting with the Flushing Railroad, with or without all the privileges and lease of Fulton Market Wharf. Apply to A. C. UNDERHILL, at office of E. Hanford, architect, No. 5 Park Bank.

TO NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS AND OTHERS.—ON SALE, the MAIL BOOKS of an extensive Journal, containing over 10,000 names and addresses in all the States of the Union. To be sold cheap. Address, VINDEX, this office.

CROCKERY.—FOR SALE, THE LARGE AND complete stock of crockery at No. 60 Vesey-st., in lots to suit, at cost. Also the lease, fixtures, and good will, for sale.

COAL FREIGHTS.—WANTED, SEVERAL small vessels to carry coal from New-York to Providence, Nantucket and New-Haven. Apply to DELAWARE & HUDSON CANAL CO., No. 29 William-st.

TO LET—A LUMBER YARD AT SING SING. An old stand for business, with a good dock attached. Inquire of the subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL S. SMITH.

BANK NOTICES.

BANK DEPARTMENT—ALBANY, FEB. 16, 1857.—The BANK OF YONKERS has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the PARK BANK, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of the American Exchange Bank as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

JAMES M. COOK, Superintendent.

MARINERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 3d-av., corner 9th-st., open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday from 5 to 8 P. M. Interest allowed on deposits.

T. P. STILLMAN, Pres.

INSURANCE.

SECURITY FIRE INSURANCE CO.
No. 31 Pine-st. (Great Western Building.)
CASH CAPITAL, $200,000.

This Company insures property of all kinds against loss or damage by fire, on as favorable terms as similar institutions in this City.

DIRECTORS:

Joseph Walker,	Joseph Lawrence,	Edward Haight,
Wm. F. Mott,	Jas. G. Garner,	Sam. C. Paxson,
John Halsey,	Richd. P. Bruff,	Wm. Birdsall, Jr.,
Edward Wood,	L. B. Wyman,	Wm. H. Hussey,
Robert L. Case,	Edwd. Willets,	D. Cromwell, Jr.
Wm. Dennistoun,	E. J. Donnell,	Chas. E. Parker,
Edwd. Merritt,	John R. Willis,	John D. Warren,
Henry Barrow,	Smith Lawrence,	Edwd. Cromwell,
Geo. B. Grinnell,	John Allen,	Matthew Mitchell,
R. M. Whitlock,	R. Lindley Murray,	Wm. A. Butler,
Geo. H. Beyer,	E. W. Corlies,	S. T. Valentine,
Charles Ely,	Wm. M. Abbatt,	David S. Kesler.

JOSEPH WALKER, President.
THOMAS W. BIRDSALL, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS

OFFICE NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 87 Wall-st., New-York, Feb. 11, 1857.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of ten (10) per cent. payable 16th inst.

L. G. IRVING, Secretary.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

FOR CALIFORNIA—NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO STEAMSHIP LINE, VIA ASPINWALL AND PANAMA RAILROAD, TOUCHING AT SAN JUAN DE NICARAGUA.—PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.—The new and splendid steamship TENNESSEE, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, (1,800 tons burden,) will sail for Aspinwall on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1857, at 3 o'clock P. M., to connect with the steamer SIERRA NEVADA, from Panama on the Pacific, for San Francisco. 50 lbs. baggage allowed each passenger. 10 cents per lb. on excess. For freight or passage apply only to CHARLES MORGAN & SONS, No. 2 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR NORFOLK AND RICHMOND.—THE United States steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, will leave for the above places, on SATURDAY, the 21st inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from pier No. 13 North River. She will arrive at Norfolk on Sunday afternoon, and at Richmond on Monday morning. Passengers for the South will proceed without delay by the great mail line to Charleston, Augusta, Savannah, &c. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, including state-room, to Norfolk, $8; Petersburg or Richmond, $10; steerage, half price. Apply to

LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 33 Broadway.

EXPRESSES.

1857. FAST FREIGHT LINE. 1857.
MERCHANTS' DISPATCH,
OWNED BY THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

This responsible Fast Freight Line contracts goods from New-York, Boston, and Albany, to Buffalo, and points West and South at fair rates, and guarantees time. Having reliable agents of our own at all points of transhipment, and running cars used exclusively by us on fastest freight trains, we are enabled to give goods greater dispatch than any other Freight Line out of New-York and Boston. For bills of lading or contracts apply to

A. H. LIVINGSTON, No. 197 Broadway, New-York.
G. G. KIDDER, No. 109 State-st., Boston.
J. B. F. BARNARD, No. 409 Broadway, Albany.
General office in old depot of Lake Shore R. R. Buffalo.
P. S. MARSH, Superintendent.

FURNITURE.

NO. 35 BOWERY.
PARLOR FURNITURE.
DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.
CHAMBER FURNITURE.
OFFICE FURNITURE.
In
ROSEWOOD,
MAHOGANY,
BLACK WALNUT, and
OAK.
FOSTER & LEE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, IN ALL COLORS AND STYLES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at prices from $25 and upwards.
WARREN WARD,
No. 277 Canal-st., (old No. 38,)
four doors East of Broadway, New-York.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—New and beautiful styles of enameled chamber furniture. Housekeepers in want of this cheap and fashionable style of bedroom furniture will find a large assortment in all colors at H. F. FARRINGTON'S warerooms, Nos. 46 and 48 Wooster-st., between Broome and Grand. (Old suits repainted.) Dealers supplied on the most reasonable terms.

IRON BEDSTEADS.—THE NEW-YORK IRON Bedstead Manufacturing Company are now ready to execute orders for Iron Bedsteads, &c. Housekeepers about purchasing will find it to their advantage to call. Country dealers, shipping houses and public institutions liberally dealt with. Office 175 Centre-st., near Howard.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE WANTED.—The advertiser wishes to purchase an assortment of household furniture, say $800 or $1,000 worth, for which I will pay cash. Any parties wishing to break up will address a line to LYMAN, Times office.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

KEMEYS & SAMPSON'S
IRON AND STEEL WAREHOUSE,
No. 279 Washington-st.,
between Chamber and Warren, New-York,
Offer at lowest market rates,
BAR AND BUNDLE IRON AND STEEL
of all descriptions.

DENTISTRY.

NEW INVENTION OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH WITHOUT METAL PLATE OR CLASPS.—Dr. S. B. SIGESMOND, dentist, of Broadway, No. 651, invites the public to call and examine his mode of inserting the same, which prevents the bitter taste and nervous irritation which metal or porcelain unavoidably causes.

CHRONIC AND CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES.—Dr. RALPH, No. 643 Houston-st., near Wooster. (Consultations till 1 and after 5 o'clock, Sundays excepted.) Stricture, seminal weakness, spermatorrhea, and all genito-urinary diseases, radically cured, without painful operations, offensive medicines, or troublesome restrictions. Also, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Piles, Old Ulcers.

WHO WILL SUFFER WHEN DR. TOBIAS' CELEBRATED VENETIAN LINIMENT will immediately cure cholera, colic, dysentery, vomiting, rheumatism, swellings, cuts, burns, &c.? Depot No. 60 Courtlandt-st., New-York. Sold by all the druggists and storekeepers.

AN IMPORTANT PREVENTIVE THAT will prevent much misery and suffering to the married. Information will be sent to married men free, on applying, by letter, inclosing return stamp, to Dr. Wm. PEABODY, Box No. 1375, New-York Post-Office.

MEDICAL.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES COUGHS.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES COLDS.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES HOARSENESS.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES INFLUENZA.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES BRONCHITIS.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES CROUP.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES ASTHMA.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES WHOOPING COUGH.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES DISEASES OF THE THROAT.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES LUNG COMPLAINTS.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES ALL CONSUMPTIVE COMPLAINTS.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL CURES ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE LUNGS.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE DYSPEPSIA.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE INDIGESTION.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE DYSENTERY.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE COSTIVENESS.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE HEADACHE.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE JAUNDICE.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE ERYSIPELAS.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE SCROFULA.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE PILES.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE RHEUMATISM.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE FOUL STOMACH.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE BILIOUS COMPLAINTS.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE LIVER COMPLAINTS.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE DISEASES OF THE SKIN.
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY FRED. BROWN, Philadelphia.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Pittsburg, Penn.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY D. R. JONES & CO., Harrisburg, Penn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY J. F. LONG & CO., Lancaster, Penn.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY H. P. SWARTS, Allegheny, Penn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY CLARK & BALDWIN, Erie, Penn.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY ANDREW KLEET, Williamsport, Penn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY WM. DANOWSKI, Allentown, Penn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY H. H. HAY & CO., Portland, Me.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY WARREN L. ALDEN, Bangor, Me.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY JOHN G. COOK & CO., Lewiston Falls, Me.
AYER'S PECTORAL PILLS AND SOLD BY S. R. BYRAM, Eastport, Me.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY WM. B. PRESTON, Portsmouth, N. H.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY E. H. ROLLINS, Concord, N. H.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY J. A. PARRY, Manchester, N. H.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY T. H. GIBBY, Nashua, N. H.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY THEO. A. PECK, Burlington, Vt.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY S. P. PECK, Bennington, Vt.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY L. S. PIERCE, Montpelier, Vt.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY BROWN & PRICE, Salem, Mass.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY HENSHAW, EDMANDS & SHAW, Boston, Mass.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY H. & J. BREWER, Springfield, Mass.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY JAMES GREEN, Worcester, Mass.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY THORNTON & GERRISH, New-Bedford, Mass.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY H. H. BURRINGTON, Providence, R. I.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY LEE, BUTLER & CO., Hartford, Conn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY ROBERT GEER, Norwich, Conn.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY C. B. WHITTLESEY, New-Haven, Conn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY THOMPSON & BOOTH, Bridgeport, Conn.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY F. L. ALLEN, New-London, Conn.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO., New-York, N. Y.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY A. McCLURE & CO., Albany, N. Y.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY ROSSMAN & McKINSTRY, Hudson, N. Y.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY RENYON, ROGERS & CO., Syracuse, N. Y.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY LANE & PAINE, Rochester, N. Y.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY DR. A. TRUAX, Schenectady, N. Y.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY JAMES G. WOOD, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY JOSEPH OSBORNE, Auburn, N. Y.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY DR. W. TERBELL & SON, Corning, N. Y.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY H. W. ELLIOTT, Elmira, N. Y.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY ROSWELL VAN BUSKIRK, Newark, N. J.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY ISSAAC D. JAMES, Trenton, N. J.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY D. C. ENGLISH, New-Brunswick, N. J.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY W. M. HALSTED, Paterson, N. J.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY EDWARD BRINGHURST, Wilmington, Del.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY W. R. GOODMAN, Annapolis, Md.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY DR. FAIRFAX SCHLEY, Frederick City, Md.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY J. H. B. CAMPBELL, Cumberland, Md.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY J. W. HERRING, Westminster, Md.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY Z. D. GILMAN, Washington, D. C.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY I. BROTHER, Burlington, N. J.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY J. C. DE LA COUR, Camden, N. J.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY D. C. ENGLISH, New-Brunswick, N. J.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY J. A. GOODALE, Dover, N. J.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY BENJ. MARSH, Morristown, N. J.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY THOMPSON, BLOCK & WOODS, Baltimore.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY J. WALLACE, Elkton, Md.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY LYMAN SAVAGE & CO., Montreal, C. W.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY HAMILTON & MUIR, Hamilton, C. W.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY B. A. MITCHELL, London, C. W.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY JOSEPH BOLLES, Quebec, C. E.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY MORTON & COGSWELL, Halifax, N. S.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY T. WALKER & SONS, St. John, N. B.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY W. B. LITTLE & CO., San Francisco, Cal.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento, Cal.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY B. W. LEIGH & CO., Valparaiso, Chili.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY DON MARIANO AQUIERE, Lima, Peru.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY W. H. WOOD, City of Mexico, Mexico.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY G. A. LATHROP, Honolulu, S. Islands.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY F. DABNEY, Fayal, Azores.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY ALOIS DE FALCAO, Rio Janeiro, S. A.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY LEWIS HORAN, Curacoa, W. I.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY JAMES BODEN, Jr., Sidney, N. S. W.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY BARCLAY BROS., London, Eng.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY LEWIS GUYS & CO., Paris, France.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY McDONALD & CO., Edinburg, Scotland.
AYER'S PILLS AND PECTORAL SOLD BY McLAUGHLIN & CO., Dublin, Ireland.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY ALEX. BULOFF, St. Petersburg, Russia.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY HELMICH FLUGEL & CO., Fow Chow Fow, China.
AYER'S PECTORAL AND PILLS SOLD BY S. M. MINASIAN, Constantinople, Turkey.

Prepared by Dr. JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. Sold at wholesale by druggists in the principal cities, and retailed by all respectable druggists and apothecaries throughout the United States, the British American Provinces, Mexico, Guatemala, and the independent Republics of South America. Sold generally by the licensed apothecaries in the Empires, Kingdoms and Principalities of Europe, and elsewhere by dealers in medicine in the ports of the East and West Indies, China, Turkey, and the Barbary States.

MEDICAL.

SANDS' SALT RHEUM REMEDY.—The great success of this medicine in curing diseases of the skin, such as Salt Rheum, [illegible] Scald Head, Eczema, Psoriasis, &c., is without a parallel in the annals of medicine. SANDS' SARSAPARILLA is recommended to be used to throw out the unhealthy humors from the system, when by applying the SALT RHEUM REMEDY externally, reliance may be placed upon a speedy and permanent cure. Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, No. 100 Fulton-st., New-York.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—MR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over 1,100 cases, and never failed, except in two cases, both thunder humor. He has now in his possession over 200 certificates of its virtue, all within 20 miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of boils.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effects of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; after a trial, it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising—first, that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846; second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it, and sold about six bottles per day. In April, 1854, I sold over a thousand bottles per day.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you can get, and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adults, one table spoonful per day; children over 8 years, dessert spoonful; children from 5 to 8 years, tea-spoonful. As no direction can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

MR. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of Scrofula.

Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, No. 120 Warren-st., Roxbury, Mass. Price $1.

MARSH, ORVIS & CO., No. 150 Greenwich-st.; BOYD & PAUL, Chambers-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st.; McKESSON, ROBBINS & CO., No. 115 Maiden-lane; HAVILAND, HARRAL & RISLEY, Warren-st.; WARD, CLOSE & CO., Maiden-lane; and retailed by all respectable Druggists.

Wholesale agents for New-York: CHAS. H. RING, No. 192 Broadway; C. V. CLICKENER, No. 81 Barclay-st.; A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st., and retailed by all respectable Druggists. Also by Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; BARNES & PARK, No. 304 Broadway.

NEW AND IMPORTANT DISCOVERY IN THE SCIENCE OF MEDICINE.—TRIESEMAR.—None are genuine unless the engravings of the Seals of the Patent Office of England, the Seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Vienna, are fixed upon each wrapper, and around each case.

Sold by Dr. H. A. BARROW—Member of the Imperial College of Vienna, and Royal College of Surgeons, London, who may be personally consulted at his residence, No. 157 Prince-st., (few blocks west of Broadway,) New-York, from 11 o'clock in the morning till 2, and from 4 o'clock till 8 in the evening. (Sundays excepted.)

TRIESEMAR No. 1—Is the remedy of general and local debility, loss of virile power, premature decay, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, &c.; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering its use invaluable to those entering the marriage state.

TRIESEMAR No. 2—Entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which copavia and cubebs have so long been thought an antidote for to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population.

TRIESEMAR No. 3—Is the great European remedy for that class of disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the Sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove.

TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2, and 3, are prepared in the form of a lozenge, devoid of taste or smell, and can be carried in the waistcoat pocket. Sold in tin cases and divided in separate doses, as administered by Valpeau, Lallemand, Roux, Ricord, &c., &c. Price $3 each, or four cases in one for $9, which saves $3; and in $27-cases, whereby there is a saving of $9.

Special arrangements having been made with the various Expresses, the nine-dollar cases of the Triesemar, and the larger sizes, will be forwarded by Dr. Barrow, carriage paid, immediately on receiving a remittance, to any part of the world, securely packed, and addressed according to the instructions of the writer, thus securing to the public genuine European preparations, and effectually protecting them from spurious and pernicious imitations. The three-dollar cases sent as usual, but not free of carriage.

☞ No. 157 Prince-st., (few blocks west of Broadway,) New-York.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—This delightful and positive invigorant of the human system, is fast superseding all other remedies; in fact, when its virtues become fully known it will be the only remedy in use. Its action on the nervous system and reproductive organs is most extraordinary; allaying all over-excitement, and infusing into the nervous organization that degree of tension which is requisite to give the human system the enjoyment of its full powers, both mentally and physically. As a preparative it is equally remarkable; assimilating with the gastric juices of the stomach, it leads them to more readily dissolving all nutritious substances, and converting them into pure and wholesome blood; thus the digestion is improved and the whole framework of man moves on in a more vigorous and harmonious manner thereby. Price, $3 per bottle, or two bottles for $5. Principal office, No. 71 Maiden-lane.

DR. MAGNIN.

HEALTH RESTORED IN ALL CASES.—Dr. HUNTER, No. 3 Division-st., New-York, so long and favorably known to the public, may be consulted at his old-established office, where he has practiced in one branch of medicine for the last 24 years, and made more cures than any other man in the City; in many instances of persons considered incurable, some of whom he has permission to refer to as heretofore. Charges moderate and in all cases a cure guaranteed. CAUTION.—My great remedy, Hunter's Red Drop, that cures diseases without drying its poison in the blood, can only be had as above. Price $1. Call and get the Monitor of Health.

THE REMEDY OF THE AGE.—DR. DEVINE'S INFLUENZA LOZENGE, for BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, &c.

The Lozenge is pronounced by vocalists and public speakers the best remedy ever discovered for allaying inflammation of the Throat and clearing the voice. As a preventive of Croup, it is unrivaled. Try it.

The trade supplied by HARRAL, RISLEY & KITCHEN, Wholesale Agents, No. 78 Barclay-st., corner Greenwich-st., to whom all orders should be addressed.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS for Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, Dimness of Vision, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Horror of Death, Trembling, Languor and Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. WATSON has for a long series of years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than twenty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. Watson is in constant attendance, from 7 in the morning until 9 at night, at his consulting rooms and residence, No. 85 Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway. The consulting rooms are separate.

WM. WATSON, M. D.,
Formerly Surgeon to the Lock Hospital.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS have effected Cures of from one month to twenty years' standing—evidence open for the inspection of all. Depot, No. 52 South 10th-st., Assembly Building. Price $1 per bottle. BARNES & PARK, Agents.

DR. WATSON'S NEW WORK—"THE CAUSE AND CURE"—A complete practical treatise on spermatorrhea and premature exhaustion, with local debility, induced by early indiscretion, excess, or other causes, in which the nature and effects of this insidious malady, together with the treatment, are explained; illustrated by numerous anatomical plates and drawings. With a supplement on genito-urinary disease. Price, $1. To be had of the author, who may be consulted confidentially, at 85 Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, prepared according to the rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, are pleasant in their taste and odor, but immediate in their action.

DR. LARMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, 20th edition, 400 pages, 150 illustrations, cloth, $1. It gives the advertised remedies, and shows the superiority of the author's Paris and London treatment of emissions, impotency, strictures, gleet, syphilis, &c. He cures all such diseases at No. 39 Mercer-st., corner of Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, from 10 A. M. until 9 P. M. We recommend Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—Courrier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, Day Book, Democrat, &c.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS remove Tetter, Pimples, Obstructions and Irregularities, and all Diseases arising from Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies.

A MOTHER WHO HAS RAISED A large family of daughters, and had extensive acquaintance amongst females, with a desire to benefit her suffering sex, will impart, on receipt of four postage-stamps, to assist in paying for the publication, a most valuable remedy for the removal of all obstructions to which females are liable; never known to fail. Address Mrs. VAN PELT, Station C, 8th-av. Post-Office, New-York City.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS give Health and Vigor to the Frame, and Bloom to the Pallid Cheek.

CATARRH.—GOODALE'S POSITIVE CURE for this disease may be had at No. 192 Broadway, of CHAS. H. RING; at No. 127 Bowery, of E. M. GUION; at Union-square, of THOS. GREEN, druggist; and of the Proprietor, No. 308 Broadway, up stairs, Room No. 3; with directions for using.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS for Pallid Countenance, Eruptions, Pains in the Back, Headache, Sick Stomach.

CONSULT DR. CURTIS [illegible] In all diseases of a private nature, [illegible] and reliable treatment. [illegible] case of the [illegible] privacy and confidence observed. Office No. [illegible], a few doors east of Broadway.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS [illegible] Dropsy."

FOR EUROPE.

THE NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.—[illegible]

The ATLANTIC, Capt. OLIVER ELDRIDGE.
The BALTIC, Capt. JOSEPH COMSTOCK.
The ADRIATIC, Capt. JAMES WEST.

[illegible]

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

[illegible]

For freight or passage, apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS & CO., No. 56 Wall-st., New-York. BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool. STEPHEN KENNARD & CO., No. 27 Austin Friars, London. B. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Paris.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof expressed therein.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.—[illegible]

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Leitch.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard, red on port bow.

AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wednesday, [illegible]
NIAGARA, Wickman, leaves Boston, Wednesday, [illegible]
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, [illegible]
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston, Wednesday, [illegible]
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wednesday, [illegible]
AMERICA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, March [illegible]

Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof expressed.

For freight or passage apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail Steamer FULTON, J. A. WOTTON, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, March 7, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

PRICE OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin [illegible]
Second Cabin [illegible]

This ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "Below."

For freight or passage apply to

MORTIMER LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 56 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON, and sail April 4.

FOR BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON.—The U. S. Mail Steamship WASHINGTON, E. CAVENDY, Commander, will sail for Bremen, touching at Southampton, to land the Mails and Passengers for England and France, on SATURDAY, [illegible], at 12 o'clock M., from pier No. 37 North River.

PRICE OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON OR BREMEN.

In First Cabin, Main Saloon [illegible]
In First Cabin, Lower Saloon 110
In Second Cabin [illegible]

An experienced Surgeon is attached to each steamer. Specie delivered in Havre or London. No Parcels received on the day of sailing. All Letters must pass through the Post-Office. For freight or passage, apply to

C. H. SAND, Agent, No. 11 South William-st.

The Steamer HERMANN will succeed the WASHINGTON, and sail on March 21.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.

EDINBURG, 2,500 tons, WM. CUMMING, Commander.
NEW-YORK, 2,150 tons, ROBERT CRAIG, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1,962 tons, JOHN DUNCAN, Commander.

The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company intend sailing their new and powerful steamers from New-York for Glasgow direct, as under:

EDINBURG......Saturday, 14th March, at 12 o'clock M.
NEW-YORK......Saturday, 11th April, at 12 o'clock M.
GLASGOW......Saturday, 25th April, at 12 o'clock M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First-class, $75; third-class, found with cooked provisions, $30.

An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.

For freight or passage, apply to J. McSYMON, No. 13 Broadway.

New-York City bills or gold only received for passage.

RAILROADS.

GREAT AMERICAN ROUTE.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD TO CHICAGO, St. Louis, Rock Island, St. Paul's, Milwaukee, and all places West and Southwest, via New-York and Erie, New-York Central, American Lake Shore Railroads, to Toledo, forming the shortest, quickest and pleasantest route to the Great West. For through tickets and rates of freight apply at the Company's Office, No. 193 Broadway, corner of Dey-st., New-York.

JOHN F. PORTER, Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, Dec. 22, 1856, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.: Buffalo Express, at 6:00 A. M. for Buffalo. Dunkirk Express, at 6:00 A. M. for Dunkirk. Mail, at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Passengers by this train remain over night at Owego, and proceed the next morning. Chicago Express, at 12 M. for Dunkirk. Rockland Passenger, at 4 P. M. via Suffern for Piermont and intermediate stations. Newburg Express at 4 P. M. for Newburg and Otisville and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5:00 P. M. for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Emigrant, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations.

THE ABOVE TRAINS RUN DAILY, Sundays excepted.

These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning, with Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester; at Great Bend, with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.

D. C. McCALLUM, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLINGTON, PLATTSBURG, ROUSES POINT AND MONTREAL SAMEDAY.—Leave New-York at 6:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad at 6:30 A. M.; leave Troy by Troy and Boston Railroad at 11:30 A. M.; arrive at Rutland 3:15 P. M., Burlington 6:15, Plattsburg 7:15, Rouse's Point 9 P. M., Montreal 10:30 P. M., and Ogdensburg next morning. Leave New-York at 11½ A. M. (Nov. 3 this goes into effect,) leave Troy by Troy and Boston Railroad at 6:30 P. M.; arrive at Rutland 9:15 P. M., lodge; leave at 5 A. M.; arrive at Ogdensburg and Montreal same afternoon. Leave New-York at 4:45 P. M., lodge at Troy; leave at 6:30 A. M., for all points north and east of Rutland.

ISAAC V. BAKER,
Superintendent of Troy and Boston Railroad.

MAY 5, 1856.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, to Scranton, Great Bend, the North and West, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, to Mauch Chunk.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing Dec. 1, 1856.—Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.; for Somerville, at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Courtlandt-st., at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M.

JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST via JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line, leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3; [illegible] $2 25; stopping at all way stations. [illegible] 8 and 6 go to Kensington. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati ($17 50 and $15 50) and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

No baggage will be received for any train unless delivered and checked 15 minutes in advance of the time of leaving.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM FEB. 2, 1857, the trains will leave Chambers-st. Station, as follows: Express Train, 6:10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; Mail, 11:15 A. M.; Emigrant, 6:00 P. M. For Poughkeepsie, 6:00 A. M. [and 12:00 M. and 4:45 P. M. For Sing Sing, 4 P. M.; For Peekskill, 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Sing Sing and Peekskill trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45 and 10:10 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.; and East Albany at 5:00 and 10:30 A. M., and 5:15 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—FARE TO ALBANY $2.—The passenger trains on this Road for Albany will leave the corner White and Centre sts. as follows:

Every morning at 6:15 o'clock.
Every afternoon at 4 o'clock.
Fare through to Albany will be $2. To commence on Monday afternoon, 18th inst.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Supt.

LAND ROUTE—NEW-YORK TO PROVIDENCE.—On and after Dec. 1, 1856, Express Trains for Providence, Hartford and Pawtucket [illegible] leave Hartford on the arrival there of the Express Trains of the New-York and New-Haven, and New-Haven, Hartford and Springfield Railroads, which leave New-York at 8 A. M. and 3 P. M., respectively.

[illegible]
Chief Engr. and Supt. H. P. & F. R. R.

STEAMBOATS.

THE [illegible] STEAMER SHOREWELL [illegible] WEDNESDAY, [illegible] leaving [illegible] at 2:15, 1:30, and 4:45.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.—[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] in Astor-place as he passed that locality. [illegible] in the habit of walking in the evening for exercise. After a shorter walk than was his ordinary wont, he returned, went up stairs and commenced reading. Feeling unsatisfied with his walk, he determined to go out again, called the dog, and went in various directions up and down the Bowery and Broadway. He does not know exactly how long time the second walk occupied—thinks it must have been fully 11 o'clock, if not after, when he reached his own door to enter for the night.

While standing at the door, his dog, who was not much accustomed to leave him, seemed inclined to remain on the other side of the street, (Dr. Parmlee lives almost directly opposite the late Dr. Burdell's residence,) Dr. Parmlee whistled to him to return, the dog refused to notice the call, seeming to be arrested by something which caused him to linger. Dr. Parmlee ultimately had to cross the street to fetch him, to lift and carry him away from the steps of Dr. Burdell's house.

It was during the time that he stood at his own door trying to whistle home the dog that he could not avoid noticing an extraordinary light at the window of Dr. Burdell's house—the window of the room which (as he afterwards learned at the inquest) was the empty unoccupied room, with a fire-place described by Mary Donahoe. Of course he did not previously to the inquest know there was a fire-place. In other respects the house was in total darkness—which was unusual, the side lights at the front-door were obscured, nor was there any light over the door.

The light in the attic was extraordinary and likely to excite attention from the fact of the unusual darkness of the rest of the house, from no light ever having been seen previously in that attic, and more particularly from the character of the light and its intensity. It was not such a light as might be produced by a lamp carried hastily about, but as though newspapers or some easily combustible substances had one by one been successively thrown upon a fire, flaring and blazing up, and the light subsiding and brightening again. He described it as unsteady and variable, and such a light as would rouse curiosity as to what the parties could be doing, more especially as to the rest of the house was in absolute and unusual darkness. Now, observed the Doctor, some of the inmates swear that there was no light in that room that night, and that the door was kept locked. It was the attic window nearest to Broadway, next to the room that, from the evidence appears to have been occupied by Snodgrass. As to the "smell," Dr. Parmlee noticed it, remarking that Dr. Maine had noticed it between twelve and one.

The Doctor retired to bed and did not observe how long the light was observable. He observed that during the past Winter the house had been very quiet; it had been the impression of himself and the neighbors that the Doctor had got new tenants and made many improvements. They had seen a gentleman and lady at all times of the day at the front windows, whom every body took for the papa and mamma of the little boys. We, said he, always took them for man and wife, but that man was not Dr. Burdell.

The Cunningham Family.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

In your paper of the 18th you, in some comments on an article copied from the *Evening Post*, call upon the Press generally to treat with a little more fairness and consideration the unfortunate children of Mrs. Cunningham. These children, it seems to me, have, from the first, been treated with a severity of denunciation, on the part of Editors generally, altogether unprecedented. Now I happen to have known well, for some years, these Cunningham children. I have known the girls from tender years. I have seen them, and been familiar with their conduct and deportment, during periods of great adversity, and, at a later period, of comparative prosperity. I have had the best possible means of forming just conclusions regarding their characters, and I cannot permit these wide-spread denunciations—these perversions of trivial and innocent acts of children, conscious of no wrong—to pass, without interposing my protest against such cruelty.

In my humble opinion a reaction of public sentiment is at hand. I think it will soon be felt that great injustice has been done to the unhappy family at No. 31 Bond-street, and that editors will yet regret having given up their columns to such a terrible crusade as has been waged against the friendless and, *I believe*, innocent family of an unhappy mother. I may, perhaps, be incapable, from prejudice, of forming correct conclusions from the testimony given so far at the inquest; but, to me, it seems impossible to doubt the entire innocence of the mother. But I did not intend making any remarks, or to express any opinion on this part of the subject. C.

☞ Twenty years ago Dr. Burdell, whose murder, to-day, occasions more excitement than any or all other events, was a Dentist in Groton. He was, as a man, quite popular among the people of that town, and regarded as a promising member of the community. In moralities and habits at that early period of his life, the Doctor was a reformer, and a strict Grahamite.—*Worcester (Mass.) Ægis.*

[Advertisement.]

Weak Lungs—Foggy Weather.—The air is heavy with moisture. The lungs and skin throw off a large proportion of the body's impurities. Damp weather, long continued, is highly dangerous to persons of weak lungs; because such weather restrains their action, as well as that of the skin—those matters which should have been expelled from the system being retained in the circulation. Great evils may come of this; colds, oppression of the chest, croup, cough, influenza, headache, depression of spirits, fatigue, listlessness, inflammation of the kidneys, and costiveness. All which may be prevented by calling upon Brandreth's Pills to assist the lungs and skin through the organs of the stomach and bowels.

The wise will heed words of wisdom.

No. 43 Canal-street, Brandreth's Building. Beware of counterfeits.

[Advertisement.]

A Great Paper.—Over five-hundred original Stories, Sketches, Poetical Contributions, Editorial Articles and Items of interest, will be published in this week's number of the New-York Dispatch! It would require an advertisement of a column in length to give a list of the Contents alone. The Dispatch is a large quarto sheet, containing fifty-six columns of choice original matter, from the pens of the best writers in the country. Price four cents—the cheapest paper published in the world! Sold by all News Agents. Get a copy and judge for yourself. If you don't want to be disappointed you must apply early, as the publishers have, for some weeks, been unable to supply the demand, notwithstanding the fact that it is printed on one of Hoe's Lightning Presses.

[Advertisement.]

Gas for the Country.—Gas apparatus, after the Patent of the Maryland Portable Gas Company. C. R. Woodworth & Co. are now offering for sale a most complete, cheap, simple and efficient gas machine, adapted in all respects to the wants of private dwellings, public and private schools, churches, colleges, factories, foundries, hotels, watering places, &c., as well as of towns and villages. Details will be furnished, by applying in person or by letter to the office of the Company, where a machine can be seen in operation, and descriptive pamphlets obtained.

C. R. Woodworth & Co.,
No. 74 Wall-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

S. Coates & Co., Portable Gas Works.—We desire to call public attention to our newly-invented Gas apparatus, designed for country residences, factories, hotels, &c. These works are safe, efficient, and simple in their construction, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. We guarantee purchasers against prosecution by the Maryland Portable Gas Company, or any other parties, for alleged infringement of their patents. Apply to S. Coates & Co., Office No. 376 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

☞ Murray & Lanman's Florida Water is a perfume of matchless richness; a cosmetic that immediately removes Rashes, Tan, Blotches, and all complexional blemishes; a purifier of the breath after smoking; a preservative gum and tooth-wash; and exhales a finer and more indestructible fragrance than the *Maria Farina Cologne.* Sold by D. T. Lanman & Co., Wholesale Druggists, No. 69 Water-street, New-York, and by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

[Advertisement.]

Teas.—The Canton Tea Company have on hand every variety of Teas for Grocers, Tea Dealers, and private families—Souchong, Oolong and Young Hyson, from 30c. to 40c.; Gunpowder and Imperial from 50c. to 85c.—all other qualities equally low. Also, 5-lb boxes of good Family Tea for $1. Call and examine.—No. 125 Chatham-st., between Pearl and Roosevelt sts.

[Advertisement.]

Carpetings, Oil-Cloths,
and
Curtains and Curtain Materials,
For sale at reduced prices, by
Peterson & Humphrey, No. 524 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

"A Woman on Fire"—Awful Accident from Camphene.—A female residing at No. 84 Park-street was burned to death from a fluid-lamp exploding while filling. "Pratt's Patent Safety-Lamp cannot explode," from overturning, overflowing, or filling while lighted. Prices: 50 cents, 62½ cents, and 75 cents. Depot, No. 186 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Dr. [illegible]'s Family Pills.—These long-standing and excellent Pills should be in every family; nearly every sickness can be avoided by their use. For sale by Hegeman, Clarke & Co., 165, 273, 511 and 371 Broadway; Barnes & Park, 304 Broadway, and A. B. & D. Sands & Co., 100 Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

Closing Sale, Previous to Removal.—E. V. Haughwout & Co.'s New Store, Corner of Broadway and Broome-street, will be ready for occupation on the 15th day of March, and having a Special Stock of Goods now in port to open with, we are desirous of Closing Out the balance of our present stock, previous to removal. A perusal of the following list will convince every one that the prices at which we are now selling will defy competition:

White Dinner Services	142 pieces	$17 00
White Toilet Sets	10 pieces	1 00
Fancy Decorated Toilet Sets	11 pieces	4 75
Fancy Decorated Tea Sets	44 pieces	6 50
Cut-Glass Goblets	Per dozen	1 75
Cut-Glass Champagnes	Per dozen	1 25
Cut-Glass Wines	Per dozen	88
Pipe-Stem Sherry Wines	Per dozen	1 38
Pipe-Stem Engraved Do.	Per dozen	2 50
Engraved Bohemian Claret Glasses	Per dozen	2 50

And Plated Ware, Cutlery, Gas-Fixtures, &c., in proportion.

E. V. Haughwout & Co.,
Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HALLOTYPES.

Letters Patent, Granted Jan. 20, 1857.—A large collection of this new and beautiful style of portraiture is now on exhibition at J. Gurney's well-known Photographic Palace of Art, No. 349 Broadway, New-York.

The public are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves of the superiority of these pictures over other styles; and although executed by the camera, they combine the truthfulness of the finest photograph with the beauty and finish of the most delicate miniature on ivory. To quote the expression of one of our most celebrated miniature painters,

"The stereoscopic effect is wonderful; our occupation is gone. These pictures surpass in every respect our best endeavors."

J. Gurney holds himself in readiness to execute said pictures for the public on and after the 20th inst.

Gallery open from 8 A. M. till 6 P. M.

J. Gurney, Photographic Artist,
No. 349 Broadway, corner Leonard-street, New-York.

N. B.—No connection with any other establishment.

[Advertisement.]

M. B. Brady requests the attention of the public to an entirely new application of the Photograph, the results of which are exhibited at his Gallery; they surpass in artistic grace any work of the Camera hitherto produced, and are as unlike the ephemeral diversions of the Art which obtain a transient currency as possible. The artistic community unite in awarding them the highest place ever attained by a Camera Picture. Chemical discoveries made within the past year have established the complete durability of the Photograph, while the cost of its production has been materially lessened. Every grade of Portraiture, from the exquisitely elaborated Miniature to the life-size picture, is readily produced. The corps of artists associated with Mr. Brady have no superiors in this country. The durability of each picture is guaranteed, and those who are likely to be diverted by the inartistic novelties which from time to time attract public attention will please bear this in mind. On and after the 20th instant Photographs will be produced at Brady's Lower Gallery, No. 205 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st.

[Advertisement.]

"The Willow Copse" for the Last Time.—They present this charming domestic drama this afternoon as well as this evening, at Barnum's Museum, for the last time, as it must be withdrawn to make room for other novelties. Go and see it to-day.

[Advertisement.]

Purdy's National Theatre.—"Orion, the Gold-Beater," is to be performed here to-night for the fourteenth and last time for the present, and with it the pantomime of a "School in an Uproar," and comic drama of "Paddy, the Piper." This will undoubtedly attract a full house.

[Advertisement.]

Hallotypes.—These beautiful portraits are taken by J. B. Hall, the inventor and patentee, only at the gallery of Hall & Fredericks, No. 585 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

[Advertisement.]

Phrenology.—Strangers and citizens will find the Phrenological Cabinet an agreeable place to visit. It contains many rare curiosities. Examinations, with charts, and written discreptions of character, given when desired. Rooms always open and free to visitors. No. 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes.—Nos. 135, 137 and 139 Water-street, and No. 5 Murray-street, New-York.

LONG ISLAND.

The Normal School.

The Normal School, of which Mr. Bulkley, the "live" Superintendent of Public Instruction, is the head, has not been half enough appreciated. The average number of pupils (teachers in the public schools) in attendance every Saturday is 268. When the thing was first started there was a good deal of dissatisfaction on the part of the more advanced teachers. But all this is past, we believe, and none, or few, now object to attend punctually, except those who are most decidedly in need of its instruction. The committees that have this Institution under their supervision—and they have made it a very active and efficient supervision—are Messrs Field, Tuttle and Burr, of Williamsburg, and Mr Anthony and Judge Copeland, of Brooklyn West.

A New Methodist Church.

The costly and beautiful building erected for the Summerfield Methodist Church, on the corner Washington and Green avenues, (Brooklyn,) is to be dedicated next Sunday. The services will be, in the morning, at 10½ o'clock, a sermon by Bishop Janes; in the afternoon, at 3 o'clock, a sermon by Rev. C. Fletcher; and in the evening, at 7½ o'clock, a sermon by Rev. Dr. Foster.

Mr. Beecher's Salary.

At the annual meeting of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, a few evenings since, the salary of the pastor, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, was increased by the sum of one thousand dollars, making it now *five thousand*. The *Independent* says this was entirely voluntary on the people's part, and unexpected on the pastor's.

Libel Suit.

Judge Culver has instituted a suit in the Supreme Court against the publishers of the Brooklyn *Eagle*, for several libelous publications against him and the City Court. The damages are claimed at $10,000.

Judge Emott has granted an order of arrest in the case.

Brooklyn Female Employment Society.

Among the most useful of the benevolent institutions of Brooklyn is the Female Employment Society, whose office is located at No. 63 Court-street. Its managers, disclaiming soup-houses and other gratuitous charities, believe that a person in health who can get suitable employment needs no other mode of support, and accordingly endeavor to give women an opportunity to earn an honest livelihood by furnishing them with work at reasonable prices, and procuring situations (as far as possible) for those who desire them. We looked in their salesroom yesterday, and found piles of ready-made garments of all kinds for men, women and children, both useful and ornamental, fresh from the busy fingers of the workers in this industrial hive, and awaiting purchasers. The proceeds of these articles, when sold, constitute the means of further employment, and as the house is owned by the Society, and the services of the managers are gratuitous, the profits go where they rightly belong, into the pockets of the actual workers. Every person subscribing $5 receives a permit which entitles the bearer to work from the establishment at stipulated prices, and one is thus enabled, by a trifling outlay, to furnish a poor woman with a mode of support which is worth far more to her than a mere gift of charity. The character and necessities of the applicants are carefully investigated, and donations made when needed to supply the wants of the moment.

The Society, though yet in its infancy, furnishes employment to some two hundred poor women. Many of these are only able to work on coarse sewing, and in consequence of this, this kind of work (mostly men's garments) accumulates on their hands. The want of a ready sale for these is one of their greatest difficulties. The operations of the Society are necessarily limited by its small capital, but it is gradually growing into public favor, and bids fair to become deservedly popular. Indeed, in view of the present difficulties which are thrown in the way of our working women, we should give our cordial and hearty support to those who are striving to better their condition. Many beg who would gladly work, could they find work to do; others starve in obscure garrets on the proceeds of ill-paid labor, and if we would discourage beggary, and prevent want, we must encourage self-reliance, by giving them remunerative employment. We must strike at the root of the evil; the bread given to-day will not satisfy the hunger of the morrow. Some plan must be devised for making the charity capable of indefinite extension.

This the managers of the Society propose to do, and they ask from those about them—the busy, the wealthy, the kind-hearted—to give them increased means for furnishing to the deserving, struggling, needy women in our city what they most want, suitable and remunerative employment. They find themselves compelled, week after week, to neglect or reject those who ask but for leave to labor and not for the bread of idleness. They also form an excellent channel for the distribution of charitable donations. Money, heedlessly bestowed, is often imprudently expended, and no good results. To the really poor, donations of suitable clothing are generally a most acceptable and judicious mode of relief, and by giving an order on the Society for such articles, the ends of charitable relief are obtained and the institution is sensibly benefited. Several advances of money have already been made on condition that their value, in clothing, should be distributed to persons in want.

The ladies of Brooklyn have undertaken an arduous but much needed task in this enterprise. It is of a kind demanding the patient and constant attention of its managers, and this has been ungrudgingly bestowed. They commend themselves to the sympathy and the support of the community.

Outrages and Policemen.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

A gentleman, a resident of this City, while peaceably walking up Main-street, Brooklyn, in company with a lady, on Tuesday last, was violently assaulted by an Irishman, without any provocation whatever. He called loudly for the Police, but no officer came, and the fellow escaped. Are such high-handed outrages to be perpetrated in open day in the public thoroughfares with impunity, and can nothing be done to suppress them? H.

[Policemen in Brooklyn are about as thick as good men were in Sodom. Unless they have ears like that god of the Scandinavian Mythology, who ran all to ears, we cannot conceive how they should hear. To get around one of their beats is a fair night's work for a strong-winded man.]

Body of a Child Found.

While workmen were engaged yesterday in excavating for a cellar on Grand, near Tenth-street, Brooklyn, about one foot from the surface they struck upon a box, which was found to contain the remains of a child. Coroner Snell was notified, and during the day an inquest was held. He came to the conclusion that the child had died a natural death, and had been buried at this place by a family formerly occupying the house on the spot, to save funeral expenses.

Fires in Brooklyn.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning, Gumm's Rosin Oil Factory, corner of Kent-avenue and Clymer-street, was destroyed by fire. Loss, $800, no insurance.

Kent's drug store, corner Sixteenth-street and Third-avenue, was damaged by fire to the extent of $200, Thursday night.

NEW-JERSEY.

Fatal Accident on a Ferry-Boat.

On Thursday night George W. Angle, fireman on the Jersey City ferry-boat *D. S. Gregory*, was crushed to death by the machinery while the boat lay in her slip on the New-York side of the ferry. He was oiling the machinery, and was struck by the crank of the engine, which was at work to clear the ice out of the slip. The engineer was not aware that he was oiling the machinery. His body was badly mutilated and all of his larger bones broken. Mr. Angle was about thirty-five years of age, and leaves a wife and two children.

Man Missing.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

The constable at Middletown Point, New-Jersey, left here the fore part of last week and went to New-York, taking with him from $1,500 to $2,000, money belonging to the town. He was to have returned on Saturday, 14th inst., but he has not since been heard from. Fears are entertained that something has happened to him. The last heard from him was on Friday morning, 13th inst., when he left a friend's house in Jersey City, stating that he would return home next day. A. M. E.

Fire Department Fund.

The Treasurer of the Jersey City Fire Department Fund reports that the fund amounted to $2,616 27 on the 18th inst., which is an increase of its amount, during the year, of $1,196 81, besides $100 expended in benefits and otherwise.

Sudden Death.

Mr. Ralph Conover, the proprietor of Conover's Jersey City and New-York Express, fell out of his chair, and instantly expired, at 2 o'clock P. M. yesterday. He had returned from New-York at 1 o'clock, and just taken his dinner.

The Bergen Riot—More Arrests.

Six persons were arrested during Wednesday and Thursday night, on the charge of participating in the riot on the New-York and Erie Railroad tunnel, on Saturday last, in the city of Hudson.

Disappearance of Mr. Reynolds.

From the Independent Democrat and Paterson Intelligencer, Feb. 18.

Henry Clay Reynolds, the editor of this paper, left Paterson on Saturday, the 7th instant, and went in the 12 o'clock train to New-York, for the purpose of making an exchange of one or two old presses in the office for a new one. He had with him about $250 in cash. He went to the office of E. R. Webb, dealer in printing materials, presses, &c., on the corner of Fulton and Dutch streets, and left there about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. He cannot be traced after leaving Mr. Webb's office. The stories printed in the *Guardian*, and other papers, about his leaving Savery's Hotel on Monday morning, the 9th inst., about 4 o'clock in the morning, are incorrect.

There was no serious apprehension entertained by his friends, respecting his safety, until after Mr. Woodruff went to Trenton, on last Wednesday, and ascertained that Mr. Reynolds was not in attendance at the Printers' Convention which was to assemble there on that day, as he had intended to be. Mr. Woodruff immediately returned to New-York and consulted the Chief of Police. The returns from the different station-houses, however, gave no information respecting Mr. Reynolds, or any person answering his description. He made inquiries at Mr. Webb's, Savery's Hotel, and other places where it was supposed Mr. Reynolds might have been, but without hearing any intelligence of him.

The Register at Savery's Hotel showed Mr. Reynolds had been there on Sunday, the 1st inst, but not on Sunday, the 8th. On the 8th a gentleman by the name of P. Reynolds had been there, but he did not answer the description of the Editor of this paper.

The persevering obstinacy with which the *Guardian* continued to assert that Mr. Reynolds had stayed on Sunday, the 8th, at Savery's Hotel, induced Mr. Woodruff to go down on Monday of this week, to ascertain the truth of the statement. He found the entry in the Cash-Book, which was said to be made of "H. C. Reynolds," was made on Sunday, the 1st, but that there was no such entry on the 8th.

The disappearance of Mr. Reynolds is, therefore, as yet involved in an impenetrable mystery. The supposition that he had voluntarily absented himself, is highly improbable. He had but recently purchased this paper and office, by the aid of parties who felt interested in establishing, on a safe and permanent basis, a respectable and reliable newspaper in this city. He had not only been advanced money enough to secure the paper, but also an additional sum as capital. He was perfectly at ease in his circumstances, and so elated with his prospects in connection with this paper that he could not forbear expressing his joy to his friends.

The only thing in connection with pecuniary matters that he is known to have had any apprehension about was relative to a certain note, or notes, given by Wright and Reynolds to Darius Wells, Henry M. Low, and others, for the moneys advanced by them to start the *Republican*. When that paper and Mr. Wright were transferred to Mr. Vanderhoven, this indebtedness to Messrs. Wells & Co. remained unpaid, Mr. Reynolds being still liable on the paper. He is known to have expressed fears as to this liability, in case Mr. Wright should die or become bankrupt by being lashed to the fortunes of Mr. Vanderhoven, and desired very much to be released from the liability. Whether he has been, or not, we are unable to say.

There was no reason connected with his domestic affairs which would have induced him to leave, but on the contrary the delicate situation of his amiable wife and two children, whom he tenderly loved, furnished the strongest motives to keep him here.

Had he become suddenly insane, as some have feared, he would probably have been seen and noticed.

Nor can we say that it is probable he was murdered in the streets of New-York. He had lived there for many years, worked in the *Tribune* office, and was acquainted with the ways of the City. It is barely possible, as he was fond of playing billiards, (although he did not gamble) that he might have been enticed into a billiard saloon, and there robbed and murdered, but this is highly improbable.

Every effort has been made to trace him, by persons connected with this office, but without success. On last Tuesday a person was dispatched to New-York to ascertain the cause of his not returning, but he could learn nothing of him after 2 o'clock on Saturday the 7th. It was then thought he might have gone on to Philadelphia with the intention of attending the Printer's Convention, on Wednesday. Serious apprehensions are now entertained that he has by some means been decoyed into some private place and robbed and murdered.

Mr. Reynolds was about five feet eight inches high, small features, dark complexion, black piercing eyes, jet black hair, whiskers and moustaches. He had a mark of an eagle, or a ship, or both, in India ink on one of his arms. He was dressed in black, wore a black Talma overcoat, and a soft felt hat.

He once worked in New-Orleans, has been employed in the *Tribune* office, was connected with Bayard Taylor in publishing a Literary paper in New-York, and has been joint editor and publisher of several other journals.

He was a man of most exemplary morals, strictly temperate, decided ability, and one of the best practical printers in the country. He was a believer in Spiritualism, but in business matters was a man of remarkably good judgment. It is barely possible that he may have in a moment of mental hallucination taken a train of cars, or a steamboat for the West or South. Editors will confer a favor by publishing the description of his person, and calling the attention of their readers to it. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received at this office.

MARRIED.

Yates—[illegible].—In this City, on Wednesday evening, [illegible], by Rev. [illegible], Mr. Benjamin Yates to Miss [illegible], all of this City.

Bull—De Ruyter.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 12, by Rev. Dr. Ferris, George W. Bull, Jr., of Baltimore, to Cecilia M., daughter of the late John De Ruyter, of this City.

Munson—Tompkins.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 5, at the Methodist Episcopal Parsonage, in 43d-st., by Rev. J. B. Wakeley, Mr. [illegible] H. Munson to Mrs. Cornelia A. Tompkins, youngest daughter of Stephen Sparks, Esq., both of this City.

Addison—Hatfield.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 19, by Rev. Dr. Adams, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Samuel D. Addison to Miss Rachel Amelia, daughter of Amos F. Hatfield, Esq., all of this City.

Bennet—Lathrop.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 19, by Rev. Isaac Ferris, D. D., at the house of her uncle, [illegible] G., youngest daughter of the late William Lathrop, to Amos Bennet, Jr., all of this City.

Marrebella—Hughes.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 19, at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, by Rev. Henry Duranquet, John B. Marrebella to Rebecca, daughter of P. Hughes, Esq., of this City.

Cooper—Pringle.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Feb. 18, by Rev. Dr. Lord, Jehu Patterson Cooper, of Middletown, N. J., to Catharine Kerr, daughter of the late John Pringle, of New-York.

DIED.

Levison.—In this City, on Friday morning, Feb. 20, William H. Levison, editor of the *Picayune*, aged 3[illegible] years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 182 Bleecker-st., to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

Bannan.—In this City, on Friday morning, Feb. 20, Charles Bannan, aged 76 years and 1 month.

The friends and acquaintances of the family, and of his sons, Charles, Thomas and John Bannan, the congregation of the Church of the Holy Martyrs, the members of Worth Lodge, No. 210, F. A. M., the members and ex-members of Clinton Engine Company, No. 41, are invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, from his late residence, No. 22 Columbia-st., on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 22, at 1½ o'clock. The remains will be taken to the Cemetery of the Evergreens.

Brown.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 19, Lillian Cornelia Brown, youngest daughter of Mortimer and Martha Ann Brown, aged 3 years and 8 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 122 4th-st., on Sunday, at 1 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

Showerling.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 20, Frederick William Showerling, of No. 245 Atlantic-st., aged 40 years.

The relatives and friends of the deceased, and the members of the Commonwealth Lodge of F. A. M., are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

Monroe.—In Williamsburg, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 18, of consumption, Mrs. Elizabeth, daughter of the late Charles Sinkletter, and wife of David M. Monroe, aged 30 years and 9 days.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the Attorney-st. M. P. Church. The friends of the family are affectionately invited to attend, without further notice.

Ferguson.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 20, Rachel E., infant daughter of James S. and Maria Ferguson.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, corner of Bushwick and Green avs., on Sunday, 22d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

Sherwood.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 20, Louisa Hempelia, only child of Calvin W. and Amelia Sherwood, aged 10 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, No. 130 2d-st., (E. D.,) on Sunday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

Bradford.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday morning, Feb. 19, at his residence, No. 75 North 1st-st., of consumption, Richard Bradford, in the 50th year of his age, a native of Leeds, Eng.

The friends of the family, also Hancock Lodge, No. 49, I. O. of O. F., and the Bookbinders' Society, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday, the 22d, at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Leeds papers please copy.

Morrison.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Feb. 19, Vincent T., son of James D. and Catharine Morrison, and grandson of Capt. Vincent Tilyou, in the 21st year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his grandfather, No. 54 Sands-st., this day, (Saturday,) the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

Wheeler.—At Bridgeport, Conn., on Thursday, Feb. 5, Miss Sophia Louise Wheeler, adopted daughter of the late D. O. Wheeler, Esq., of Bridgeport, in the 20th year of her age.

Brittin.—At Madison, Morris Co., N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 19, Isaac Brittin, aged 73 years.

His funeral will take place on Sunday, 22d inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., from his late residence.

Yale.—In Patterson, Putnam Co., N. Y., on Monday, Feb. 16, Mr. Vandeburgh J. Yale, aged 41 years.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange..Feb. 20.

$1,000	N. Y. St. 6s, '61	114¾	850	Erie Railroad.....s3	57¾
500	N. Y. Cen. RR. 6s	89	900	do..........s10	57¾
1,000	H. Riv. RR. 3d m. c	64	50	do..........s30	57¾
10,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bs. s90	98	100	do..........b60	58¾
1,000	do.	98	200	do..........b60	58¾
1,000	Ill. F'd Bs. wt. p.	94	300	do..........s3	57¾
8,000	L. E. & W. 2d m. bs.	48	100	do..........s60	57¾
500	Clev. & Pitts. Div. Bs.	61	100	do..........s10	57¾
5	Bk. Com. Scrip	105	250	do..........b7	57¾
100	Phenix Bank	105	50	do..........s60	57¾
40	Penn. Coal Co.	93½	50	do..........b30	58
200	Cumb. Coal Co...s60	17¾	900	Clev. & Pitts. Rd..c	53½
75	Mil. & Miss. R.R.	69	200	do..........b60	54¼
50	do..........s60	69	700	Reading RR..........c	80
100	do..........b60	70	600	do..........s3	79¾
100	LaCrosse & Mil. R.R.	71¾	100	do..........b60	80¼
100	Ch. & Rck Isl. R. R.	89¾	100	do..........s3	79¾
5	do.	90½	300	do..........b30	80
203	Clev. C. & C. R.R. b3	101	200	do..........s30	79¾
25	do.	101½	200	do..........b60	80
70	Gal. & Chic. R. R.	104½	100	do..........s10	79¾
250	N. Y. Cen. RR..opg	89¾	100	do..........b60	80½
100	do..........opg	89¾	100	Mich. Cen. R. R. b3	94
50	do..........s60	89¾	50	do..........b60	94½
100	do..........p&c	89¾	200	do..........b30	94½
518	do..........opg	90	500	M. So. & N. I. RR. c	75¾
100	do..........bnw	90	250	do..........b3	75¾
100	do..........b15	90	5	do.	75¾
50	do..........s60	89¾	500	do..........s60	75¼
250	do..........s10	90	200	do..........b60	76¼
100	do..........p&c s3	90	300	do..........b60	76½
50	po..........s30	90	200	do..........c	75¾
50	do..........s3	90	100	do..........b30	76¼
50	do..........snw	90½	5	Illinois Cen. R. R.	132½
150	do..........s30	90½	5	do.	133
100	do..........s60	90½	100	do.	133½
117	do..........opg	90½	100	do..........b60	134
50	do.	90½	30	Cleve. & Tol. R. R. c	73½
500	do..........s10	90½	550	do..........c	73½
100	do..........s10	90½	100	do..........b10	73½
700	do..........s60	90	100	do..........b30	74½
70	do..........opg	90¼	100	do..........[illegible]	73½
100	do..........b60	90¾	200	do..........s30	73½
100	Hud. R. RR.....b60	27½	100	do..........b60	74½

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	Virginia 6s	93½	45	La Crosse & Mil. R.	73
43	Manhattan Bank	133	100	Reading R. R.	79¾
10	Penn. Coal Co.	93½	100	do..........s10	79¾
300	N. Y. Cent. RR. opg	90½	300	Cleve. & Pitts. R.R.	53½
150	do..........opg	90½	100	Erie Railroad	57¾
50	do..........b60	90½	200	do..........b60	58½
50	do..........b60	91	300	do..........s30	57¾
100	do..........b10	90½	60	Mil. & Miss. R. R.	69
8	do.	90	20	Mich. Central R. R.	94¼
30	Panama Railroad	98	50	M. S. & N. Ia. R. s60	75½
200	Cle. & Toledo R. R.	73½	25	do.	75½
100	do..........b60	74½	100	do..........s60	75½
10	Chic. & Rock. I. R.	89½	50	do.	75½

Friday, Feb. 20—P. M.

Both the Stock and Domestic Exchange Brokers were easier in money to-day than for a week or more past, and most of them freely supplied without going out of their offices as borrowers. As, however, the mercantile pressure for discounts at Bank is still kept up in some quarters, and prime paper is had outside at 10 ₱ cent. ₱ annum, full confidence in continuance of the favorable turn in the Street is not yet felt by all the demand borrowers. The Foreign Bill market rules 108½@108¾ on London. The steamer to-morrow is the *Washington*, for Southampton and Bremen. The mail will not be an important one.

The Stock Exchange continues to gain strength, and an active outside demand for three or four of the leading Road Stocks, at the reduced figures, creates more than a fair average daily business at the Brokers' Board, and it is sufficiently evident that the public do not sympathize in the panic apprehensions, or rather calculations, upon which the speculators for a fall are daily increasing their *short* contracts. This conflict of views is working the practical effect of rendering several of the prominent stocks quite as scarce, if not scarcer, on the Street that money itself. There was a further rise to-day of 1@1½ ₱ cent. in New-York Central, 1 ₱ cent. in Toledo, and ½@¾ in Southern Michigan, Rock Island and Galena. Reading also advanced to 80 ₱ cent. at the early Board, and Erie was firm at 57¾, both closing, however, ¼@¾ ₱ cent. off in the afternoon.

The Custom Duties have fallen from $375,000 last week to $160,000 per day this week, but the continued absence of any considerable disbursing drafts has increased the Sub-Treasury balance to $14,966,907, against $14,620,370 at the close of last week. It is not believed that this will continue much longer, though the evidences of the calculation made upon a reduction are too uncertain to authorize any relaxation of the influences which are brought to bear upon Congress and the Departments at Washington to get rid of part of the surplus in some practical way before the 4th March. Some action of Congress is absolutely demanded to enable the Departments to exercise the discretionary power of investing the money in State Stocks, either for the Indian Fund, now costing the Government about $1,000,000 a year, or by way of Sinking Fund for the regular Public Debt, if this cannot be purchased outright at 125 or 130 ₱ cent. We say this on the hypothesis that the two Houses may possibly fail to agree upon a proper Tariff modification, and believing that it would be even [illegible] Treasury balance, [illegible] in increasing the Foreign [illegible] Domestic interests, and the [illegible] ing out more Gold to pay for the [illegible] It is now generally understood that Mr. Howell Cobb, of Georgia, will be the new Secretary of the Treasury. He has practical ability for the place, as well as the confidence of the country, and like the present able head of the Department, who goes out on the 4th March, will no doubt be anxious to pay off the Public Debt of every class, as well as to accommodate by every reasonable and legal means the working of the Sub-Treasury to the convenience of the commercial community. The same authority to buy up the Funded Debt now placed with the Treasury, should at once be vested to the Home Department, to invest the unfunded principal of the Indian Annuities. The two items amount to *forty-eight millions of dollars.*

The Cincinnati and Indianapolis Road, in 1856, made 9 ₱ cent. in cash dividends, on a

Gross earning of	[illegible]	
Expenses	[illegible]	
Interest on debt	[illegible]	[illegible]
Equal to 13 ₱ cent., of which 9 was paid out		[illegible]

The resulting surplus is $58,377 on a capital of $1,600,000. The increase in gross earnings in 1856 over 1855 was $161,615, or about 40 ₱ cent.

The receipts of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad for January were as follows:

Passengers	[illegible]
Freight	[illegible]
Mails and Expresses	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

The Dry Goods Import for the week is $2,194,178, against $1,804,168 the week ending Feb. 23, last year. The following is the summary:

	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manuf. of Wool	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Manuf. of Cot'n	4,940	741,167	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Manuf. of Silk	480	329,068	74	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Manuf. of Flax	612	425,676	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Miscellaneous	727	122,421	13	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	8,158	$1,840,686	1,162	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
		353,492				[illegible]
Total entered		$2,194,178	Total marketed	[illegible]		

Markets by Telegraph.

New-Orleans, Thursday, Feb. 19.

Sales of Cotton to-day, 7,000 bales, at stiff prices. Receipts to-day, 5,000 bales. Lard, 12¾c.@13¾c. Sterling Exchange, 7@7½ premium.

Charleston, Thursday, Feb. 19.

Sales of Cotton to-day, 1,700 bales. Sales of the week, 12,000 bales—the market closing at an advance of ⅛@¼c. Good middling 13¾c.

Charleston, Friday, Feb. 20.

Cotton unchanged. Sales to-day 1,000 bales.

Sales of Stocks at Philadelphia—Friday. First Board.—[illegible]

Closing Prices.—[illegible]

Passengers Arrived.

In bark Ariel, from Port-au-Prince—Capt. J. Cody, of Boston.

Sun rises	6 46	Sun sets	5 45	Moon sets	[illegible]
Sandy Hook	4 42	Gov. Island	5 31	Hell Gate	6 20

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Feb. 20.

Cleared.

Steamships Washington, Cavendy, Bremen, C. H. Sands; George Law, Hunter, Aspinwall, M. O. Roberts.

Ships Northampton, Spencer, London, Morgan & Wiley; Genoa, Pendleton, New-Orleans, Robson & Fowler; [illegible], Hamburg, [illegible].

Barks Jasper, Bennett, Charleston, [illegible]; St. Mary's, Milliken, Matanzas, [illegible]; Lincoln, Johnson, Lisbon, J. W. Elwell & Co.; [illegible], Havana, Aguirre & Galway.

Brig J. S. Colton, Ellis, [illegible].

Schooners F. D. Decker, [illegible]; J. E. Edwards, Hartford, [illegible]; R. H. Huntley, Hammond, Baltimore, [illegible]; Quercus, Masonic, Perry, St. Pierre, [illegible]; & Co. Pollux, [illegible]; Argus, Dickson, Jacksonville, [illegible]; Co.; Southern Belle, Tyler, Savannah, [illegible]; W. Hall, Friend, St. Croix, Thompson & Hunter.

Propeller M. Alvarez, Dawson, [illegible].

Arrived.

Steamship Jamestown, Parrish, from Richmond, Petersburg and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam & Pleasants. She brings 3 of the crew of [illegible] Russell, and 63 men belonging to the U. S. [illegible] Germantown.

U. S. storeship Relief, Sinclair, Norfolk 6 days. Has spoken a number of vessels on the passage, but none in need of assistance.

Ship Emily Farnham, (of Portsmouth, N. H.,) [illegible], Calcutta Nov. 8, and Sands Head 18th, with linseed and salt to S. Judd's Sons & Co.

Ship Cumberland, (of Baltimore,) [illegible], 26 ds., with mdse. to Stanton & Ruger. [illegible] et Shoals, spoke a Norwegian brig, bound to Boston.

Bark Kate Lincoln, [illegible], with sugar and molasses to John M. Smith & Co.

Bark Hersilia, (of Barnstable,) Hallett, Calcutta Oct. 6, and Sands Head 17th, with linseed to Campbell & Thayer. (See marine items.)

Bark Lucy Ring, (of Lubec,) Thurlow, [illegible], passed Gibraltar 22d, with fruit, &c., to [illegible].

Bark Aberdeen, (of [illegible],) Rice, [illegible], with sugar to master.

Bark Ariel, Cheesman, Port-au-Prince Feb. 2, with logwood, coffee, &c., to O. L. & A. Harris. Bid in with bark C. B. Lee, for Philadelphia.

Bark Louisa, [illegible], Cardenas, with sugar and molasses to Mora & Nephew.

Brig Nebraska, (of Bath,) McFadden, [illegible], Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., with hides, &c., to Rich & Barnhardt.

Brig New Era, Walker, Sagua 12 ds., with sugar and molasses to order.

Brig Ruth, Plummer, Malaga and Gibraltar 50 ds., with wine, &c., to Giro, Francia & Co.

Brig Col. W. Coggins, Coggins, Trinidad, Cuba, 17 ds., with sugar and molasses to C. & E. J. Peters.

Brig Mercy S. Cousens, (of Boston,) [illegible], 6th inst., with sugar to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Belisario, (Sp.,) Marien, Barcelona [illegible], with fruit, &c., to Galway, Casado & Teller.

Brig Ann Merrett, (Br., of Pictou, N. S.,) [illegible], Messina Dec. 16, with fruit to Dusger & Devlin. Experienced heavy weather, lost foreyard and foresail.

Schr. Rebecca, Wogium, Petersburg 6 ds., with flour and tobacco to Jas. Hunter & Son.

Schr. Philander, Armstrong, Virginia for New-Haven, with oysters.

Schr. Marcia, Fowler, Cornwallis 20 ds., with potatoes to D. R. De Wolf.

Schr. Golden West, Nickerson, Virginia for Fairhaven, with oysters.

Schr. Ben. Hendrickson, Wilmington 5 ds., with naval stores to E. S. Powell.

Schr. I. P. Smith, Cooper, Wilmington 5 ds., with naval stores to Dollner & Potter.

Schr. Adele, Griffin, Wilmington 5 ds., with naval stores to Dollner & Potter.

Schr. Susan Cannon, (of Baltimore,) [illegible], via St. Thomas Jan. 26, with guano to James C. Lee.

Schr. Liberator, (Br.,) Aldridge, [illegible], and Gibraltar Jan. 17, with marble, rags, &c., to J. Fairchild.

Schr. Sea Fowl, Crowell, Virginia for Providence.

Schr. Ovoca, Harding, New-Haven, with [illegible].

Schr. C. W. [illegible], Harper, [illegible].

Propeller Pelican, [illegible], Providence.

Propeller Petrel, Arey, Providence.

Propeller Curlew, Williams, Providence.

Propeller Osprey, Kinney, Providence.

SAILED—Steamship George Law, Aspinwall.

BELOW—Bark E. F. Chase, Hall, Cienfuegos.

WIND—Sunrise, N. E.; Meridian, do.; Sunset, N. E., with light rain.

Memoranda.

Missing Vessel.—The bark Mary and Jane, Capt. Saunders, sailed from Shields with a cargo of coals for New-York, put into Cork in distress, and sailed thence Nov. 10, since which time she has not been heard from. She was built at Pittston, Me., 246 tons register, and owned by George Logan, of this City; her cargo was valued at $7,000, and insured in Philadelphia, [illegible] freight money insured in Europe.

Spoken, &c.

Feb. 9, lat. 34, lon. 70 40, brig W. H. Pine, bound for St. Jago de Cuba.

Feb. 15, lat. 34, lon. 77 30 Scotch bark [illegible], of Leith, from Matanzas for Leith, 13 days out.

Feb. 15, lat. 33, lon. 73 40, bark Rainbow, from Mayaguez for New-Haven.

Feb. 16, lat. 36, lon. 74 06, brig Ocean Belle, from Jamaica for Baltimore.

Foreign Ports.

At Port-au-Prince, Feb. 2, bark Clara Windsor, Holton, for New-York, ldg; brigs Bohio, Ellis, do; [illegible] Connor, for Boston, disg; Northman, do; Ellen, [illegible], from Antigua, for Philadelphia, ldg; schrs. John Tyler, Davis, for Boston.

At St. Thomas, Feb. 5, brig Florida, [illegible], 26, hence, bound to Halifax, with loss of [illegible] mast, and leaking badly, having been blown off the coast of Nova Scotia during a gale of the 2d and 4th January.

At Sagua, Feb. 7, barks Mary Ann, (of [illegible],) Brace, from Wales, disg; Pointer, Webster, for New-York; George D. Smouse, do; [illegible] disg; brigs Sarah Flagg, for New-York; [illegible] Ponce, do.; Ellen Hayden, for Newport.

At Demerara, Jan. 23, bark Princeton, [illegible], arr. 18th. The schr. Hans, Landan, sailed for St. John, P. R., Jan. 14.